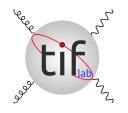




### INTRINSIC CHARM IN THE PROTON

# STEFANO FORTE UNIVERSITÀ DI MILANO & INFN







IRN TERASCALE MEETING

BONN, MARCH 29, 2022





### INTRINSIC CHARM IN THE PROTON

### THE NNPDF COLLABORATION

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### AMSTERDAM-EDINBURGH-INFN-MILAN-NIKHEF







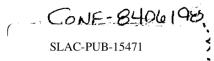
IRN TERASCALE MEETING

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### "INTRINSIC" CONSTITUENTS IN THE PROTON

AT THE SSC (1984)

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INTRINSIC CHEVROLETS AT THE SSC

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#### Summary

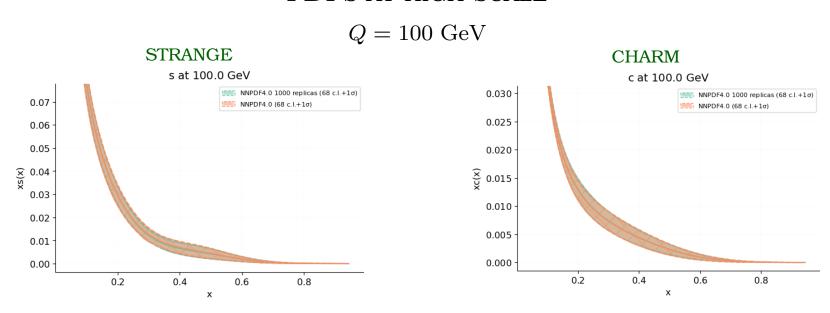
The possibility of the production at high energy of heavy quarks, supersymmetric particles and other large mass colored systems via the intrinsic twist-six components in the proton wave function is discussed. While the existing data do not rule out the possible relevance of intrinsic charm production at present energies, the extrapolation of such intrinsic contributions to very high masses and energies suggests that they will not play an important role at the SSC.

sufficiently large. The data from the EMC collaboration<sup>4</sup> on deep-inelastic muon scattering could also be interpreted as suggesting an unexpectedly large charm structure function in the region x > 0.3.

The possible existence of such a new production mechanism is of great importance for design considerations at the SSC<sup>5,6</sup>. An example of the importance of this issue is that, if intrinsic large x production is dominant, experiments and, perhaps, even the machine should be designed to focus on the forward "diffractive" regime<sup>5</sup>. The questions of the second contraction of the sec

### IS IT TRIVIAL?

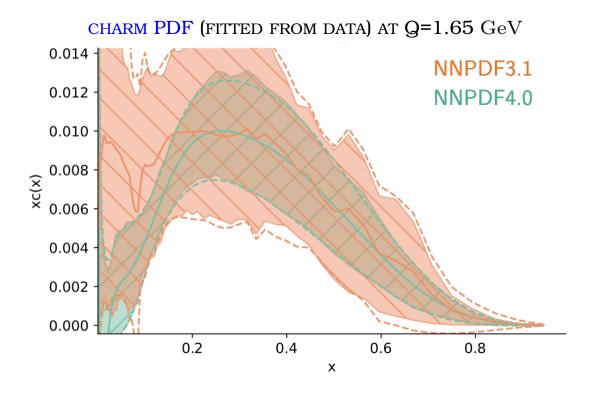
### PDFs at high scale



- SEA PDFS AT HIGH SCALE ALL LOOK ALIKE
- IF  $Q\gg m_c$ , CHARM MASS NEGLIGIBLE:  $\ln\frac{Q^2+m_c^2}{m_c^2}\approx\ln\frac{Q^2}{m_c^2}$
- GLUON RADIATION IS FLAVOR BLIND

