Fragmentation Functions of light charged hadrons

Particle Physics Theory seminar

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One slide to introduce myself

Personal path

- Born in Aosta, Italy
- Ms.Sc. (Torino, 2010), Ph.D. (Milano, 2014), PD (Genova, 2014; Oxford, 2015)
- Joined the University of Edinburgh as a PDRA since 10/2017 I'm sitting in JCMB, 4421

Research interests & activity

- Parton distributions functions for LHC phenomenology
 I work as a member of the NNPDF collaboration
- Spin physics and 3D-imaging of the proton how do quarks and gluons contribute to the proton spin?
- The hadronisation of partons how do quarks and gluons fragment into final-state particles?
- Nonperturbative models of nucleon structure and their interplay with perturbative QCD can we learn something about the nucleon structure from nuclear models?

Outline

- Fragmentation Functions: the basics
 - factorisation, evolution
 - ▶ FF fits: why should we bother?
- 2 Methodological interlude
 - parametrisation: standard vs redundant
 - uncertainty representation: Hessian vs Monte Carlo
 - parameter optimisation, methodology validation
- The NNFF1.0 analysis
 - data set and fit settings
 - ▶ results: fit quality, perturbative stability, dependence on the data set/kinematic cuts
- Summary and outlook
 - global fits, simultaneous fits

DISCLAIMER

This is not a review talk on Fragmentation Functions Focus on topics which I've worked on recently

[JHEP 1503 (2015) 046; EPJ C77 (2017) 516; arXiv:1709.03400]

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FFs of light charged hadrons

1. Fragmentation Functions: the basics

Hadrons in the final state: Fragmentation Functions

FFs allow for a proper field-theoretic definition as matrix elements of bilocal operators



with light-cone coordinates and appropriate gauge links \mathcal{P} , \mathcal{P}'

$$y = (y^+, y^-, \mathbf{y}_\perp) \,, \qquad y^+ = (y^0 + y^z)/\sqrt{2} \,, \qquad y^- = (y^0 - y^z)/\sqrt{2} \,, \qquad \mathbf{y}_\perp = (v^x, v^y)$$

All these definitions have ultraviolet divergences which must be renormalised in order to define finite FFs to be used in the factorisation formulas (FFs, like PDFs, are scheme dependent)

The definition above can be generalised to include longitudinal/transverse polarisations

Factorisation of physical observables [Adv.Ser.Direct.HEP 5 (1988) 1]

A variety of sufficiently inclusive processes allow for a factorised description

short-distance part hard interaction of partons process-dependent kernels

 $\xleftarrow{\text{factorisation}}_{\text{scheme \& scale }\mu}$

long-distance part nucleon structure universal PDFs/FFs

Physical observables are written as a convolution of coefficient functions and FFs



Ocefficient functions allow for a perturbative expansion

$$C_{If}(y, \alpha_s) = \sum_{k=0} a_s^k C_{If}^{(k)}(y), \qquad a_s = \alpha_s/(4\pi)$$

) After factorisation, all quantities (including FFs) depend on μ

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FFs of light charged hadrons

Factorisation of physical observables

$$\begin{split} \frac{d\sigma^h}{dz} &= F_T^h(z,Q^2) + F_L^h(z,Q^2) = F_2^h(x,Q^2) \\ F_{k=T,L,2}^h &= \frac{4\pi\alpha_{\rm em}^2}{Q^2} \langle e^2 \rangle \left\{ D_{\Sigma}^h \otimes C_{k,q}^{\rm S} + n_f D_g^h \otimes C_{k,g}^{\rm S} + D_{\rm NS}^h \otimes C_{k,q}^{\rm NS} \right\} \end{split}$$

up to NNLO [PLB 386 (1996) 422; NPB 487 (1997) 233; PLB 392 (1997) 207]

$$\frac{d\sigma^{h}}{dxdydz} = \frac{2\pi\alpha_{\rm em}^{2}}{Q^{2}} \left[\frac{1+(1-y)^{2}}{y} 2F_{1}^{h} + \frac{2(1-y)}{y}F_{L}^{h} \right]$$

$$2F_{1}^{h} = e_{q}^{2} \left\{ q \otimes D_{q}^{h} + \frac{\alpha_{s}}{2\pi} \left[q \otimes C_{qq}^{1} \otimes D_{q}^{h} + q \otimes C_{gq}^{1} \otimes D_{g}^{h} + g \otimes C_{qg}^{1} \otimes D_{q}^{h} \right] \right\}$$

$$F_{L}^{h} = \frac{\alpha_{s}}{2\pi} \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_{q}^{2} \left[q \otimes C_{qq}^{L} \otimes D_{q}^{h} + q \otimes C_{gq}^{L} \otimes D_{g}^{h} + g \otimes C_{qg}^{L} \otimes D_{q}^{h} \right]$$

up to NLO [NPB 160 (1979) 301; PRD 57 (1998) 5811] partial NNLO [PRD 95 (2017) 034027]

$$\begin{split} E_h \frac{d^3 \sigma}{dp_h^3} &= \sum_{a,b,c} f_a \otimes f_b \otimes \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^c \otimes D_c^h \\ &= \\ \sum_{i,j,k} \int \frac{dx_a}{x_a} \int \frac{dx_b}{x_b} \int \frac{dz}{z^2} f^{i/p_a}(x_a) f^{j/p_b}(x_b) D^{h/k}(z) \hat{\sigma}^{ij \to k} \delta(\hat{s} + \hat{t} + \hat{u}) \end{split}$$

up to NLO [PRD 67 (2003) 054004; PRD 67 (2003) 054005]

 $e^{+} + e^{-} \rightarrow h + X$ single-inclusive annihilation (SIA) $\ell \rightarrow \ell'$ $k + N \rightarrow \ell' + h + X$ semi-inclusive deepinelastic scattering (SIDIS)



 $N_1 + N_2 \rightarrow h + X$ high- p_T hadron production in pp collisions (PP)

Evolution of FFs: DGLAP equations [NPB 126 (1977) 298]

1 A set of $(2n_f + 1)$ integro-differential equations $(n_f = number \text{ of active flavours})$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \mu^2} D_i(x,\mu^2) = \sum_j^{n_f} \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} P_{ji}\left(z,\alpha_s(\mu^2)\right) D_j\left(\frac{x}{z},\mu^2\right)$$

Often written in a convenient basis of FFs

$$D_{\rm NS;\pm} = (D_q \pm D_{\bar{q}}) - (D_{q'} \pm D_{\bar{q}'}) \qquad D_{\rm NS;v} = \sum_{q}^{n_f} (D_q - D_{\bar{q}}) \qquad D_{\Sigma} = \sum_{q}^{n_f} (D_q + D_{\bar{q}})$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \mu^2} D_{\mathrm{NS};\pm,v}(x,\mu^2) = P^{\pm,v}(x,\mu_F^2) \otimes D_{\mathrm{NS};\pm,v}(x,\mu^2)$$
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \mu^2} \begin{pmatrix} D_{\Sigma}(x,\mu^2) \\ D_g(x,\mu^2) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} P^{qq} & 2n_f P^{gq} \\ \frac{1}{2n_f} P^{qg} & P^{gg} \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} D_{\Sigma}(x,\mu^2) \\ D_g(x,\mu^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

With perturbative computable (time-like) splitting functions

$$P_{ji}(z, \alpha_s) = \sum_{k=0} a_s^{k+1} P_{ji}^{(k)}(z), \qquad a_s = \alpha_s / (4\pi)$$

$$P_{qq}^{(0)} \longrightarrow P_{gq}^{(0)} \qquad P_{qg}^{(0)} \longrightarrow P_{gg}^{(0)} \qquad P_{gg}^{(0)} \longrightarrow P_{gg}^{(0)} \qquad P_{gg}^{(0)} \longrightarrow P_{gg}^{(0)} \qquad P_{gg}^{(0)} \longrightarrow P_{gg}^{(0)} \qquad P_{gg}^{(0)} \longrightarrow P_{gg}$$

Splitting functions: LO and NLO

$$\begin{split} P_{\rm eff}^{(0)}(\mathbf{x}) &= C_F(2p_{\rm eff}(\mathbf{x}) + 3\delta(1-\mathbf{x})) \\ P_{\rm eff}^{(0)}(\mathbf{x}) &= 0 \\ P_{\rm eff}^{(0)}(\mathbf{x}) &= 2n_F p_{\rm eff}(\mathbf{x}) \\ P_{\rm eff}^{(0)}(\mathbf{x}) &= 2C_F p_{\rm eff}(\mathbf{x}) \\ P_{\rm eff}^{(0)}(\mathbf{x}) &= C_A \left(4p_{\rm eff}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{11}{3}\delta(1-\mathbf{x})\right) - \frac{2}{3}n_F \delta(1-\mathbf{x}) \end{split}$$

LO: 1973

$$\begin{split} &P^{(1)+}_{\rm BH}(x) = 4C_{*}C_{F}\left(\rho_{\rm eq}(x)\left[\frac{67}{18}-\zeta_{2}+\frac{11}{8}\mathbf{h}_{0}+\mathbf{h}_{0,\beta}\right]+\rho_{\rm eq}(-x)\left[\zeta_{2}+2H_{-1,\beta}-\mathbf{h}_{0,\beta}\right] \\ &+\frac{14}{3}(1-x)+\delta(1-x)\left[\frac{17}{24}+\frac{11}{3}\zeta_{2}-3\zeta_{3}\right]\right)-4C_{F}n_{f}\left(\rho_{\rm eq}(x)\left[\frac{5}{6}+\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{H}_{0}\right]+\frac{2}{3}(1-x) \\ &+\delta(1-x)\left[\frac{17}{12}+\frac{2}{3}\zeta_{2}\right]\right)+4C_{F}^{2}\left(2\rho_{\rm eq}(x)\left[\mathbf{H}_{1,\beta}-\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{H}_{0}+\mathbf{H}_{2}\right]-2\rho_{\rm eq}(-x)\left[\zeta_{2}+2H_{-1,\beta}\right. \\ &-\mathbf{H}_{0,\beta}\right]-(1-x)\left[1-\frac{3}{2}\mathbf{H}_{0}\right]-\mathbf{H}_{0}-(1+x)\mathbf{H}_{0,\beta}+\delta(1-x)\left[\frac{3}{8}-3\zeta_{2}+6\zeta_{3}\right]\right) \\ &P^{(1)}_{\rm BI}(-x) = P^{(1)+}_{\rm BI}(x)+16C_{F}\left(C_{F}-\frac{C_{4}}{2}\right)\left(\rho_{\rm eq}(-x)\left[\zeta_{2}+2H_{-1,\beta}-\mathbf{H}_{0,\beta}\right]-2(1-x) \\ &-(1+x)\mathbf{H}_{0}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} P_{\mathrm{pi}}^{(1)}(x) &= 4C_F n_f \Big(\frac{20}{9}\frac{1}{x} - 2 + 6x - 4\mathrm{H}_0 + x^2 \Big[\frac{8}{3}\mathrm{H}_0 - \frac{56}{9}\Big] + (1 + x) \Big[\mathrm{SH}_0 - 2\mathrm{H}_0 e\Big] \Big) \\ P_{\mathrm{ff}}^{(1)}(x) &= 4C_F n_f \Big(\frac{20}{9}\frac{1}{x} - 2 + 25x - 2p_{\mathrm{gf}}(-x)\mathrm{H}_{-1,0} - 2p_{\mathrm{gf}}(x)\mathrm{H}_{1,1} + x^2 \Big[\frac{44}{3}\mathrm{H}_0 - \frac{218}{9}\Big] \\ + 4(1 - x) \Big[\mathrm{H}_{0,0} - 2\mathrm{H}_0 + x\mathrm{H}_1\Big] - 4\zeta_{3}x - 6\mathrm{H}_{0,0} + 9\mathrm{H}_0\Big) + 4C_F n_f \Big(2p_{\mathrm{gf}}(x)\Big[\mathrm{H}_{1,0} + \mathrm{H}_{1,1} + \mathrm{H}_2 \\ -\zeta_2\Big] + 4x^2 \Big[\mathrm{H}_0 + \mathrm{H}_{0,0} + \frac{5}{2}\Big] + 2(1 - x)\Big[\mathrm{H}_0 + \mathrm{H}_{0,0} - 2x\mathrm{H}_1 + \frac{29}{4}\Big] - \frac{15}{2} - \mathrm{H}_{0,0} - \frac{1}{2}\mathrm{H}_0\Big) \\ P_{\mathrm{ff}}^{(1)}(x) &= 4C_A C_F \left(\frac{1}{x} + 2p_{\mathrm{fg}}(x)\Big[\mathrm{H}_{1,0} + \mathrm{H}_{1,1} + \mathrm{H}_2 - \frac{11}{6}\mathrm{H}_1\Big] - x^2 \Big[\frac{8}{3}\mathrm{H}_0 - \frac{44}{9}\Big] + 4\zeta_2 - 2 \\ -7\mathrm{H}_0 + 2\mathrm{H}_{0,0} - 2\mathrm{H}_1x + (1 + x)\Big[2\mathrm{H}_{0,0} - \mathrm{SH}_0 + \frac{37}{9}\Big] - 2p_{\mathrm{gg}}(-x)\mathrm{H}_{-1,0}\Big) - 4C_F n_f \Big(\frac{2}{3}x \\ -p_{\mathrm{ff}}(x)\Big[\frac{2}{3}\mathrm{H}_1 - \frac{10}{9}\Big]\Big) + 4C_F^2 \Big(p_{\mathrm{fg}}(x)\Big[3\mathrm{H}_1 - 2\mathrm{H}_{1,1}\Big] + (1 + x)\Big[\mathrm{H}_{0,0} - \frac{7}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\mathrm{H}_0\Big] - 3\mathrm{H}_{0,0} \\ + 1 - \frac{3}{2}\mathrm{H}_0 + 2\mathrm{H}_1x\Big) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} P_{\text{EI}}^{(1)}(x) &= 4C_{\text{A}}n_{\text{F}}(1-x-\frac{10}{9}\rho_{\text{EE}}(x)-\frac{13}{9}(\frac{1}{x}-x^2)-\frac{2}{3}(1+x)H_0-\frac{2}{3}\delta(1-x))+4C_{\text{A}}^{-2}(27)\\ &+(1+x)[\frac{11}{3}H_0+8H_{0,0}-\frac{27}{2}]+2\rho_{\text{EE}}(-x)[H_{0,0}-2H_{-1,0}-\zeta_2]-\frac{67}{9}(\frac{1}{x}-x^2)-12H_0\\ &-\frac{44}{3}x^3H_0+2\rho_{\text{EE}}(x)[\frac{67}{18}-\zeta_3+H_{0,0}+2H_{1,0}+2H_2]+\delta(1-x)[\frac{8}{x}+3\zeta_3])+4C_{\text{F}}n_{\text{F}}(2H_0\\ &+\frac{21}{3}\frac{1}{x}+\frac{10}{3}x^2-12+(1+x)[4-5H_0-2H_{0,0}] \end{split}$$

