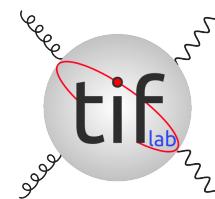


VALENCE CHARM IN THE PROTON

STEFANO FORTE
UNIVERSITÀ DI MILANO & INFN



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO
DIPARTIMENTO DI FISICA



HEAVY FLAVORS AT HIGH p_T

EDINBURGH, NOVEMBER 30, 2023



VALENCE CHARM IN THE PROTON

THE NNPDF COLLABORATION

RICHARD D. BALL, ALESSANDRO CANDIDO, JUAN CRUZ MARTINEZ,
STEFANO FORTE, TOMMASO GIANI, FELIX HEKHORN, KIRILL KUDASHKIN,
GIACOMO MAGNI, EMANUELE R. NOCERA, JUAN ROJO AND ROY STEGEMAN

AMSTERDAM-CERN-EDINBURGH-INFN-MILAN-NIKHEF-TURIN-YVÄSKYLÄ



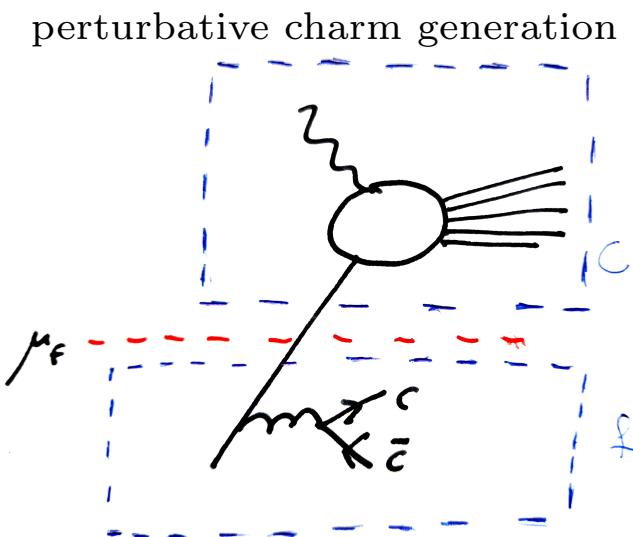
HEAVY FLAVORS AT HIGH p_T

EDINBURGH, NOVEMBER 30, 2023

INTRINSIC CHARM?

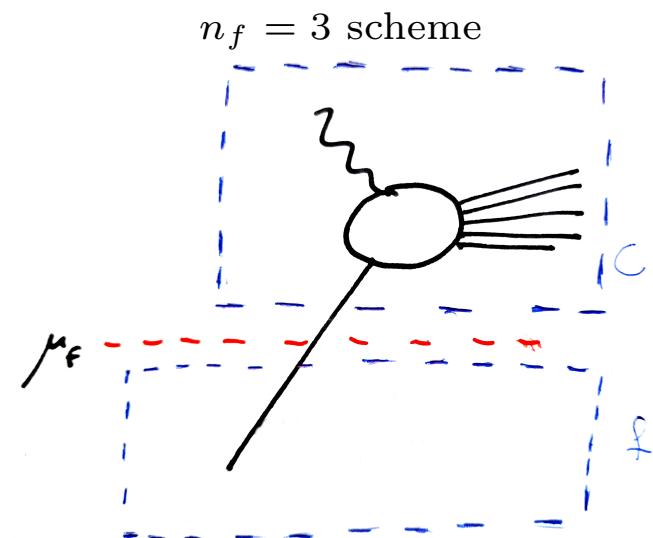
WHAT IS NOT INTRINSIC CHARM?

- FACTORIZED STRUCTURE FUNCTION: $F_2 = \sum_i C_i \otimes f_i$
- COLLINEAR PARTON RADIATION \Rightarrow MASS SINGULARITIES INCLUDED IN PDFs f_i UP TO μ_f
- CHARM PDF PERTURBATIVELY GENERATED BY QCD EVOLUTION
- MASSIVE QUARKS \Rightarrow NO COLLINEAR SINGULARITY
- .
- .