### **DECOUPLING**

EVOLVE CHARM PDF ( $N_f=4$  SCHEME) DOWN TO  $Q\sim m_c$ 



- IF  $Q \sim m_c$  ( $m_c = 1.51$  GeV), CHARM QUARK DECOUPLES (Collins, Wilczek, Zee, 1978):  $\ln \frac{Q^2 + m_c^2}{m_c^2} \approx \frac{m_c^2}{Q^2}$
- $N_f=3$  active flavors in  $\beta$  function & evolution equations
- DECOUPLING VS  $\overline{\mathrm{MS}}\Leftrightarrow$  DIFFERENT RENORMALIZATION & FACTORIZATION SCHEMES

### **MATCHING**

### • PDFs, $\alpha_s$ in $N_f = 3 \& N_f = 4$ RELATED BY MATCHING CONDITIONS

### OME CONTRIBUTING TO THE CHARM PDF

SOLID  $\Rightarrow$  HEAVY; DASHED  $\Rightarrow$  LIGHT

M. Buza et al.: Charm

• DETERMINED BY COMPUTING

OPERATOR MATRIX ELEMENTS

IN EITHER SCHEME AND EQUATING:

NNLO (Buza, et al., 1998),

N<sup>3</sup>LO (Ablinger, Blümlein et al, 2009-2017)

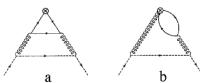
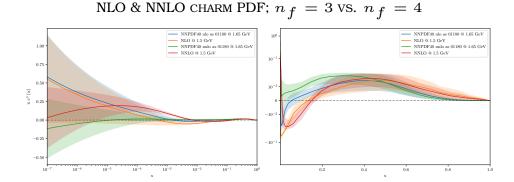


Fig. 2.  $O(\alpha_s^2)$  contributions to the purely-singlet OME  $A_{q'q}^{\rm PS}$ . Here q and q' are represented by the dashed and solid lines respectively. In the case of q'=H these graphs contribute to the heavy-quark OME  $A_{Hq}^{\rm PS}$ 

### PERTURBATIVE CHARM

- ullet no charm PDF in  $N_f=3$  scheme
- IN  $N_f=4$  SCHEME CHARM DETERMINED BY PERTURBATIVE MATCHING STARTING AT NNLO (TWO LOOPS) DOES NOT VANISH (HEAVY QUARK LOOPS)



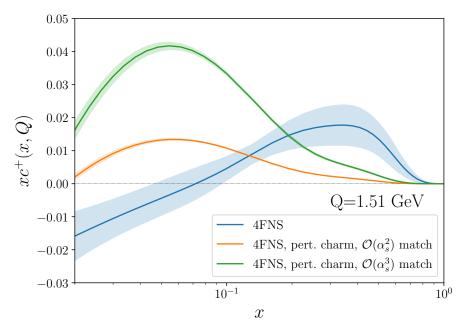
### **INTRINSIC CHARM**

- $n_f = 3$  scheme  $\Rightarrow$  charm PDF scale-independent (no collinear logs)
- PERTURBATIVE CHARM  $\Leftrightarrow$  VANISHING  $n_f=3$  CHARM
- CHARM PDF AT ALL SCALES FULLY DETERMINED BY MATCHING CONDITIONS

INTRINSIC CHARM  $\Leftrightarrow$  NONVANISHING STATIC  $n_f = 3$ -SCHEME CHARM PDF

### THE NNPDF4.0 CHARM PDF ( $n_f = 4$ SCHEME)

- NNPDF4.0 CHARM PDF  $\Rightarrow$  DETERMINED FROM THE DATA ALONG WITH ALL OTHER PDFS:
  - MORE REALISTIC UNCERTAINTIES
  - STABLE UPON VARIATION OF  $m_c$
  - INDEPENDENT OF MATCHING CONDITIONS
- DIFFERS SIGNIFICANTLY FROM PERTURBATIVE CHARM
- MATCHING CONDITIONS PERTURBATIVELY UNSTABLE!



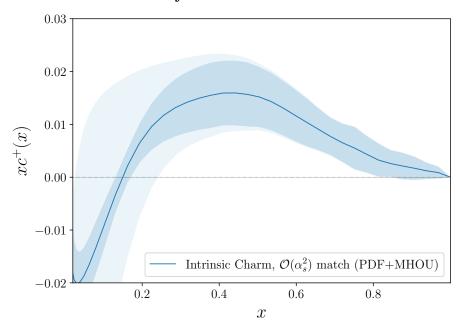
### INTRINSIC CHARM?