Splitting functions: NNLO

 $\mathcal{B}^{(2)}_{\mu}(s) = 16 \mathcal{C}_{\mu} \mathcal{C}_{\mu} a_{\mu} \Big(\frac{4}{3} (\frac{1}{3} + s^2) \Big[\frac{13}{3} H_{-4,0} - \frac{14}{3} H_0 + \frac{1}{3} H_{-1,0} \int_{0}^{s} -H_{-1,-4,0} - 2 H_{-4,0,0} \Big]$ $-H_{1,2,2}$] + $\frac{2}{2}(\frac{1}{1-x^2})[\frac{16}{2}f_{2} + H_{1,1} + H_{2,2} + \frac{9}{2}H_{1,2} - \frac{6761}{7} + \frac{571}{7}H_{2} + \frac{10}{7}H_{1} + H_{1}f_{2} - \frac{1}{1}H_{1,2}$ $-3H_{1,3,4} + 2H_{1,3,4} + 2H_{1,3,4} + (1-s) \left[\frac{182}{5} H_1 + \frac{154}{5} + \frac{307}{56} H_{1,4} - \frac{13}{5} H_{-3,4} + 3H_{4,3,3,4} \right]$ $+\frac{13}{10}H_{1,0} + 34H_{1,0} + 11 - _{3,0} + 81 - _{3,0}^{-} + 21 - _{3,-1,0} + 511 - _{3,0,0} + \frac{1}{9}H_{0,0}\zeta_{0} + \frac{1}{9}H_{1,0}\zeta_{0} - \frac{9}{9}H_{1,0,0}$ $-\frac{5}{4}H_{1,1}+H_{1,1,0}+H_{1,1,1}\Big]+(1+z)\Big[\frac{7}{12}H_0\xi_0^2+\frac{31}{4}\xi_0+\frac{91}{14}H_0+\frac{71}{12}H_0+\frac{113}{14}\xi_0-\frac{836}{27}H_0$ $+\frac{5}{2}\theta_{1,0}+\frac{16}{2}\theta_{-1,0}+\frac{16}{2}\theta_{-1,0}+\frac{31}{2}\theta_{0,0,0}-\frac{17}{2}\theta_{1,1}+\frac{117}{20}\zeta_0^2+996\zeta_0+\frac{5}{2}\theta_{-1,1}\zeta_0+29\xi_{1,0,0}$ $+\frac{1}{2}H_{-1,0,0}-2H_{-1,2}+H_{2}\zeta_{2}-\frac{7}{2}H_{1,0,0}+H_{-1,-1,0}+2H_{2,0,1}+H_{0,1}-\frac{1}{2}H_{0}\Big]+5H_{-2,0}+H_{0,1}$ $+H_{6,0,0,1}-\frac{1}{3}f_{42}^{-1}+4H_{-3,0}+4H_{6}f_{31}-\frac{32}{9}H_{0,0}-\frac{20}{13}H_{0}-\frac{235}{12}f_{22}-\frac{511}{12}-\frac{97}{13}H_{0}+\frac{33}{4}H_{2}-H_{0}$ $-\frac{11}{12} \theta_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{11}{12} \zeta_2 - \frac{3}{2} \theta_{1,0} - 3 \theta \theta_{0,0,0} + \frac{2}{3} \pi^2 \Big[\frac{91}{12} \theta_{0,0} - \frac{241}{3} \theta_0 + 10 \zeta_0 + \frac{91}{12} + \frac{97}{12} \theta_1 - \frac{4}{3} \theta_0 \Big]$ $-4\zeta_{2} - H_{4}\zeta_{2} + H_{2} + H_{2,0} - 6H_{-2,0}$ + $HC_{\mu}m^{2}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}H_{0} - 2 - H_{2} + \zeta_{2} + \frac{2}{2}m^{2}\left(H_{2} - \zeta_{2} + 3\right)$ $\frac{19}{2} H_0 \Big] + \frac{2}{9} (\frac{1}{\pi} - x^2) \Big[H_{1,1} + \frac{5}{3} H_1 + \frac{2}{3} \Big] + (1 - x) \Big[\frac{1}{8} H_{1,1} - \frac{7}{8} H_1 + 4 H_1 + \frac{33}{89} H_0 + \frac{149}{127} \Big]$ $\left[(1 + s) \left[\frac{4}{3} H_{1} - \frac{4}{3} f_{1} + f_{2} + H_{12} - 2H_{1} + 2H_{1} f_{1} + \frac{29}{3} H_{12} + H_{12} \right] \right] + 16C_{1}^{-1} m \left[\frac{45}{3} H_{1} + 2H_{1} f_{1} +$ $\frac{25}{7}H_{0,0} - H_{0,0,0} + \frac{545}{12}H_0 - \frac{101}{12} + \frac{73}{7}\zeta_1 - \frac{73}{7}H_1 + H_0 - 5H_{3,0} - H_{1,0} - H_0\zeta_1 + a^2 \left[\frac{35}{12}\right]$ $\frac{45}{12}\overline{m}_1 - \frac{22}{5}\overline{m}_{0,1} - \frac{109}{\pi} - \frac{13}{54}\overline{m}_1 + \frac{28}{5}c_{01}' - \frac{28}{5}\overline{m}_2 - \frac{16}{5}\overline{m}_2c_{01}' + \frac{16}{5}\overline{m}_1 + 4\overline{m}_{0,1} + \frac{4}{5}\overline{m}_{1,1} - \frac{26}{5}c_{01}' - \frac{26}{5}c_{$ $+\frac{22}{\pi}H_{0,0,0}\left[+\frac{4}{9}(\frac{1}{2}-\pi^2)\left[\frac{23}{155}H_{1,0}-\frac{523}{110}H_1-N_{10}^2+\frac{53}{12}+\frac{1}{12}H_{0,0,0}+H_{1,1,0}-H_{1,1,0}-H_{1,1,0}\right]\right]$ $+(1-z)\Big[\frac{1}{2}H_{1,2,0}+\frac{7}{22}H_{1,1}-\frac{2743}{42}H_{0}-\frac{53}{22}H_{0,2}-\frac{253}{22}H_{1}-\frac{5}{2}f_{0}+\frac{5}{2}H_{1}-\frac{8}{2}H_{1,0}+3dH_{1,0}$ $+ 3H_0 \zeta_2 - 3H_3 - H_{1,1,1,0} - H_{1,1,1,0} \Big] + (1+a) \Big[\frac{14439}{112a} + \frac{5}{9}H_{0,0,0} + 4H_{2,1,1} + 7H_{2,0} + 10a\zeta_4 - \frac{37}{115}\zeta_2 \Big] \\$ - 76-Co + 676-a-Co - 476-a-a + 76-a- - 276-a- - 276-a - 476-a - 76-a - 476-a - 76-a -

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{P}_{0}^{(2)}(s) &= H_{0}^{-}\mathcal{L}_{0}^{-}\mathcal{P}_{0}^{-} \left(p_{0}^{-} (s_{0}^{-} - \theta_{0,1}) + H_{0,1} + H_{0,1} + \frac{H_{0,1}}{2} H_{0,1} + \frac{H_{0,1}}{2} H_{0,1} + H_{0,1,1} + H_{0,1,1}$$

 $-29_{0,0} - \frac{13}{7} H_0 \zeta_0 - 139_{1-3,0} - \frac{13}{7} H_{0,0} + \frac{13}{7} H_0 - \frac{2005}{74} + \frac{137}{4} + F_{0,0} + \frac{1391}{410} H_1 + \frac{55}{12} H_0$ + beg+ beg+ + 17 e. 11 - 12 man - man - 452 + beg- Ha + beg + man - 12 $+\frac{9}{9}H_{-1,4,6}-\frac{35}{2}H_{1,6}+2H_{6}+3H_{6,3,6}+H_{-1,5}\Big]\Big)+18C_{6}^{-3}C_{6}\Big(e^{2}\Big[\frac{2}{7}H_{1,6}-\frac{2005}{21}-\frac{77}{12}H_{6,6}-\frac{10}{2}H_{1,6}-\frac{10$ $-69_{1}+\frac{16}{2}_{4}-108_{-1,0}-\frac{14}{2}_{10,0}-\frac{2}{2}_{8-1,0}-\frac{14}{2}_{10,0,0}+\frac{104}{2}_{10}-\frac{4}{2}_{10,0,0}+\frac{17}{2}_{10,0}$ $+49 E_{-1,0} + \frac{564}{27} B_{0} \Big] + p_{gg}(z) \Big[\frac{7}{7} B_{1} \zeta_{0} + \frac{138505}{2827} - \frac{1}{7} B_{1,0} + \frac{13}{7} B_{-1} \zeta_{0} + 28 E_{1,0,1} + \frac{13}{7} B_{1,0,0} \Big] \\$ $+49_{6,1}-\frac{47}{2}M_{1,1,2}-\frac{190}{2}r_{g}-\frac{17}{2}M_{1,2}-\frac{71}{2}M_{1,2}-\frac{11}{2}M_{1,2,2}-\frac{71}{2}r_{g}+\frac{1}{2}M_{1,2,2,2}-M_{1,-1,2,2}$ $+\frac{395}{14}H_{0}-2H_{4,1}g_{41}^{2}-H_{1,1}g_{42}-\frac{55}{11}H_{1,1,0}+2H_{1,1,1,0}+4H_{1,1,1,0}+2H_{1,1,1,1}+4H_{1,1,1,1}-\frac{55}{11}H_{1,1,1}$ $\frac{14}{1408_{1,2,0} + 481_{1,2,0} + 481_{1,2} + 381_{2,2,0} + 381_{1,2}} + p_{pq}(-z) \left[\frac{23}{2} H_{-1}\zeta_{2} + 581_{-2}\zeta_{2} + 381_{-2,-1,0}\right]$ $+\frac{100}{10}$ M_{1.1.8} + M₂C₂ + $\frac{17}{10}$ C₂ + $\frac{10}{10}$ C₂ + $\frac{67}{10}$ M_{1.1} - $\frac{19}{10}$ M_{1.1.1.8} - $\frac{60}{10}$ M_{1.2.8}
$$\begin{split} & \frac{12}{28} t_{1,0} - \frac{3}{2} H_{-1,1} + \frac{1329}{210} \theta_1 - 4 H_{-1,1} - \frac{49}{6} H_{-1,0,0} - \frac{11}{2} H_{-1,0,0,1} - 11 H_{-1,1} t_2 - 1 H_{-1,0} \\ & - 6 H_{-1,-1,-1,0} + 12 H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 10 H_{-1,-1,0} - 4 H_{-1,0,0} - 4 H_{-1,0,0} - 12 H_{-1,0,0} - 3 H_{-1,0,0} \\ & + \frac{11}{4} H_0 t_2 \right) + (1 - t_1 \frac{4}{2} \frac{44 H_0}{3200} - 3 H_{-1,1,0} - \frac{3}{2} H_{-2,0} - \frac{124}{2} t_2 - 4 H_{0,0,0} + \frac{34}{2} t_{2,1} - \frac{3}{2} H_{-1,0,0} \end{split}$$
 $-786_{12} + 97_{12} + 10_{11} + 240_{11} + 240_{11} - 88_{10} + (1 + s)[486_{12} - 86_{12} + 29_{11} + 20_{11} + 2$ $+\frac{17}{2}H_{-1,0}-12H_{1,0}-\frac{31}{12}H_{1,0}+\frac{1}{2}H_{1,0,0}-H_{2}\zeta_{0}+\frac{61}{12}H_{1,0}-4H_{0}\zeta_{0}-\frac{13}{2}H_{-1}\zeta_{0}-\frac{45}{2}H_{-1,-1,0}$ $+\frac{25}{7}M_{4} + \frac{93}{7}M_{5}\zeta_{2} - \frac{55}{7}M_{1,1} - \frac{71}{7}M_{1} + \frac{49}{7}M_{6,2} - \frac{13}{7}M_{6,2}\zeta_{2} - \frac{47}{10}\zeta_{2}^{-1} + \frac{4131}{10000} - \frac{31}{7}M_{-1}\zeta_{2}$ $-158 \\ -1.14 \\ + \frac{9}{9}8 \\ -1.49 \\ - \frac{19}{10}8 \\ -1.14 \\ - \frac{9}{9}8 \\ -$ $-\frac{67}{27}\epsilon_{4}^{-1}+\frac{29}{2}H_{-6,3}-H_{-1,4}+49L_{3,3}+29H_{4}\epsilon_{3}^{-1}+\frac{412}{2}H_{1}+\frac{928}{2}H_{2}+\frac{1}{2}H_{4}-65H_{3}-349H_{6,4}$ -101. 11 - 17 Mars + 1 27 M. 11 - 1 Mars + 3 Marle + 1 M. 12 - 1 49 110 + - 1 49 $\frac{43}{52}\zeta_2-\frac{1}{7}\theta_2\zeta_2'+\frac{7}{90}\theta_0+\frac{740}{52}\theta_0+\frac{135}{4}\zeta_2'+\frac{97}{52}\theta_{1,0}+\frac{43}{19}\theta_1\zeta_2'-\frac{85}{19}\theta_{1-1}\zeta_2'-\frac{13}{19}\theta_{1,0,0}$ $+\frac{53}{27}H_1 + \frac{36}{2}H_{1,1} - 2H_{1,1} + \frac{13}{2}H_{-1,-1,2} + \frac{7}{2}H_{1,2,2} - 4H_{1,2,2} - 4H_{1,2}] + 16C_{\mu}a^{3} (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})$ $+\frac{1}{2}r - \frac{1}{4}dH_1 + \frac{1}{2}g_{\mu\nu}(z)\left[H_{1,1} - \frac{5}{3}H_1\right] + 16C_{\mu}^{-2}g_{\mu}\left(\frac{4}{3}r^2\left[H_{0,1} - \frac{11}{6}H_0 - \frac{7}{5} + H_{-1,0}\right]\right]$

 $-2H_{1,1}-2H_{4}-6H_{-1,2}+6H_{-1,-1,0}-6H_{-1,0,0}+2H_{4,0}\zeta_{2}+9H_{-1}\zeta_{2}+8H_{-1,-1,0}-2H_{-1,1,0}$ $-(\mathbf{H}_{-1,-1,-1,0}+6\mathbf{H}_{-1,-1,0,0}+6\mathbf{H}_{-1,-1,0}+9\mathbf{H}_{-1,0}\mathbf{f}_{0,0}^{2}-9\mathbf{H}_{-1,-1}\mathbf{f}_{0,0}^{2}-2\mathbf{H}_{-1,2,0}-\frac{11}{2}\mathbf{H}_{-1,2,0,0}$ $-6H_{-1,3}\left] + \left(\frac{1}{2} - x^2\right) \left[\frac{55}{12} - 4\zeta_0 + \frac{23}{2}H_{0,3} - \frac{4}{2}H_{1,3,4}\right] + \left(\frac{1}{2} + x^2\right) \left[\frac{2}{2}H_{0,3,3} - \frac{351}{122}H_0 + \frac{23}{2}H_{1,3}\right]$ $-\frac{2}{3} H_{1,1,1} \Big] + (1-z) \Big[4 H_{1,1,0} + 3 H_{1,1,1} - \frac{5}{4} H_{1,1,1} - 7 H_{2,0,0} - 2 H_{1,1} + 3 H_{1,1,0} - 4 H_{1,1,0} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,0}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,0}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,1,1}}{5} - \frac{3 H_{1,1,1,1,$ $+ 2 \eta_{4,3,4} + \frac{154}{3} \eta_{4} \eta_{4} + \frac{100}{34} \eta_{4,4} + \frac{121}{34} \eta_{4}^{-1} + \frac{607}{34} \eta_{4} - \frac{1}{9} \eta_{4} \eta_{4} + \frac{63}{2} \eta_{4,3,4} - \frac{29}{10} \eta_{1,4} - \frac{13}{10} \eta_{1,2}$ $\frac{1140}{116}\theta_4 - \frac{47}{3}\theta_{4,1} - 29\theta_{4,4} - \frac{940}{36}\zeta_1 - \frac{47}{3}\theta_{4,1,4} - \frac{142}{3}\theta_0 + \frac{215}{32} - \frac{2949}{49}\theta_4 + 2\theta_{-3,1,4}$ +(1++) (H-1+0-10H-1/2++(H-1+0+2He1/2-+(H-1+1+2H-1)-2H-1)-2H-1) -49. 1. 1. 1 - 49. - 49. 1 - 4 $+H_2\zeta_2-3H_{1,1,0}+3H_{1,0,0,0}+H_{-1,0}-9H_{2,1,0}-\frac{9}{2}H_{2,1,1}+\frac{11}{2}H_{1,1,0}+\frac{19}{2}H_{2,0,0}+\frac{9}{6}H_{1,1}$ $\frac{91}{12} 0_0 \zeta_2 + 871_0 \zeta_2 + \frac{5}{2} 81_{-1,-1,2} + \frac{5}{2} 81_{-1,2} + \frac{9}{2} 81_{-1,2} + \frac{39}{2} 81_{-1,4} - \frac{473}{12} 81_0 \zeta_2 - \frac{1133}{12} 81_0 \zeta_2$ $\frac{217}{217} = \frac{59}{216} \frac{1}{2} - \frac{149}{200} \frac{1}{100} - \frac{13}{200} \frac{1}{100} - \frac{2}{200} \frac{1}{1000} + \frac{147}{2000} \frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1203}{2000} \frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1100}{2000} + \frac{1100}{2000} \frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1100}{2000} \frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1100}{2000} \frac{1}{1000} + \frac{1100}{2000} + \frac{1100}{2000}$ $+\frac{77}{2}\theta_{2,0}+\frac{170}{2}e_{1}+\frac{17}{2}H_{0,0,0}+\frac{423}{22}H_{0}+\frac{7003}{22}+\frac{3039}{48}H_{0}-2\pi\left[4\theta_{2,2}+4\theta_{3,0}-4\theta_{-1,2}\right]\right)$ $+16C_{4}a_{1}^{2}\left\{\frac{1}{2}\mu_{0}(a)\left[H_{1,2}-H_{1,2,0}-H_{1,1,0}-H_{1,1,1}-\frac{229}{14}H_{0}+\frac{1}{2}H_{0,0}+\frac{11}{2}\right]+s\left[\frac{1}{2}H_{0,0}+\frac{1}{$ $\frac{53}{14} H_{0} + \frac{17}{4} H_{0,0} - \zeta_{0} + \frac{11}{14} \zeta_{0} - \frac{139}{140} + \frac{1}{12} \mu_{00}(-z) H_{-1,0,0} - \frac{53}{140} (\frac{1}{z} - z^{2}) - \frac{3}{4} (1-z) \left[6 H_{0,0,0} \right]$ $\frac{1}{2}$ eV₁ - N_{0,0} + $\frac{7}{2}$ eV₁ + $\frac{7}{2}$ e(1 + s)R_{-1,0} + $\frac{7}{2}$ R₀ - $\frac{10}{12}$ eV₁ + N_{0,0,0} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,1} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,2} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,1} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,1} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,1} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,1} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,2} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,1} + $\frac{1}{2}$ H_{1,2} + $\frac{1}$ $\frac{85}{212} + 16 C_{A}^{-1} a_{f} \Big(\mu_{0}(x) \Big[10 R_{1,1} + \frac{31}{4} \delta l_{1,0,0} - \frac{17}{2} \delta l_{1,1} + \frac{7}{4} \zeta_{2}^{-1} - \frac{55}{12} \delta l_{1,1,0} + \frac{31}{12} \delta l_{1} - \frac{31}{2} \delta l_{1,0,0} \Big]$ $\frac{1}{2}H_{2,0} - \frac{43}{2}H_{1,0} - \frac{23}{21}H_{1,1} - \frac{151}{4}\zeta_0 + \frac{24}{20}H_1 - \frac{2337}{19}H_0 + \frac{167}{2} - \frac{23}{2}H_{-1,0,0} + 3H_0 - H_{0,1,1}$ $\frac{543}{122}H_{1,1} - \frac{25}{2}H_{-1,2} + \frac{5}{4}f_{1,1} - \frac{7}{4}H_{1}f_{2} - 3H_{0,2}f_{21} - \frac{31}{12}H_{0}f_{21} + \frac{143}{210}H_{1} + \frac{5}{2}H_{1,2,3,1,2} + \frac{2541}{12}H_{0,2}$ $(H_{k,1,1} - 2H_{k,0,0} - 3H_{k,-1,0} - 5H_{k,0}f_0 + 3H_{k,0,0} - H_{k,1}f_0 - H_{k,0,0,0} - 4H_{k,1,1,0} + 2H_{k,0,0,0}$ $-2H_{1,1,2} - 2H_{1,2,0}$ + $\mu_{gg}(-a)$ [$H_{-1,-1}\zeta_0 - 2H_{-1,2} - 6H_{-1,-4,0}$ + $H_{0,1,1} + 2H_{-2}\zeta_0 - H_{-1,0,0}$ $+\frac{727}{34}H_{-1,0}-H_{-1}\zeta_{2}-2H_{-1,1}-\frac{5}{2}H_{-1}\zeta_{2}-H_{-1,-1,0}+2H_{-1,-1,0,0}+2H_{-1,-1,1}-\frac{3}{2}H_{-1,0,0,0}$ $\begin{array}{c} 36\\ +6H_{-1,-1,-1,0}-2H_{-1,0}+2H_{-1,0,1} \end{bmatrix} + [\frac{1}{2}-a^2) \Big[\frac{2}{3}H_{0,1}+\frac{32}{5}\zeta_0-2H_{0,0,0}+\frac{4}{3}H_{0,1,0}-\frac{10}{2}H_{0,0} \\ \end{array}$ $\frac{8}{2}H_{-1,0,0} + \frac{3}{2}H_{0,0} + H_{0,0}^{\prime} + \frac{161}{347}H_{0} - \frac{23511}{1224} + \frac{2}{2}(\frac{1}{2} + s^{2})\left[\frac{26}{37}H_{-1,0} - \frac{26}{37}H_{0} - 2H_{-1,-1,0}\right]$

 $+\frac{1}{12}g_{00}(z)\Big[H_{1/2}-H_{3/2}-H_{1}\zeta_{2}+9\zeta_{2}+\frac{43}{21}H_{1/2}+2H_{-3/2}-\frac{7}{32}H_{1}+2H_{1}\zeta_{2}-\frac{1425}{42}+\frac{3}{2}H_{1,3/4}$ $+3H_{1,1,2} - [2H_{1,1,2}] + \frac{11}{10}g_{0,0}(-s)[\frac{91}{10}H_{0} - \zeta_{1} - H_{-1,2}] + \frac{1}{9}(2-s)[6H_{0,0,1,2} - H_{0} - \frac{13071}{10}]$ $\frac{13}{2}\zeta_{2} - 46\xi_{-2,0} - 18\xi_{2,0} - \frac{1}{2}H_{0,0} - \frac{1}{2}H_{0,1} + 2H_{0,0,0} - \frac{420}{24}H_{0,0} \Big] + (1+z) \Big[H_{0}\zeta_{2} - \frac{1147}{112}H_{0}$ $+\frac{8}{10}H_{0}-\frac{85}{10}H_{-1,0}-\frac{101}{100}G_{0}-\frac{80}{100}H_{0}+\frac{23}{100}G_{0}-\frac{1}{10}H_{1,1}+\frac{5}{10}H_{1,1}-\frac{1}{10}H_{0}-\frac{37}{100}H_{0}+\frac{23}{100}H_{-1,0}$ $+\frac{1501}{100}+86\zeta_{0}-86_{0,0,0}+\frac{101}{10}86_{0,0}-\frac{1}{10}8_{0,0}\Big)+16\zeta_{0}+(g_{0,0}(c)]88_{0,0}\zeta_{0}+88_{0,0}\zeta_{0}+\frac{7}{10}\zeta_{0}$ $-3H_{1,2,4}-2H_{2,2,1}-\frac{9}{5}H_{1,2,1}-\frac{3}{5}H_{1,2,4}-\frac{47}{12}-\frac{47}{12}H_{1}-\frac{15}{12}f_{2}\Big]+p_{pq}(-x)\Big[2H_{-1,-2,4}$ -H-1042 + (1-a) (H114+H123-100, G+304G+H23-H2G+H24+M242 $-4 H_2 + H_{2,3,1} + 5 H_{4,3} \zeta_2 + 5 H_{4,3} - 3 H_4 + \frac{211}{100} H_4 + \frac{49}{10} \zeta_2^{-2} \Big] + (1+z) \Big[11 \zeta_2 + \frac{1}{2} H_{1,1} + \frac{1}{4} H_{1,2} - \frac{1}{2} H_{1,2} + \frac{1}{4} H_{1,2} + \frac$ $+\frac{91}{14} \mathfrak{M}_0 + 30 \mathfrak{M}_{-1,0} + 40 \mathfrak{M}_{-1,0,0} - 140 \mathfrak{M}_{-1,-1,0} - 70 \mathfrak{M}_{-1} \zeta_2 + 20 \mathfrak{h}_{1,2} + 40 \mathfrak{h}_{1,2} - 10 \mathfrak{h}_{1,2} + 20 \mathfrak{h}_{-1,0,0} +$ $+3H_{-2,2} + \frac{11}{2}H_2 - 2H_{0,0,0,0} - 2H_{-1,0,0} - H_{-1,0,0} - \frac{13}{2}f_0 + \frac{9}{2}H_{0,0} + \frac{9}{2}H_0^2 + \frac{39}{2}H_0^2 + \frac{11}{2}H_0^2$ $+4E_{-1,0,0}+10E_{-3,0}-48E_{-1}c_{0}^{2}-8E_{-1,-1,0}-58b_{0}c_{0}^{2}+\frac{19}{4}8b_{1}+8b_{0,0}-\frac{30}{2}8b_{0,0}+38b_{0}c_{0}^{2}$ $+2581_{-1,0}+681_{-1,0,0}+\frac{3}{24}z\Big[\frac{58}{3}\zeta_{0}-\frac{7}{2}H_{1}\zeta_{0}+49t_{1,1}-\frac{3}{2}H_{1,1,1}+\frac{5}{2}H_{1,1,0}-\frac{175}{24^{2}}+H_{1,1}+\frac{19}{2}\zeta_{0}$ +28+10-148+ + Heale - H. - 14- - Breat + Breas + 28+10- - Break - Break $+\frac{2}{1}H_{1,1,0}-\frac{29}{4}H_{1,0,0}-\frac{185}{1}H_{1,0}]$