- INVERT MATCHING CONDITIONS  $\Rightarrow N_f = 3$  CHARM PDF
- COMPARE NNLO & N<sup>3</sup>LO INVERSION TO CONTROL MHOU

INTRINSIC CHARM!
THE EKO CODE (Candido, Hekhorn, Magni, 2022)

- IMPLEMENTS DIRECT & INVERSE EVOLUTION & MATCHING
- N<sup>3</sup>LO MATCHING ALSO IMPLEMENTED

THE INTRINSIC ( $N_f = 3$ ) CHARM PDF (NNLO)

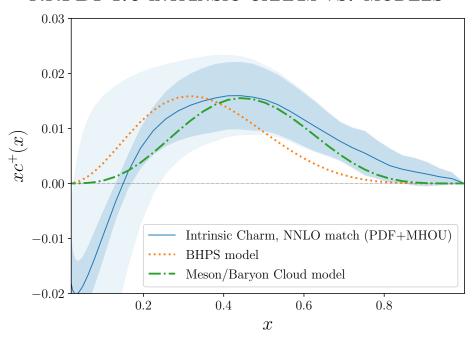


- MHOU ESTIMATED FROM N<sup>3</sup>LO-NNLO DIFFERENCE
  - LARGE UNCERTAINTY AT SMALL x
  - NEGLIGIBLE UNCERTAINTY IN VALENCE REGION
- COMPATIBLE WITH ZERO AT SMALL x
- CLEAR EVIDENCE FOR "INTRINSIC" VALENCE PEAK

### **MODELS**

- SHAPE OF INTRINSIC CHARM PREDICTED BY MODELS
- FOCK-SPACE WAVE FUNCTION (Brosky, Hoyer, Peterson, Sakai, 1980)
- MESON CLOUD (Hobbs, Londergan, Melnitchouk, 2014)

NNPDF4.0 INTRINSIC CHARM VS. MODELS

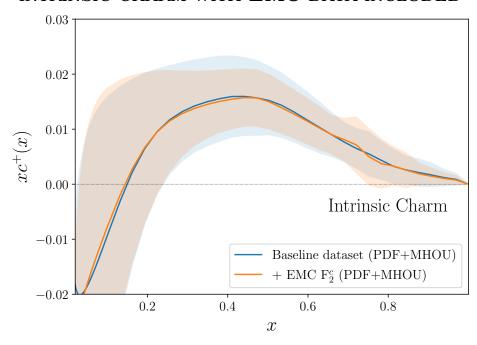


SURPRIZING AGREEMENT!

### MORE DATA EMC 1983

- ullet DIRECT MEASUREMENT OF THE CHARM STRUCTURE FUNCTION  $F_2^c$
- EVIDENCE FOR INTRINSIC CHARM CLAIMED, BUT EXPERIMENT DISPUTED
- NOT INCLUDED IN DEFAULT NNPDF4.0

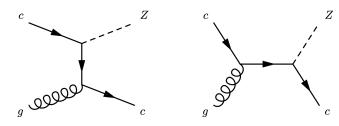
### INTRINSIC CHARM WITH EMC DATA INCLUDED



COMPLETE CONSISTENCY!