$$\begin{split} g_{11}^{(1)}(z) &= i \, (C_{11}^{(1)}(z_{$$

 $-28._{-1,2} + 19_{1}\zeta_{2} + 18._{2}\zeta_{2} + \frac{10}{2}9_{1} + 18_{1,2,2} + (1 - s)(199_{1,2,3,2} - 99_{1}\zeta_{2} - \frac{49}{2}\zeta_{2} + \frac{11}{2}9_{1,2,2})$ $\frac{3}{2} W_{0} + \frac{5}{2} W_{0,0} g_{2}^{2} + W_{0,1,0} - \frac{31}{2} W_{0,0} + \frac{17}{12} W_{1,0} - \frac{311}{2} g_{2}^{-1} - \frac{29}{2} W_{0,0,0} - \frac{113}{2} W_{0} + \frac{18801}{20} W_{0}$ $+\frac{2246}{2246}+\frac{263}{2}R_{-1,4,6}+\frac{33}{2}R_{1,4,6}+19R_{1,1}+\frac{31}{28}R_{1,1}+\frac{23}{2}R_{-1,6}-\frac{497}{16}c_{1}+\frac{29}{2}R_{1}c_{2}-\frac{143}{27}R_{1}$ $\frac{11}{4}H_{1,1,1} - \frac{19}{11}H_{0}\xi_{0}^{2} + \frac{1225}{91}H_{1} - \frac{43}{4}H_{0,0,0} - \frac{50(1)}{16}H_{0,0} + (1+z)\left[0H_{0,1,0} - 4H_{-1,1}\right]$ $\begin{array}{c} 6 & 12 & 72 & 6 & 56 \\ +78._{1,-1,0} - \frac{15}{2} \mathrm{H}_{1,1,1} - 5\mathrm{H}_{-2} \frac{1}{2} - 11\mathrm{H}_{-3,0,0} + \frac{16}{2} \mathrm{H}_{-3,0} + \frac{15}{2} \mathrm{H}_{-1} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{H}_{-1} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{H}_{-1} - 10\mathrm{H}_{-3,-3,0} \end{array}$ $+59t_{1}\zeta_{2}+40t_{1,1,2}-11...t_{2}+500t_{2}\zeta_{2}-50t_{2}\zeta_{2}\Big]+211...t_{2}+611...t_{1}-t_{2}-60t_{1,1,2}-50t_{1,2,3}$ $-119_{6566} - 59_{53} + \frac{21}{79}9_{133} + \frac{13}{79}8_{-7}g_{2} + \frac{27}{79}8_{-556} + \frac{11}{79}8_{-56} + \frac{13}{79}8_{7}g_{2} - \frac{17}{79}8_{556}$ $+11H_{-2,-4,0}-\frac{17}{12}H_{2,1,1}-\frac{3}{4}H_{4}-\frac{1}{2}H_{4,0}F_{4,0}^{\prime}+H_{1,1}+\frac{11}{2}H_{1,4,4}+\frac{79}{12}H_{2,4}+\frac{47}{8}H_{2,4}+\frac{263}{8}F_{4}^{\prime}+\frac{263}{8}F_{4,4}^{\prime}+\frac{2$ $+\frac{119}{3}\zeta_{0}+\frac{967}{34}\eta_{0}-\frac{304}{34}H_{-1,0}-24H_{0}\zeta_{0}+H_{-1}\zeta_{0}-\frac{11377}{90}H_{0}-\frac{1409}{34}-31H_{-1,0,0}-\frac{21}{90}H_{0}$ $\frac{79}{4} \mathcal{H}_{2,0,1} - \frac{217}{24} \mathcal{H}_{1,1} - \frac{7}{2} \mathcal{H}_{-1,1} + \frac{79}{72} \zeta_2 + \frac{4}{3} \mathcal{H}_{1} \zeta_2 + \frac{17}{12} \mathcal{H}_{1,1,1} + \frac{17}{12} \mathcal{H}_{1} \zeta_2 + \frac{31}{14} \mathcal{H}_{1} + 37 \mathcal{H}_{0,0,1}$ $+\frac{145}{12}H_{1} + \frac{1553}{12}H_{10} + 16C_{\mu\nu}/(\frac{7}{2}H_{0.0.0} + \frac{11}{12}H_{0} - \frac{790}{10} + \frac{163}{12}H_{0} + \frac{7}{12}H_{0.0} + 2H_{0.0.0}$ $-\frac{5}{2}\theta_{1,1}-\frac{5}{2}H_2-\frac{5}{12}H_3+\frac{5}{2}\zeta_2+\frac{1}{2}\mathcal{P}_{10}(z)\left[H_{2,1}+\frac{H}{2}-\frac{35}{2}H_0-\frac{22}{2}H_{0,0}+H_{2,1,1}+6H_{0,0,0}\right]$ $-\zeta_{4} - 2H_{4,3,4} + \frac{2}{2}H_{5} + \frac{27}{12} + \frac{1}{12} + (1-z) \left[\frac{1}{1+2}H_{4} - \frac{6431}{122} - \frac{6433}{122} - \frac{16}{12}H_{4,3,4,4} + \frac{2}{2}H_{1,2} + \frac{1}{2}H_{1,2} + \frac{$ $+\frac{2}{2}m_0 + \frac{2}{2}m_{1,2} - \frac{2}{2}m_{1,2}^2 - (1 + e) \left[\frac{1470}{2}m_0 + \frac{143}{2}m_{1,2}^2\right] + 16C_0^{-2}m_1\left(\mu_{0,1}(e)\left[77h_{1,2} + 77h_{1,2}^2\right]\right)$ $-2 I_{-1,2} - 7 I_{-1,2} + 5 I_{1,2} + 6 I_{1,2} + 6 I_{1,2} + H_{1,2,0} + 4 I_{1,0,0} + 3 I_{1,2,1} + 5 I_{1,2,2} + 5 I_{1,2,$ $+\frac{61}{2}H_{1}-\frac{61}{2}\zeta_{2}+\frac{87}{2}H_{1}+\frac{11}{2}H_{1,2}+\frac{61}{2}H_{1,3}+\frac{17}{2}H_{1,4}-7H_{1,2}\zeta_{2}+\frac{5}{2}H_{1,4,4}+\frac{5}{2}H_{1,1,4}-\frac{19}{2}\zeta_{2}$ $+\frac{61}{32}+\frac{11}{3}H_{3}-\frac{11}{3}H_{4}r_{6}-\frac{7}{3}H_{4}r_{6}+\frac{13}{3}H_{6,0,0}+\frac{17}{3}H_{6}+\frac{11}{3}H_{6}+\frac{11}{3}r_{6}^{-1}+3H_{6,1,0}-3H_{2}r_{6}-7H_{4}r_{6}$ $+1194_{4,0}-295_{4,-2,0}-796_{4,0}c_{4}+195_{4,0,0,0}-795_{4,0}c_{6}+495_{4,1,0,0}+95_{4,1,1,0}+296_{4,3,0,1}+795_{4,1,1,0}$ $+ 6 H_{1,2,0} + 6 H_{1,2,2} \Big] + 4 \rho_{10} (-\alpha) \Big[H_{1,0,0,0} - H_{-2,0} + H_{-4,-1,0} - H_{-2,0,0} + \frac{1}{2} H_{-4,-3,0} - \frac{5}{2} H_{-1,0} \Big] \\$ $-\frac{5}{4}H_{-1,0,0} - \frac{1}{2}H_{-3,0} + \frac{1}{2}H_{-1/4} + H_{-1,-1,0,0} - \frac{1}{4}H_{-1,0,0,0} \Big] + 2(1-a) \Big[H_{3,1,0} - H_{3,0,0} - H_{3,0} - H_{3,0,0} - H_{3,0$ $-H_{1,1}-2H_{2,0}-2H_{-2}\zeta_{2}+H_{1,2}-H_{1,0,0}-H_{1,1,0}+H_{2}\zeta_{2}-\zeta_{2}^{-2}+\frac{43}{2}H_{2}+\frac{49}{7}\zeta_{2}+\frac{13}{2}H_{1,1}$ $-\frac{33}{12}H_{1}+\frac{5}{2}H_{1,2}+\frac{7}{2}H_{1,2}f_{2}+\frac{21}{2}f_{2}+\frac{470}{27}-\frac{1}{2}H_{1,2,1}-\frac{1}{2}H_{2}+\frac{1}{2}H_{2,2}+\frac{1}{2}H_{2,2,1}+\frac{3}{2}H_{2}f_{2}$ $+\frac{1}{2}m_{1}c_{2}-\frac{7}{2}m_{1}+m_{2}c_{2}-\frac{19}{2}m_{112}-\frac{239}{2}m_{12}-\frac{415}{2}m_{2}]+8(1+a)M_{12}-a-M_{12}a$

 $+12 M_{4,1,0,4}-\frac{248}{124}+\frac{41}{2} M_0 \zeta_0-\frac{7}{2} M_{1,3}-\frac{817}{12} M_1-3 M_0 \zeta_0+10 M_{-1,-1,3}-4 M_{-1,0,1}+10 M_{-1} \zeta_0$ $\frac{13}{2} M_{1,2,2} + \frac{3}{2} M_{1,2} - M_{1,2,2} - M_{2,2,2} \Big] + (1+\alpha) \Big[\frac{1}{2} M_{2,2} - \frac{55}{2} M_{-1,2} - \frac{140}{2} M_{2} + \frac{3473}{2} M_{2} \Big]$ $-78 \underline{-}_{3,0} + \frac{500}{9} B_{0,0} + \frac{19}{2} B_{0} - \frac{991}{36} \underline{\zeta}_{0} - \frac{143}{36} \underline{\zeta}_{0} - \frac{35}{8} B_{0,0,0} + \frac{19}{2} B_{0,1} - \frac{43}{12} \underline{\zeta}_{0}^{-1} + 138 \underline{-}_{1} \underline{\zeta}_{0}^{-1}$ $- \frac{1}{244} \frac{1}{244} \frac{1}{244} \frac{1}{244} \left(1-z\right) + 16 \left(\frac{z}{z} y_{1}^{2} \left(\frac{10}{54} \theta_{0} - \frac{1}{24} \theta_{0} \theta_{0} - \frac{1}{27} \theta_{00}(z) + \frac{10}{54} \frac{1}{z} - z^{2} \right) \left[\frac{5}{5} - H_{0}\right]$ $+(1-z)\Big[\frac{11}{90}H_1-\frac{71}{102}\Big]+\frac{2}{9}(1+z)\Big[\xi_2+\frac{13}{12}dH_2-\frac{1}{5}H_{3,0}-H_2\Big]+\frac{29}{348}\delta(1-z)\Big)$ $+16C_{0}^{-1}R_{p}\Big\{e^{2}\Big[\zeta_{0}+\frac{11}{2}\zeta_{0}+\frac{11}{2}R_{0,0}-\frac{2}{2}R_{0}+\frac{2}{2}R_{0}\zeta_{0}+\frac{1639}{222}R_{0}-2R_{-3,0}\Big]+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big[\frac{10}{2}\zeta_{0}-\frac{1}{2}R_{0}+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big]+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big[\frac{10}{2}C_{0}-\frac{1}{2}R_{0}+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big]+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big]+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big[\frac{10}{2}C_{0}-\frac{1}{2}R_{0}+\frac{1}{2}R_{0}(s)\Big]+\frac{1}{2$ $-\frac{209}{24^2}-H_{4}^2-2H_{-1,4}-\frac{1}{9}H_{6}-\frac{10}{3}H_{6,6}-\frac{20}{3}H_{1,4}-H_{1,6,4}-\frac{20}{3}H_{1}-H_{2}\Big]+\frac{10}{3}\mu_{00}(-z)\Big[\zeta_{4}+2H_{1}-H_{1} +28L_{-1,0}+\frac{3}{13}H_0r_{40}'-H_{0,0}\Big]+\frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{a}-a^2)\Big[H_0-H_0r_{40}'-\frac{13}{3}H_0+\frac{5460}{130}-3H_0r_{40}'+\frac{205}{30}H_0'\Big]$ $\frac{13}{12}H_{1,0} + H_{1,0,0} \Big] + (\frac{1}{2} + n^2) \Big[\frac{13}{12}H_0 - \frac{9}{12}\zeta_2 + \frac{1}{2}H_{-1}\zeta_2 - \zeta_0 + 2H_{-1,-1,0} - \frac{2}{12}H_{-1,0,0} \Big]$ $\frac{37}{2}H_{-1,0} + \frac{2}{9}H_{-1,0} \Big] + (1-r) \Big[\frac{1}{9}H_{-1,0} + H_{-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0} - \frac{240}{2076} - \frac{4007}{207} - 2H_{-1,0} \Big]$ $-68 I_{-2,-1,0} + 30 I_{-2,0,0} - \frac{7}{3} H_0 \zeta_0 + \frac{677}{80} H_1 + H_{0,0} + \frac{7}{4} H_{1,0,0} \Big] + (1+z) \Big[\frac{199}{36} H_2 - \frac{11}{3} H_{-0} \zeta_0 + \frac{11}{3} H_{-0} \zeta_0 \Big] + (1+z) \Big[\frac{199}{36} H_{-0} - \frac{11}{3} H_{-0} \zeta_0 + \frac{11}{3} H_{-0} \zeta_0 + \frac{11}{3} H_{-0} \zeta_0 \Big] + (1+z) \Big[\frac{199}{36} H_{-0} - \frac{11}{3} H_{-0} \zeta_0 + \frac{11$ $+\frac{39}{50}\zeta_{0}^{-1}-\frac{7}{12}H_{0}-\frac{51}{2}H_{0,0}+\frac{7}{12}H_{0}\zeta_{0}-\frac{5}{2}H_{0}\rho\zeta_{0}+5\zeta_{0}-70...,-1,0+\frac{77}{6}H_{-1,0}+\frac{9}{2}H_{-1,0,0}$ $+2M_{-1,2} - 2M_{1/2} - \frac{2}{2}M_{1/2} + \frac{2}{2}M_{1/2,2} + \frac{2}{2}M_{1} + \frac{2}{2}M_{2} + 2M_{1} + 2M_{1} + \frac{453}{100}M_{1} + M_{1/2}M_{2}$ $+\frac{3}{9}\xi_{2}^{-1}+40_{-3,4}-x\Big[\frac{131}{979}H_{0,3}-\frac{3}{9}H_{0}\xi_{2}+\frac{7}{9}H_{0}-31_{0,3,4,0}+\frac{7}{2}H_{0,3,4}+\frac{1943}{912}H_{4}+60_{6}\xi_{2}$ $-4(1-x)\left[\frac{233}{1204}+\frac{1}{2}\zeta_{2}+\frac{1}{12}\zeta_{2}^{2}+\frac{3}{2}\zeta_{2}^{2}\right]+16C_{0}^{-3}\left[e^{2}\left[1336-_{3,2}+3396\zeta_{2}-\frac{1349}{24}86_{4}\right]$ -4491414 - 110 Ph - 44 Ph + 45 (1 + 6490 Ph] + Aug (1 | 246 - 67 (1 - 3 (1 + 11)) $-48l_{-3,6}+68l_{-2}f_{0}+48l_{-3,-4,6}+\frac{13}{7}8l_{-3,6}-48l_{-3,6,3}-48l_{-1,3}+\frac{1}{2}8l_{6}-78l_{6}f_{6}+\frac{47}{7}8l_{6,6}$ $\Pi_{12}\mu_{4}^{\prime} + 4\Omega_{1,2,4,3} - 6H_{1}\dot{\mu} - 4\Omega_{1,-1,0} + 3\Pi_{1,2,4,3} - 6\Omega_{1,2}\dot{\mu}_{2} + 6\Omega_{1,2,4,3} +$ $+\frac{114}{9}\theta_{1,1}+\frac{11}{6}\theta_{1,2,3}+104_{1,2,3}+104_{1,3,4}+\frac{114}{9}\theta_{2}-4\theta_{2}\zeta_{2}+10\theta_{2,3}+104_{2,3}+\frac{11}{2}\theta_{3}+10\theta_{2,3}$ $+80\theta_{1,2,4}\Big]+\mu_{10}(-a)\Big[\frac{11}{n}\frac{c_{1}}{c_{1}}^{-1}-\frac{11}{a}\theta_{0}\frac{c_{2}}{c_{2}}-40t_{-3,4}+100t_{-2}\frac{c_{1}}{c_{1}}-120t_{-3,3}-\frac{1344}{a}\theta_{1-1,4}+20t_{2}\frac{c_{1}}{c_{1}}\Big]$
$$\begin{split} & = \exp_{\{j,j\}} + \gamma_{j0}(-\gamma_{j}(-\gamma_{j}) - \frac{\alpha}{2} \exp_{\{j,j\}}(-\gamma_{j0}(-\gamma_{j0}), \frac{1}{2} + \min_{\{j,j\}}(-\gamma_{j0}(-\gamma_{j0}), \frac{1}{2} + \max_{\{j,j\}}(-\gamma_{j0}), \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{split} & -3 \tilde{h}_{0,0,0} + \frac{3}{2} R_{-,0} - \frac{2}{2} R_{-,0} \right] - 4 R_{-,-1,0} + 5 R_{0,0,0,0} + 5 R_{-,0,0,0} - 13 R_{-,0,0} + \frac{3}{2} R_{-,0,0} \\ & + 4 R_{-,0,0,0} - \frac{33}{2} R_{0,0} - \frac{3}{2} R_{0,0,0} - \frac{$$