### MORE DATA LHCB 2021

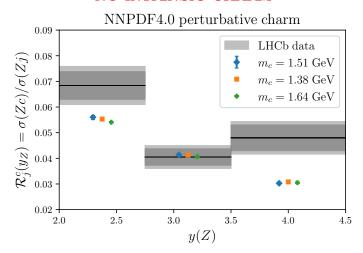
### MEASUREMENT OF Z+CHARM PRODUCTION

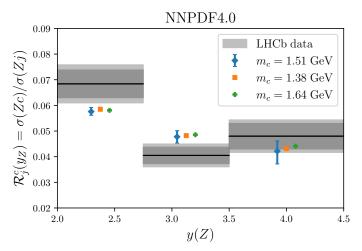


### DATA VS THEORY PREDICTION

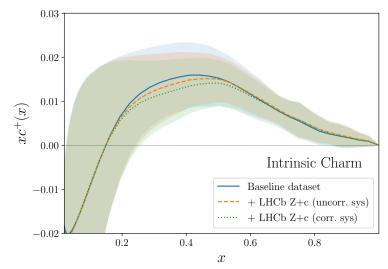
#### NO INTRINSIC CHARM

#### NNPDF4.0 INTRINSIC CHARM

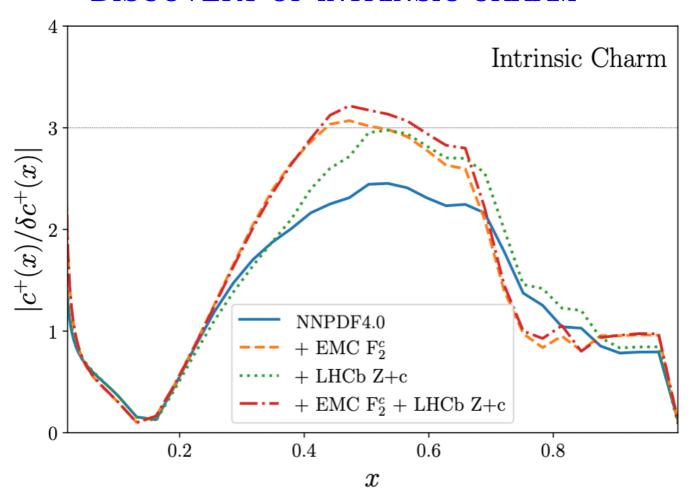




### INTRINSIC CHARM WITH LHCB DATA INCLUDED: COMPLETE CONSISTENCY



### DISCOVERY OF INTRINSIC CHARM



More than 3  $\sigma$  evidence

### **SUMMARY**

### WE FITTED THE CHARM PDF IN ORDER TO GET

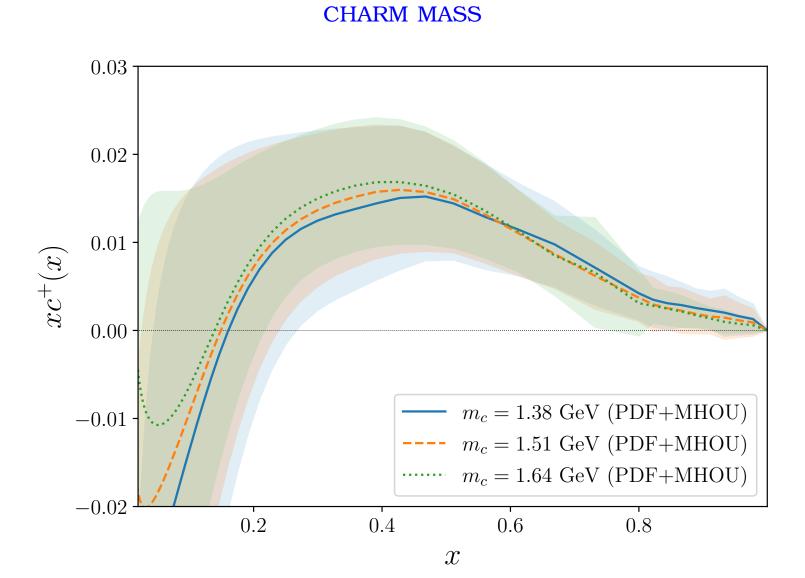
- REALISTIC ERROR ESTIMATE
- NO STRONG DEPENDENCE ON CHARM MASS
- NO SENSITIVITY TO MHOU IN MATCHING CONDITION

#### WE FOUND

- LARGE UNCERTAINTIES AND CHARM COMPATIBLE WITH ZERO AT SMALL x
- THREE- $\sigma$  EVIDENCE FOR AN INTRINSIC CHARM VALENCE PEAK

## **EXTRAS**

## STABILITY:



### STABILITY:

### DATA SUBSETS