 $P_{H}^{(0)}(s) = 16C_{\mu}C_{\mu}n_{\mu}\left(\frac{2}{2}s^{2}\left[\frac{25}{2}H_{1}-\frac{131}{2}+N_{2}^{\prime}-H_{-1,k}-3H_{0}+H_{1,k}+\frac{123}{2}H_{0}-H_{k,k}\right]$ $+1_{m_{1}(2)}(m_{12}+m_{11}+207+219m_{12}-20m_{12}-m_{12}-1m_{12}-1m_{12}-4m_{12}+m_{12}$ $-\frac{2}{3} \mathcal{H}_{1,0,1} + \mathcal{H}_{1,1,1} + \frac{2}{3} \mathcal{H}_{1,1} \Big] + \frac{2}{3} \mathcal{H}_{0,1} (-s) \Big[2 \mathcal{H}_{-1} \zeta_{2} + \frac{2}{3} \zeta_{2} + \frac{41}{11} \mathcal{H}_{-1,1} - \frac{111}{101} \mathcal{H}_{0} + \frac{1}{3} \mathcal{H}_{-2,1} \Big]$ $+\frac{1}{2}\theta_{0}+2H_{-1,-4,0}-H_{-1,0,0}-H_{-1,2}\right]+\frac{2}{2}(1-s)\left[H_{-2,0}+2\zeta_{0}-H_{0}\right]+(1+s)\left[\frac{12\eta}{1+s}\theta_{0}\right]$ $+\frac{1}{9}\zeta_{2}+\frac{24}{9}H_{-4,4}-\frac{5}{50}H_{4,1}-\frac{167}{30}H_{6,6}-\frac{1}{9}H_{6,1}-\frac{4}{9}H_{6}\zeta_{2}-\frac{105}{72}+\frac{1}{9}H_{6}+\frac{1}{9}H_{-1,6}+4H_{7}$ $\frac{1}{2}H_{1,2} + \frac{227}{14}H_{4} - \frac{23}{14}H_{4,2} - H_{2,2} - \frac{2}{3}H_{4}\zeta_{2} + \frac{10}{3}H_{-2,2} + H_{2}'_{2} + 2H_{3} + \frac{2}{3}H_{4,3,3} + \pi \left[\frac{11}{2}\zeta_{2}\right]$ $-\frac{525}{122}-\frac{19}{12}R_{1}+\frac{271}{122}R_{2}-\frac{5}{2}R_{1,2}]+16C_{4}C_{4}^{-7}\left[x^{2}\left[\frac{7}{3}+\frac{173}{12}R_{1}-2\zeta_{0}-\frac{2}{3}R_{1,1}-\frac{26}{3}R_{1,1}\right]\right]$ $-68t_0+28t_{0,1}+6t_{0,1}'+\frac{315}{44}H_0-\frac{28}{24}H_{0,0}-\frac{8}{2}H_{0,0,0}\Big]+p_{00}(x)\Big[\frac{3}{2}H_0\zeta_0+\frac{363}{27}-5\zeta_0+\frac{27}{4}\zeta_0+\frac{363}{2}+\frac{27}{4}\zeta_0+\frac{363}{2}+\frac{$ $+\frac{6500}{4157}H_{2}+\frac{2}{9}H_{1,2}+\frac{35}{7}H_{1,3,2}+4H_{2}+\frac{9}{9}H_{2,2}+4H_{3,3,6}+2H_{2,3,6}-H_{2,1}+\frac{44}{12}H_{1,2}+H_{3,2}$ $+\frac{101}{100}H_{0,0}+3H_{0,0}-3H_{0,0,1}-\frac{5}{2}H_{-1}\zeta_{0}-\frac{59}{10}H_{1}\zeta_{0}+3H_{1-1,0}+H_{1,0}\zeta_{0}+\frac{5}{2}H_{1,0,0,0}-2H_{1,0}\zeta_{0}$ $+\frac{1}{12}M_{1,1,0}+5H_{1,1,0,0}-5H_{0,1,1,0}-4H_{1,1,0,1}-H_{0,1,2}-2H_{1,1,0}+H_{1,1,0}\Big]+\mu_{pq}(-z)\Big[H_{-1,0}$ $\frac{12}{+8L_{-1,0}\zeta_0} + \frac{3}{9}R_{-1,0,0} + \frac{27}{12}\zeta_0^{-3} - 5RL_{-1,-1,0} - \frac{11}{9}R_{-1}\zeta_0 - 5RL_{-1,-3,0} - \frac{3}{9}R_{-1,0,0,0} - 5RL_{-1,2,0} - \frac{11}{9}R_{-1,0,0,0} - 5RL_{-1,2,0} - \frac{11}{9}R_{-1,0,0,0} - \frac{11}{9}R_{-1,0,0,0,0} - \frac{11}{9}R_{-1,0,0,0,0} - \frac{11}{9}R_{-1,0,0,0,0} - \frac{11}{9}$ $+ 5 M_{-1,-2} \zeta_2 = - 4 M_{-1,-4,2,4} - 2 M_{-1,-4,2} + 6 M_{-1,-1,-4,4} + 2 M_{-1,2,2} \Big] + (1-z) \Big[H_2 \zeta_2 - H_{2,2} - H_$ $+\frac{23}{1278}H_{1,0}-\frac{7061}{1277}H_0-\frac{4631}{1277}H_{0,0}-\frac{54}{1278}H_{0,0,0}-H_{-1,0}-2H_{0,0}-\frac{4433}{1278}H_0-2H_{2,0,0}-\frac{21}{1278}H_{0,0,0}-H_{-1,0,0}-2H_{0,0,0}-\frac{4433}{1278}H_0-2H_{2,0,0}-\frac{4433}{1278}H_0-\frac{4433}{$ $-\frac{2}{3}G^{2} - \frac{2}{3}m_{12} + \frac{23}{3}m_{1}G_{2} - \frac{4m_{1}G_{2}}{3} + (1 + e)\left(\frac{40}{3}m_{1} - H_{-1,0} - \frac{53}{3}m_{1}G_{2} - \frac{1}{3}m_{12} - \frac{11}{3}m_{1}G_{2} - \frac{1}{3}m_{12} - \frac{11}{3}m_{1}G_{2} - \frac{1}{3}m_{1}G_{2} -$ $+\frac{615}{1200}-\frac{151}{12}t_{2}-\frac{161}{12}H_{12}+\frac{1}{2}H_{123}-\frac{91}{2}H_{2}+\frac{29}{2}H_{23}-\frac{171}{12}H_{-1,4}-12H_{-1,1,4}+7H_{-1,5}$ $+108\xi_{-1,-1,0}+\frac{5}{3}8\xi_{2,0}+\frac{3}{3}H_{2,1,0}+48\xi_{0,0,1,0}\Big]-358\xi_{-2,0}-\frac{179}{29}8\xi_{0}+\frac{2194}{144}8\xi_{0,0}-\frac{19}{2}8\xi_{0,0,0}$

 $-\frac{441}{122}H_1 - \frac{11}{2}H_1\zeta_2 + \frac{33}{2}H_{1,2,2} + 11(\frac{1}{2} + \pi^2) \left[\frac{71}{12}H_2 - \frac{1}{2}H_1 - \frac{100}{122}\zeta_2 - \frac{2}{12}H_{-1,0} - \frac{1}{2}H_{-1}\zeta_2\right]$ $+H_{-1,-2,2} - \frac{120}{100}H_{-2,2} + \frac{1}{2}H_{-2,2,2} + H_{-1,2}] + (1 - e) \left[\frac{11}{100}H_1 + \frac{17}{100}H_{1,2} - \frac{25}{100}H_{1,2,2} - 4H_{-2,2,2} \right]$ $\frac{543}{11} \theta_{0,0} - \frac{29}{3} \theta_{0,0,0} - \frac{19}{3} \theta_{-1,0} - \frac{11317}{100} - \theta_{-1,0}^{-1} - \theta_{-1,-1,0}^{-1} - 12\theta_{-1,0,0} - \frac{3}{3} \theta_{1,0} \right)$ $+(1+z)[\frac{27}{2}\theta_0\zeta_0-\frac{40}{4}\theta_0+\frac{29}{3}\theta_{1,0}+\frac{4651}{216}\theta_0-\frac{329}{14}\zeta_0+\frac{11}{3}(1+z)\zeta_0-\frac{40}{3}\zeta_0^2]-\frac{215}{6}\theta_{-1,0}$ $2286_{4}s_{4}^{2} - 886_{4}^{2} - 38L_{1,-1,0} + 388L_{1,0,0} + 258L_{1,0} + 108L_{2,0,0} - 489s_{4}^{2} + 108c_{4} + 268L_{2,0,0} + 268L_{$ $\frac{159}{100}H_{11} - \frac{53}{10}H_{11} f_{11} \Big] - 200f_{0,10} - \frac{40}{10}H_{0,10} + 270I_{1,10} + \frac{41}{10}H_{1} f_{11} - 200f_{11} - 340I_{11} + \frac{50}{10}f_{11}$ $+\frac{401}{12}H_0+24\zeta_3+2\zeta_3^{-1}+270\eta-40k_0\zeta_3-100k_0\zeta_3-100L_{-3,3}+20dH_{0,3,3,3}+8(1-a)\Big(\frac{70}{12}$ $-\frac{c_{0}}{c_{0}}\frac{c_{0}}{c_{0}}+\frac{1}{2}\zeta_{0}+\frac{11}{22}\zeta_{0}-\frac{437}{2}\zeta_{0}-5\zeta_{0}\right)+16C_{\mu}a_{\mu}^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}a^{2}\left[\frac{11}{2}H_{\mu}+H_{1}-\zeta_{0}+2H_{\mu,\mu}-9\right]+\frac{1}{2}H_{0}\right)$ $-\frac{1}{4}\xi_{0}^{2} - \frac{10}{3}H_{0} - \frac{1}{3}H_{0,0} + 2 + \frac{2}{6}(\frac{1}{a} - a^{2})\left[\frac{9}{3}H_{1} - 2H_{1,0} - H_{1,1} - \frac{77}{14}\right] - (1 - a)\left[\frac{1}{4}H_{1,0} + \frac{1}{a}H_{1,1}\right]$ $+\frac{4}{3}+\frac{13}{2}H_{4}+8H_{5}\Big]+\frac{1}{3}(1+z)\Big[\frac{4}{32}H_{5}-\frac{4}{3}H_{5}+\frac{4}{3}\zeta_{5}+\frac{29}{3}H_{6,5}-\zeta_{5}+2H_{6,5,5}-2H_{5}\Big]$ $- 8 g_{11} - 28 g_{23} \Big] + \frac{11}{999} h(1-s) \Big) + 16 C_{\mu}^{-1} g_{\mu} \Big\{ \frac{4}{99} h \Big] \frac{163}{163} + \frac{27}{99} H_{\mu} + \frac{7}{99} H_{\mu,\mu} - H_{2,\mu} - \zeta_{\mu} + \frac{9}{99} H_{1,\mu} \Big] + \frac{1}{99} H_{\mu,\mu} \Big\} + \frac{1}{99} H_{\mu,\mu} - \frac{1}{99} H_{\mu,\mu} \Big\} + \frac{1}{9} H_{\mu,\mu} \Big\} + \frac{1}{9}$ $-H_{0,1}+\frac{1}{2}H_{0,0,0}+\frac{85}{12}H_{1}+H_{2}-2H_{-2,0}-\frac{5}{2}\zeta_{0}\Big]+\frac{4}{3}(\frac{1}{2}-a^{2})\Big[\frac{31}{12}H_{1}-\frac{1}{12}-\frac{5}{2}H_{0,0}+\frac{1}{2}H_{1,0,0}\Big]$ $-H_1\zeta_2-H_{3,1}+H_{1,1,0}+H_{1,3,1}+\zeta_2\Big]+\frac{4}{3}\frac{1}{\pi}+a^2)\Big[H_{-1}\zeta_2+2H_{-1,-3,0}-H_{-1,0,0}\Big]+\frac{215}{12}H_{0,1}$ $+\frac{26}{7} N_{0} - \frac{131}{7} + 7 N_{1,0} + \frac{266}{77} N_{1,0} + N_{0,1} + N_{0,1} - \frac{45}{79} N_{0} + \frac{11}{7} N_{0} + 7 N_{-1,0} + 2 \zeta_{0}^{-2} - N_{0} \zeta_{0}$ $+31_{0}+635_{0}\frac{r_{0}}{r_{0}}+881_{-3,0}-4425_{0,0,0}+(1-z)\left[\frac{237}{10}H_{1}-\frac{5}{2}H_{1,0}-4\frac{r_{0}}{r_{0}}+32r_{0}\frac{r_{0}}{r_{0}}-831_{-3,-4,0}\right]$ $-481_{-1}\frac{1}{10}+481_{-5,0,0}-481_{0}\frac{1}{10}H_{1,0,0}+\frac{1}{12}H_{1,1,0}+H_{1,1,0}+H_{1,1,0}\Big]+(1+z)\frac{1}{12}H_{1}+\frac{33}{12}$ $-12\xi_{-1,-1,0}+\frac{67}{70}\xi_{-1,0}+40\xi_{-1,0,0}+20\xi_{0}g_{0}^{2}-22\xi_{0,0,0,0}-40\xi_{0}^{2}+30\xi_{0,0,0}+20\xi_{0,0,0}$ $+2H_{2,1,1}+H_{2,1}-2H_{0}\left[+\frac{1}{2T^{2}}\theta(1-x)\right]$

NNLO:2012

- (1) At LO [Sov. J. Nucl. Phys. 15 (1973) 438; NPB 126 (1977) 298; NPB 136 (1978) 445] time-like and space-like splitting functions are equal, provided $P_{aa}^{S,(0)} \leftrightarrow P_{aa}^{T,(0)}$
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- **3** at NNLO [PLB 638 (2006) 61, PLB 659 (2008) 290, NPB 854 (2012) 133] an uncertainty still remains on the exact form of $P_{qg}^{(2)}$ (it does not affect its log behavior)



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Must be careful with fixed-order splitting functions as $z \to 0$ (m = 1, ..., 2k + 1)

SPACE-LIKE CASE TIME-LIKE CASE
$$P_{ji} \propto \frac{a_s^{k+1}}{r} \log^{k+1-m} \frac{1}{r} \qquad P_{ji} \propto \frac{a_s^{k+1}}{r} \log^{2(k+1)-m-1} z$$

Soft gluon logarithms diverge more rapidly in the TL case than in the SL case: as z decreases, the unresummed SGLs spoil the convergence of the FO series for $P(z, a_s)$ if $\log \frac{1}{z} \ge O\left(a_s^{-1/2}\right)$



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Theoretical constraints



$$\sum_{h} \int_{0}^{1} dz z \, D_{i}^{h}(z,\mu^{2}) = 1 \,\,\forall \,\, {\rm parton} \,\, i$$

Charge sum rule

$$\sum_{h} \int_{0}^{1} dz \, e_{h} \, D_{i}^{h}(z,\mu^{2}) = e_{i} \, \, \forall \, \, \text{parton} \, \, i$$

where $e_{h(i)}$ is the electric charge of the hadron h (parton i)

Oharge conjugation symmetry

$$D^{h^+}_{q\,(\bar{q})} = D^{h^-}_{\bar{q}\,(q)} \qquad D^{h^+}_g = D^{h^-}_g \,\,\forall \,\, \text{hadron species} \,\, h^\pm$$

Isospin symmetry of the strong interaction

$$D_u^{\pi^+} = D_d^{\pi^-} \qquad D_d^{\pi^+} = D_u^{\pi^-}$$

approximate, as $m_u \sim m_d$, but no phenomenological evidences of violation

Positivity of cross sections implies that FFs should be positive-definite at LO

Determining FFs from data: a (global) QCD analysis

Determine the probability density $\mathcal{P}[D]$ in the space of FFs [D]

Emanuele R. Nocera (Edinburgh)

FFs of light charged hadrons

A global QCD analysis: the ingredients we need



Each of these ingredients is a source of uncertainty in the FF determination

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FFs of light charged hadrons

Available FF sets (status 2017)

		DHESS	HKNS	JAM	NNFF
DATA	SIA SIDIS PP	Х Х Х	√ ⊠ ⊠	☑ ⊠ ⊠	v ⊠ v
1ETH.	statistical treatment	Iterative Hessian 68% - 90%	Hessian $\Delta \chi^2 = 15.94$	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo
2	parametrisation	standard	standard	standard	neural network
RY	pert. order	(N)NLO	NLO	NLO	LO, NLO, NNLO
HEO.	HF scheme	ZM(GM)-VFN	ZM-VFN	ZM-VFN	ZM-VFN
Ē	hadron species	π^\pm , K^\pm , $p/ar{p}$, h^\pm	π^\pm , K^\pm , $p/ar{p}$	π^{\pm} , K^{\pm}	π^{\pm} , K^{\pm} , $p/ar{p}$
	latest update	PRD 91 (2015) 014035 PRD 95 (2017) 094019	PTEP 2016 (2016) 113B04	PRD 94 (2016) 114004	EPJ C77 (2017) 516

+ some others (including analyses for specific hadrons)

BKK95 [ZPB 65 (1995) 471] BKK96 [PRD 53 (1996) 3553] DSV97 [PRD 57 (1998) 5811]	π^{\pm}, K^{\pm} K^{0} Λ^{0} L^{\pm}	AESS11 [PRD 83 (2011) 034002] SKMNA13 [PRD 88 (2013) 054019] LSS15 [PRD 96 (2016) 074026]	π^{\pm}, K^{\pm} SIDIS only
BFGW00 [EPJ C19 (2001) 89]	h^{\pm}		0.2.0 0,

Focus on π and K which constitute the largest fraction in measured yields

Fragmentation functions: why should we bother?

Example 1: Ratio of the inclusive charged-hadron spectra measured by CMS and ALICE



Figures taken from [NPB 883 (2014) 615]



Predictions from all available FF sets are not compatible with CMS and ALICE data, not even within scale and PDF/FF uncertainties \rightarrow How well do we know the gluon FF? Fragmentation functions: why should we bother? Example 2: The strange polarised parton distribution at $Q^2 = 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ($\Delta s = \Delta \bar{s}$)



Emanuele R. Nocera (Edinburgh)

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2. Methodological interlude

Parametrisation: two alternative choices

$$zD_i^h(z,Q_0^2)=z^{a_i^h}\left(1-z\right)^{b_i^h}\mathscr{F}_i^h(z,\{\mathbf{c}\})$$

Standard parametrisation, e.g.

$$\mathscr{F}_{i}^{h}(z, \{\mathbf{c}\}) = \frac{1 + \gamma_{i}^{h}(1-z)^{\delta_{i}^{h}}}{B[2+a_{i}^{h}, b_{i}^{h}+1] + \gamma_{i}^{h}B[2+a_{i}^{h}, b_{i}^{h}+\delta_{i}^{h}+1]}$$

in terms of a (relatively) small set of parameters ($\mathcal{O}(30)$ per PDF set)

$$\{\mathbf{a}\} = \{a_i^h, b_i^h\} \cup \{\mathbf{c}\} = \{a_i^h, b_i^h, \gamma_i^h, \delta_i^h\}$$

 \Rightarrow smooth behavior (a desirable feature for a PDF) \Rightarrow potential source of bias if the parametrisation is too rigid

2 Redundant parametrisation, e.g.

 $\mathscr{F}_{i}^{h}(z, \{\mathbf{c}\})$ is a neural network

in terms of a huge set of parameters ($\mathcal{O}(200)$ per PDF set)

$$\{\mathbf{a}\} = \{\omega_{ij}^{(L-1),f_i^h}, \theta_i^{(L),f_i^h}\}$$

 \Rightarrow potentially non-smooth

 \Rightarrow bias due to the parametrisation reduced as much as possible

Parametrisation: what a neural network exactly is?

A convenient functional form providing a flexible parametrization used as a generator of random functions in the FF space

EXAMPLE: MULTY-LAYER FEED-FORWARD PERCEPTRON



$$\begin{aligned} \xi_i^{(l)} &= g\left(\sum_{j}^{n_l-1} \omega_{ij}^{(l-1)} \xi_j^{(l-1)} - \theta_i^{(l)}\right) \\ g(y) &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}} \end{aligned}$$

- made of neurons grouped into layers (define the architecture)
- each neuron receives input from neurons in the preceding layer (feed-forward NN)
- activation $\xi_i^{(l)}$ determined by a set of parameters (weights and thresholds)
- activation determined according to a non-linear function (except the last layer)

Parametrisation: what a neural network exactly is?

EXAMPLE: THE SIMPLEST 1-2-1 MULTI-LAYER FEED-FORWARD PERCEPTRON



$$f(z) \equiv \xi_1^{(3)} = \left\{ 1 + \exp\left[\theta_1^{(3)} - \frac{\omega_{11}^{(2)}}{1 + e^{\theta_1^{(2)} - x\omega_{11}^{(1)}}} - \frac{\omega_{12}^{(2)}}{1 + e^{\theta_2^{(2)} - x\omega_{21}^{(1)}}}\right] \right\}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Recall:} \qquad \xi_i^{(l)} = g\left(\sum_{j}^{n_l-1} \omega_{ij}^{(l-1)} \xi_j^{(l-1)} - \theta_i^{(l)}\right) \ ; \qquad g(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$

Parametrisation: standard vs redundant

HERA-LHC 2009 PDF benchmark



FFs of light charged hadrons

Parameter optimisation

Optimisation usually performed by means of simple gradient descent:

compute and minimise the gradient of the fit quality with respect to the fit parameters

$$\frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial a_i}, \quad \text{for } i = 1, \dots, N_{\text{par}} \quad \chi^2 = \sum_{i,j}^{\text{Ndat}} \left(T_i[\{\mathbf{a}\}] - D_i \right) \left(\text{cov}^{-1} \right)_{ij} \left(T_j[\{\mathbf{a}\}] - D_j \right)$$

$$(\operatorname{cov})_{ij} = \delta_{ij} s_i^2 + \left(\sum_{\alpha}^{N_c} \sigma_{i,\alpha}^{(c)} \sigma_{j,\alpha}^{(c)} + \sum_{\alpha}^{N_{\mathcal{L}}} \sigma_{i,\alpha}^{(\mathcal{L})} \sigma_{j,\alpha}^{(\mathcal{L})} \right) D_i D_j$$

Optimisation should minimise the noise in the χ^2 driven by noisy experimental data

Additional complications in case of a redundant parametrisation (huge parameter space)

● need to explore the parameter space as uniformly as possible (in order to avoid stopping the fit in a local minimum) → genetic algorithms

- ② need for a computationally efficient minimisation (non-trivial relationship between FFs and observables via convolution) → adaptive algorithms
- need to define a criterion for minimisation stopping (avoid learning statistical fluctuations of the data)
 - $\longrightarrow {\sf cross-validation}$

The Hessian method: general strategy

() Expand the χ^2 about its global minimum at first (nontrivial) order

$$\chi^{2}\{\mathbf{a}\} \approx \chi^{2}\{\mathbf{a}_{0}\} + \delta a^{i} H_{ij} \delta a^{j}, \qquad H_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left. \frac{\partial^{2} \chi^{2}\{\mathbf{a}\}}{\partial a_{i} \partial a_{j}} \right|_{\{\mathbf{a}\} = \{\mathbf{a}_{0}\}}$$

 ${\ensuremath{ @ 0 } }$ Assume linear error propagation for any observable ${\ensuremath{ \mathcal O } }$ depending on $\{ {\mathbf a} \}$

$$\mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}\} \approx \mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{0}}\} + a_{i} \left. \frac{\partial \mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}\}}{\partial a_{i}} \right|_{\{\mathbf{a}\} = \{\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{0}}\}} \qquad \sigma_{\mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}\}} \approx \sigma_{ij} \frac{\partial \mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}\}}{\partial a_{i}} \left. \frac{\partial \mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}\}}{\partial a_{j}} \right|_{\{\mathbf{a}\} = \{\mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{0}}\}}$$

3 Determine σ_{ij} from H_{ij} from maximum likelihood (under Gaussian hypothesis)

$$\sigma_{ij}^{-1} = \left. \frac{\partial^2 \chi^2 \{\mathbf{a}\}}{\partial a_i \partial a_j} \right|_{\{\mathbf{a}\} = \{\mathbf{a}_0\}} = H_{ij}$$

• A C.L. about the best fit is obtained as the volume (in parameter space) about χ^2 {a₀} that corresponds to a fixed increase of the χ^2 ; for Gaussian uncertainties:

68% C.L.
$$\iff \Delta \chi^2 = \chi^2 \{ \mathbf{a} \} - \chi^2 \{ \mathbf{a}_0 \} = 1$$

The Hessian method: some remarks

Q Parameters can always be adjusted so that all eigenvalues of H_{ij} are equal to one (diagonalise H_{ij} and rescale the eigenvectors by their eigenvalues)

$$\delta a_i H_{ij} \delta a_j = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{par}}} \left[a'_i(a_i) \right]^2 \Longleftrightarrow \sigma_{\mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}'\}} = \left| \nabla' \mathcal{O}\{\mathbf{a}'\} \right|$$

② Compact representation and computation of observables and their uncertainties

 $\langle \mathcal{O}[D(x,Q^2)] \rangle = \mathcal{O}[D_0(x,Q^2)]$

$$\sigma_{\mathcal{O}}[D(x,Q^2)] = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{par}}} \left(\mathcal{O}[D_i(x,Q^2)] - \mathcal{O}[D_0(x,Q^2)]\right)^2\right]^{1/2}$$

- 3 Uncertainties obtained with $\Delta \chi^2 = 1$ might be unrealistically small (inadequacy of the linear approximation)
- Rescale to the $\Delta \chi^2 = T$ interval such that correct C.L.s are reproduced (no statistically rigorous interpretation of T (tolerance)
- Inmanageable Hessian matrix if the numer of parameters is huge

The Monte Carlo method: general strategy

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{0}} \ensuremath{\textcircled{0}} \ensurema$

 $\mathcal{O}_i^{(art)(k)} = \mathcal{O}_i^{(exp)} + r_i^{(k)} \sigma_{\mathcal{O}_i} , \qquad i = 1, \dots N_{\text{dat}} , \qquad k = 1, \dots, N_{\text{rep}}$

where r_i^(k) are (Gaussianly distributed) random numbers for each k-th replica (r_i^(k) can be generated with any distribution, not neccesarily Gaussian)
 Validate the Monte Carlo sample size against experimental data

- Solution Perform a fit for each replica $k = 1, \ldots, N_{rep}$
- Compact computation of observables and their uncertainties (PDF replicas are equally probable members of a statistical ensemble)

$$\langle \mathcal{O}[D(x,Q^2)] \rangle = \frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} \mathcal{O}[D^{(k)}(x,Q^2)]$$
$$\sigma_{\mathcal{O}}[D(x,Q^2)] = \left[\frac{1}{N_{\text{rep}}-1} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{\text{rep}}} \left(\mathcal{O}[D^{(k)}(x,Q^2)] - \langle \mathcal{O}[D(x,Q^2)] \rangle \right)^2\right]^{1/2}$$

- \Rightarrow no need to rely on linear approximation
- \Rightarrow computational expensive: need to perform $\mathit{N}_{\mathrm{rep}}$ fits instead of one

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FFs of light charged hadrons

Methodology validation: closure tests [JHEP 1504 (2015) 040]

Validation and optimization of the fitting strategy with known underlying physical law



Full control of procedural uncertainties

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FFs of light charged hadrons

Closure tests: levels

- \blacksquare Level 0: generate pseudodata D^0_i with zero uncertainty
 - (but $(\mathrm{cov})_{ij}$ in the χ^2 is the data covariance matrix)
 - \rightarrow fit quality can be arbitrarily good, if the fitting methodology is efficient: $\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}\sim 0$
 - \rightarrow validate fitting methodology (parametrisation, minimisation)
 - \rightarrow interpolation and extrapolation uncertainty
- 2 Level 1: generate pseudodata D_i^1 with stochastic fluctuations (no replicas)

$$D_i^1 = (1 + r_i^{\mathrm{nor}} \sigma_i^{\mathrm{nor}}) \left(D_i^0 + \sum_p^{N_{\mathrm{sys}}} r_{i,p}^{\mathrm{sys}} \sigma_{i,p}^{\mathrm{sys}} + r_i^{\mathrm{stat}} \sigma_i^{\mathrm{stat}} \right)$$

- \rightarrow experimental uncertainties are not propagated into FFs: $\chi^2/N_{dat}\sim 1$
- \rightarrow functional uncertainty (a large number of functional forms with equally good $\chi^2)$
- § Level 2: generate $N_{\rm rep}$ Monte Carlo pseudodata replicas $D_i^{2,k}$ on top of Level 1

$$D_i^{2,k} = (1 + r_i^{\text{nor},k} \sigma_i^{\text{nor}}) \left(D_i^1 + \sum_p^{N_{\text{sys}}} r_{i,p}^{\text{sys},k} \sigma_{i,p}^{\text{sys}} + r_i^{\text{stat},k} \sigma_i^{\text{stat}} \right)$$

ightarrow propagate the fluctuations due to experimental uncertainties into FFs: $\chi^2/N_{
m dat}\sim 1$

 \rightarrow input FFs lie within the one-sigma band of the fitted FFs with a probability of \sim 68%

 \rightarrow data uncertainty

3. The NNFF1.0 analysis

[EPJ C77 (2017) 516]

The dataset



 CERN-LEP:
 ALEPH
 [ZP C66 (1995) 353]
 DELPHI
 [EPJ C18 (2000) 203]
 OPAL
 [ZP C63 (1994) 181]

 KEK:
 BELLE
 $(n_f = 4)$ [PRL 111 (2013) 062002]
 TOPAZ
 [PL B345 (1995) 335]

 DESY-PETRA:
 TASSO
 [PL B94 (1980) 444, ZP C17 (1983) 5, ZP C42 (1989) 189]

 SLAC:
 BABAR
 $(n_f = 4)$ [PRD88 (2013) 032011]
 SLD
 [PRD58 (1999) 052001]
 TPC
 [PRL61 (1988) 1263]

 $\frac{d\sigma^h}{dz} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2(Q^2)}{Q^2} \mathcal{F}_2^h(z,Q^2) \quad h = \pi^+ + \pi^-, \, K^+ + K^-, \, p + \bar{p} \quad \text{possibly normalised to } \sigma_{\text{tot}}$

$$N_{\rm dat}^{\pi^{\pm}} = 428$$
 $N_{\rm dat}^{K^{\pm}} = 385$ $N_{\rm dat}^{p/\bar{p}} = 360$

From observables to fragmentation functions

$$\mathcal{F}_{2}^{h} = \langle e^{2} \rangle \left\{ C_{2,q}^{\mathrm{S}} \otimes D_{\Sigma}^{h} + n_{f} \mathcal{C}_{2,g}^{\mathrm{S}} \otimes D_{g}^{h} + \mathcal{C}_{2,q}^{\mathrm{NS}} \otimes D_{\mathrm{NS}}^{h} \right\}$$

$$\langle e^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{n_f} \sum_{q=1}^{n_f} \hat{e}_q^2 \qquad D_{\Sigma}^h = \sum_{q=1}^{n_f} D_{q^+}^h \qquad D_{\rm NS}^h = \sum_{q=1}^{n_f} \left(\frac{\hat{e}_q^2}{\langle e^2 \rangle} - 1 \right) D_{q^+}^h \qquad D_{q^+}^h = D_q^h + D_{\bar{q}}^h$$

Coefficient functions and splitting functions known up to NNLO [NPB 751 (2006) 18; NPB 749 (2006) 1; PLB 638 (2006) 61; NPB 845 (2012) 133]

$$\begin{split} F_2^{h,n_f=5} = & \frac{1}{5} \left[\left(2\hat{e}_u^2 + 3\hat{e}_d^2 \right) C_{2,q}^{\mathrm{S}} + 3 \left(\hat{e}_u^2 - \hat{e}_d^2 \right) C_{2,q}^{\mathrm{NS}} \right] \otimes \left(D_{u^+}^h + D_{c^+}^h \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{5} \left[\left(2\hat{e}_u^2 + 3\hat{e}_d^2 \right) C_{2,q}^{\mathrm{S}} - 2 \left(\hat{e}_u^2 - \hat{e}_d^2 \right) C_{2,q}^{\mathrm{NS}} \right] \otimes \left(D_{d^+}^h + D_{s^+}^h + D_{b^+}^h \right) \\ & + \left(2\hat{e}_u^2 + 3\hat{e}_d^2 \right) C_{2,g}^{\mathrm{S}} \otimes D_g^h \end{split}$$

No sensitivity to individual quark and antiquark FFs

Limited sensitivity to flavour separation via the variation of \hat{e}_q with Q^2 $\hat{e}_u^2/\hat{e}_d^2(Q^2 = 10 \,\text{GeV}) \sim 4 \Rightarrow D_{u^+}^h$, $D_{d^+}^h + D_{s^+}^h$; $\hat{e}_u^2/\hat{e}_d^2(Q^2 = M_Z) \sim 0.8 \Rightarrow D_{\Sigma}^h$ Flavor separation between uds and c, b quarks achieved thanks to tagged data

Direct sensitivity to D_g^h only beyond LO, as $C_{2,g}^S$ is $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$, and tenous Indirect sensitivity to D_g^h via scale violations in the time-like DGLAP evolution

Fit settings

Physical parameters: consistent with the NNPDF3.1 PDF set [EPJ C77 (2017) 663]

 $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118, \ \alpha(M_Z) = 1/127, \ m_c = 1.51 \ {\rm GeV}, \ m_b = 4.92 \ {\rm GeV}$

Solution of DGLAP equations: numerical solution in *z*-space as implemented in APFEL extensive benchmark performed up to NNLO [JHEP 1503 (2015) 046]

Parametrisation: each FF is parametrised with a feed-forward neural network (2-5-3-1) $D_i^h(Q_0, z) = NN(x) - NN(1), \quad Q_0 = 5 \text{ GeV}$ $h = \pi^+ + \pi^-, \quad h = K^+ + K^-, \quad h = p + \bar{p} \qquad i = u^+, \quad d^+ + s^+, \quad c^+, \quad b^+, \quad g$ we assume charge conjugation, from which $D_{q^+}^{\pi^+} = D_{q^+}^{\pi^-}$ initial scale above m_b , but below the lowest c.m. energy of the data, avoid threshold crossing Heavy flavours: heavy-quark FFs are parametrised independently at the initial scale Q_0

Hadron mass corrections: included exactly à la Albino-Kniehl-Kramer [NPB 803 (2008) 42]

Kinematic cuts: $z \to 0$: contributions $\propto \ln z$; $z \to 1$: contributions $\propto \ln(1-z)$

$$z_{\min} = 0.075, \ z_{\min} = 0.02 \ (\sqrt{s} = M_Z); \ z_{\max} = 0.90$$

Momentum sum rule: check a posteriori that

$$\sum_{h=\pi^{\pm},K^{\pm},p/\bar{p}} \int_{z_{\min}}^{1} dz \, z D_{i}^{h}(z,Q) < N \qquad N \begin{cases} = 1 & \text{ for } i = g \\ = 2 & \text{ for } i = u^{+},c^{+},b^{+} \\ = 4 & \text{ for } i = d^{+}+s^{+} \end{cases}$$

Closure testing NNFF1.0



Fit quality: π^+



	I	NNLO theory	
Exp.	$N_{\rm dat}$	$\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}$	remarks
BELLE	70	0.09	lack of correlations
BABAR	40	0.78	Ø
TASSO12	4	0.87	small sample
TASSO14	9	1.70]
TASSO22	8	1.91	
TPC	13	0.85	Ø
TPC-UDS	6	0.49	Ø
TPC-C	6	0.52	Ø
TPC-B	6	1.43	Ø
TASSO34	9	1.00	Ø
TASSO44	6	2.34	data fluctuations
TOPAZ	5	0.80	Ø
ALEPH	23	0.78	Ø
DELPHI	21	1.86	tension with OPAL
DELPHI-UDS	21	1.54	tension with OPAL
DELPHI-B	21	0.95	Ø
OPAL	24	1.84	tension with DELPHI
SLD	34	0.83	Ø
SLD-UDS	34	0.52	Ø
SLD-C	34	1.06	Ø
SLD-B	34	0.36	Ø
TOTAL	428	0.87	Ø

Overall good description of the dataset Signs of tension OPAL vs DELPHI (inclusive) Anomalously small $\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}$ for BELLE

Dependence upon perturbative order: π^+



Exp.	N_{dat}	$\underset{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}{{}^{\rm LO}}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NLO}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NNLO}$
BELLE	70	0.60	0.11	0.09
BABAR	40	1.91	1.77	0.78
TASSO12	4	0.70	0.85	0.87
TASSO14	9	1.55	1.67	1.70
TASSO22	8	1.64	1.91	1.91
TPC	13	0.46	0.65	0.85
TPC-UDS	6	0.78	0.55	0.49
TPC-C	6	0.55	0.53	0.52
TPC-B	6	1.44	1.43	1.43
TASSO34	9	1.16	0.98	1.00
TASSO44	6	2.01	2.24	2.34
TOPAZ	5	1.04	0.82	0.80
ALEPH	23	1.68	0.90	0.78
DELPHI	21	1.44	1.79	1.86
DELPHI-UDS	21	1.30	1.48	1.54
DELPHI-B	21	1.21	0.99	0.95
OPAL	24	2.29	1.88	1.84
SLD	34	2.33	1.14	0.83
SLD-UDS	34	0.95	0.65	0.52
SLD-C	34	3.33	1.33	1.06
SLD-B	34	0.45	0.38	0.36
TOTAL	428	1.44	1.02	0.87

Excellent perturbative convergence FFs almost stable from NLO to NNLO LO FF uncertainties larger than HO

Dependence upon the dataset: π^+



NNLO theory Exp.	N_{dat}	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NNFF1.0}$	no BB $\chi^2/N_{ m dat}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm BB+LEP}$
BELLE	70	0.09	[4.92]	0.09
BABAR	40	0.78	[144]	0.88
TASSO12	4	0.87	0.52	[0.87]
TASSO14	9	1.70	1.38	[1.71]
TASSO22	8	1.91	1.29	[2.15]
TPC	13	0.85	2.12	[2.15]
TPC-UDS	6	0.49	0.54	[0.77]
TPC-C	6	0.52	0.74	[0.58]
TPC-B	6	1.43	1.60	[1.48]
TASSO34	9	1.00	1.17	[1.38]
TASSO44	6	2.34	2.52	[1.97]
TOPAZ	5	0.80	0.92	[1.72]
ALEPH	23	0.78	0.57	0.74
DELPHI	21	1.86	1.97	1.82
DELPHI-UDS	21	1.54	1.56	1.42
DELPHI-B	21	0.95	1.01	0.95
OPAL	24	1.84	1.75	1.92
SLD	34	0.83	0.87	0.95
SLD-UDS	34	0.52	0.53	0.63
SLD-C	34	1.06	0.69	0.96
SLD-B	34	0.36	0.49	0.37
TOTAL		0.87	1.06	0.82

no BB: larger uncertainties; different gluon shape and different light flavour separation BB+LEP: comparable uncertainties; slightly different size of gluon and light flavoured quarks

Dependence upon kinematic cuts: π^+

BL		no ci	uts	con.	cut	cut	1	cut	2
$z_{\min}^{(m_Z)}$	z_{\min}								
0.02	0.075	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.075



Dependence upon kinematic cuts: π^+

BL		no ci	uts	con.	cut	cut	1	cut	2
$z_{\min}^{(m_Z)}$	z_{\min}								
0.02	0.075	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.075



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Small-z resummed Fragmentation Functions [PRD 95 (2017) 054003]

– 436 Total data Points: –

- LEP cut (z = 0.01) due to inconsistency between OPAL and ALEPH

- TPC lower cut (z = 0.02) based on difference of energy fraction $z = 2 E_h/Q$ and three momentum fraction $x_p = z - 2m_h^2/(zQ^2) + O(1/Q^4)$ in c.m.s being less than at least 15%

accuracy	$v^2 = v^2/dof$
LO	$\frac{\chi}{1260.78}$ 2.89
NLO	354.10 0.81
NNLO	330.08 (0.76)
LO+LL	405.54 0.93
NLO+NNLL	352.28 0.81
NNLO+NNLL	329.96 (0.76)



Slide: courtesy of D. P. Anderle

Comparison with other FF determinations: π^+



DEHSS [PRD 91 (2015) 014035] (+SIDIS +PP)

JAM [PRD 94 (2016) 114004] (almost same dataset as NNFF1.0)

different cuts at small \boldsymbol{z}

 $D_{\Sigma}^{\pi^+}$: excellent mutual agreement both c.v. and unc. (bulk of the dataset)

 $D_g^{\pi^+}$: slight disagreement different shapes, larger uncertainties DEHSS: data; JAM: parametrisation

 $D_{u+}^{\pi^+}$, $D_{s+}^{\pi^+}$: good overall agreement excellent with JAM, though larger uncertainties slightly different shape w.r.t. DHESS (dataset)

 $D_{c+}^{\pi^+}$, $D_{b+}^{\pi^+}$: good overall agreement excellent with JAM, same uncertainties slightly different shape w.r.t. DHESS (dataset)

Fit quality: K^+

		NNLO th	eory
Exp.	$N_{\rm dat}$	$\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}$	remarks
BELLE	70	0.32	lack of correlations
BABAR	43	0.95	Ø
TASSO12	3	1.02)
TASSO14	9	2.07	small sample
TASSO22	6	2.62	J
TPC	13	1.01	Ø
TASSO34	5	0.36)
TOPAZ	3	0.99	<pre>small sample</pre>
ALEPH	18	0.56	Ø
DELPHI	22	0.34	Ø
DELPHI-UDS	22	1.32	Ø
DELPHI-B	22	0.52	Ø
OPAL	10	1.66	tension with other M_Z data
SLD	35	0.57	<i>⊠</i>
SLD-UDS	35	0.93	Ø
SLD-C	34	0.38	Ø
SLD-B	35	0.62	Ø
TOTAL	385	0.73	Ø

Overall good description of the dataset Excellent BELLE/BABAR consistency Signs of tension OPAL vs DELPHI (inclusive) Anomalously small $\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}$ for BELLE Dependence upon the data set and kin cuts similar to pions



Dependence upon perturbative order: K^+

Exp.	$N_{ m dat}$	$\underset{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}{\rm LO}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NLO}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NNLO}$
BELLE	70	0.21	0.32	0.32
BABAR	43	2.86	1.11	0.95
TASSO12	3	1.10	1.03	1.02
TASSO14	9	2.17	2.13	2.07
TASSO22	6	2.14	2.77	2.62
TPC	13	0.94	1.09	1.01
TASSO34	5	0.27	0.44	0.36
TOPAZ	3	0.61	1.19	0.99
ALEPH	18	0.47	0.55	0.56
DELPHI	22	0.28	0.33	0.34
DELPHI-UDS	22	1.38	1.49	1.32
DELPHI-B	22	0.58	0.49	0.52
OPAL	10	1.67	1.57	1.66
SLD	35	0.86	0.62	0.57
SLD-UDS	35	1.31	1.02	0.93
SLD-C	34	0.92	0.47	0.38
SLD-B	35	0.59	0.67	0.62
TOTAL	385	1.02	0.78	0.73

Excellent perturbative convergence FFs almost stable from NLO to NNLO LO FF uncertainties larger than HO

i	$\mathrm{N}^{i+1}\mathrm{LO}/\mathrm{N}^{i}\mathrm{LO}$	D_g	D_{Σ}	$D_{c}+$	$D_{b}+$
0	NLO/LO [%]	95-300	70-80	65-80	70-85
1	NNLO/NLO [%]	70-130	90-100	90-110	95-115



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FFs of light charged hadrons

Comparison with other FF determinations: K^+

DEHSS [PRD 95 (2017) 094019] (+SIDIS +PP)

JAM [PRD 94 (2016) 114004] (almost same dataset as NNFF1.0)

 $D_{\Sigma}^{\pi^+}$: excellent agreement (both c.v. and unc.) bulk of the dataset

 $D_g^{\pi^+}$: good mutual agreement similar shapes, larger uncertainties DEHSS: data; JAM: parametrisation

 $D_{u+}^{\pi+}$: mutual sizable disagreement differences in dataset and parametrisation comparable uncertainties in the data region

 $D_{d+}^{\pi+} + D_{s+}^{\pi+}$: fair mutual agreement differences in dataset and parametrisation comparable uncertainties in the data region

 $D_{c^+}^{\pi^+}$, $D_{b^+}^{\pi^+}$: excellent mutual agreement uncertainties similar to JAM DHESS shows inflated uncertainties



Dependence upon perturbative order: p/\bar{p}

Exp.	$N_{ m dat}$	$\underset{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}{{}^{\rm LO}}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NLO}$	$_{\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}}^{\rm NNLO}$
BABAR	43	0.10	0.31	0.50
BELLE	29	4.74	2.75	1.25
TASSO12	3	0.69	0.70	0.72
TASSO14	9	1.32	1.25	1.22
TASSO22	9	0.98	0.92	0.93
TPC	20	1.04	1.10	1.08
TASSO30	2	0.25	0.19	0.18
TASSO34	6	0.82	0.81	0.78
TOPAZ	4	0.79	1.21	0.19
ALEPH	26	1.36	1.43	1.28
DELPHI	22	0.48	0.49	0.49
DELPHI-UDS	22	0.47	0.46	0.45
DELPHI-B	22	0.89	0.89	0.91
SLD	36	0.66	0.65	0.64
SLD-UDS	36	0.77	0.76	0.78
SLD-C	36	1.22	1.22	1.21
SLD-B	35	1.12	1.29	1.33
TOTAL	360	1.31	1.13	0.98

Excellent perturbative convergence FFs almost stable from NLO to NNLO LO FF uncertainties larger than HO Dependence upon data set and kin cuts similar to pions and kaons



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FFs of light charged hadrons

Fragmentation functions of unidentified charged hadrons

Combine the information from identified π^{\pm} , K^{\pm} and p/\bar{p} FFs with that from residual light charged hadrons [arXiv:1709.03400] Preliminary analysis done consistently with NNFF1.0 (NLO)

Experiment	Observable	$\sqrt{s} \; [{\rm GeV}]$	N_{dat}	$\chi^2/N_{\rm dat}$
TASSO14	F_2 (incl.)	14.00	15 (20)	1.23
TASSO22	F_2 (incl.)	22.00	15 (20)	0.51
TPC	F_2 (incl.)	29.00	21 (34)	1.65
TASSO35	F_2 (incl.)	35.00	15 (20)	1.14
TASSO44	F_2 (incl.)	44.00	15 (20)	0.68
ALEPH	F_2 (incl.)	91.20	32 (35)	1.04
	F_L (incl.)	91.20	19 (21)	0.36
DELPHI	F_2	91.20	21 (27)	0.65
	F_2 (<i>uds</i> tagged)	91.20	21 (27)	0.17
	F_2 (b tagged)	91.20	21 (27)	0.82
	F_L (incl.)	91.20	20 (22)	0.72
	F_L (b tagged)	91.20	20 (22)	0.44
OPAL	F_2 (incl.)	91.20	20 (22)	2.41
	F_2 (<i>uds</i> tagged)	91.20	20 (22)	0.90
	F_2 (c tagged)	91.20	20 (22)	0.61
	F_2 (b tagged)	91.20	20 (22)	0.21
	F_L (incl.)	91.20	20 (22)	0.31
SLD	F_2	91.28	34 (40)	0.75
	F_2 (<i>uds</i> tagged)	91.28	34 (40)	1.03
	F_2 (c tagged)	91.28	34 (40)	0.62
	F_2 (b tagged)	91.28	34 (40)	0.97
Total dataset			471 (527)	0.83





Fragmentation functions of unidentified charged hadrons



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4. Summary and outlook

Conclusions

- A number of hard-scattering processes require an appropriate knowledge of FFs
 - probing nucleon momentum, spin and flavour
 - underlying spatial distributions and the dynamics of nuclear matter
- PFs are poorly known in comparison to PDFs
 - ▶ limited set of available data, observables often require PDFs and FFs simultanously
 - \blacktriangleright troubles in describing some observables fin pp and SIDIS rom current FF sets
- New analysis based on the NNPDF methodology, NNFF1.0
 - $\blacktriangleright\,$ at LO, NLO and NNLO, based on SIA data for π^{\pm} , K^{\pm} and p/\bar{p}
 - completely closure-tested, addresses methodological issues in previous analyses
 - detailed study of the stability of the results upon variations of the data set/kin cuts
 - ▶ FF uncertainties (gluon) seem to be underestimated in previous determinations
 - differences in shapes, to be further investigated
 - good description of the hadron spectra at the LHC within uncertainties
 - applicability limited by insensitivity to favoured/unfavoured FFs
- Future improvements
 - More global fits
 - Simultaneous fits of FFs and PDFs

More global fits

pions: $\chi^2_{\rm tot}/N_{\rm dat} = 1.19$

experiment		data	norm.	# data	χ^2
		type	N_i	in fit	
Tpc [48]		incl.	1.043	17	17.3
		uds tag	1.043	9	2.1
		c tag	1.043	9	5.9
		b tag	1.043	9	9.2
Tasso [49]	34 GeV	incl.	1.043	11	30.2
	44 GeV	incl.	1.043	7	22.2
Sld [19]		incl.	0.986	28	15.3
		uds tag	0.986	17	18.5
		c tag	0.986	17	16.1
		b tag	0.986	17	5.8
Aleph [16]		incl.	1.020	22	22.9
Delphi [17]		incl.	1.000	17	28.3
		uds tag	1.000	17	33.3
		b tag	1.000	17	10.6
Opal [18, 20]		incl.	1.000	21	14.0
		u tag	0.786	5	31.6
		d tag	0.786	5	33.0
		s tag	0.786	5	51.3
		c tag	0.786	5	30.4
		b tag	0.786	5	14.6
BABAR [28]		incl.	1.031	45	46.4
Belle [29]		incl.	1.044	78	44.0
Hermes [30]		π^{+} (p)	0.980	32	27.8
		$\pi^{-}(p)$	0.980	32	47.8
		π^{+} (d)	0.981	32	40.3
		π^{-} (d)	0.981	32	59.1
Compass [31]	prel.	π^{+} (d)	0.946	199	174.2
_	-	π^{-} (d)	0.946	199	229.0
Phenix [21]		π ⁰	1.112	15	15.8
Star [33-36]	$0 \le \eta \le 1$	π^0	1.161	7	5.7
0.8	$< \eta < 2.0$	π^0	0.954	7	2.7
	$ \eta < 0.5$	π^{\pm}	1.071	8	4.3
	$ \eta < 0.5$	$\pi^{+}, \pi^{-}/\pi^{+}$	1.006	16	17.2
ALICE 32	7 TeV	$\pi^{0'}$	0.766	11	27.7
TOTAL:				973	1154.6





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Simultaneous fits [PRL 119 (2017) 132001]





 $\Delta s^{+} = -0.03 \pm 0.09$ $\Delta \Sigma = 0.36 \pm 0.09 \qquad \Delta u - \Delta d = 0.05 \pm 0.08$