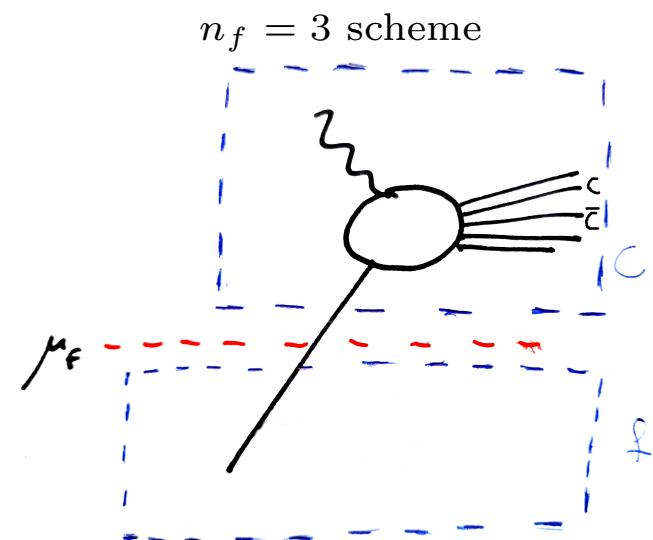
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- MAY WORK IN $n_f = 3$ SCHEME \Rightarrow CHARM DECOUPLES FROM PDF EVOLUTION
- .



WHAT IS NOT INTRINSIC CHARM?

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- PERTURBATIVE CHARM PRODUCTION IN COEFFICIENT FUNCTION



DECOUPLING

- DECOUPLING SCHEME \Rightarrow HEAVY FLAVOR GRAPHS
SUBTRACTED AT ZERO MOMENTUM (Collins, Wilczek, Zee, 1978)
- $N_f = 3$ ACTIVE FLAVORS IN β FUNCTION & EVOLUTION EQUATIONS
- DECOUPLING VS $\overline{\text{MS}}$ \Leftrightarrow DIFFERENT RENORMALIZATION & FACTORIZATION SCHEMES

MATCHING

- PDFs, α_s IN $N_f = 3$ & $N_f = 4$
RELATED BY MATCHING CONDITIONS
- DETERMINED BY COMPUTING
OPERATOR MATRIX ELEMENTS
IN EITHER SCHEME AND EQUATING:
NNLO (Buza, et al., 1998),
N³LO (Ablinger, Blümlein et al,
2009-ongoing)

OME CONTRIBUTING
TO THE CHARM PDF
SOLID \Rightarrow HEAVY; DASHED \Rightarrow LIGHT

M. Buza et al.: Charm



Fig. 2. $O(\alpha_s^2)$ contributions to the purely-singlet OME $A_{q'q}^{\text{PS}}$. Here q and q' are represented by the dashed and solid lines respectively. In the case of $q' = H$ these graphs contribute to the heavy-quark OME A_{Hq}^{PS}

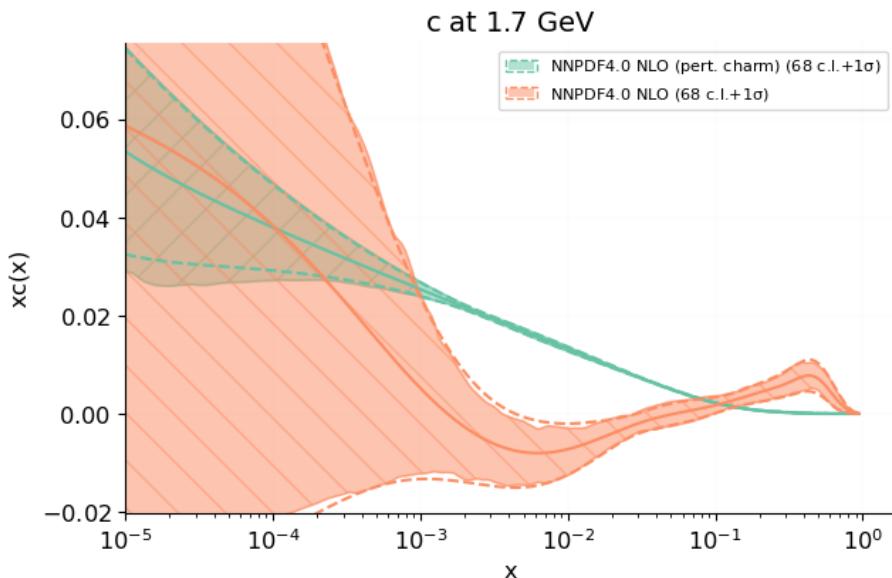
WHAT IS NOT INTRINSIC CHARM?

PERTURBATIVE CHARM

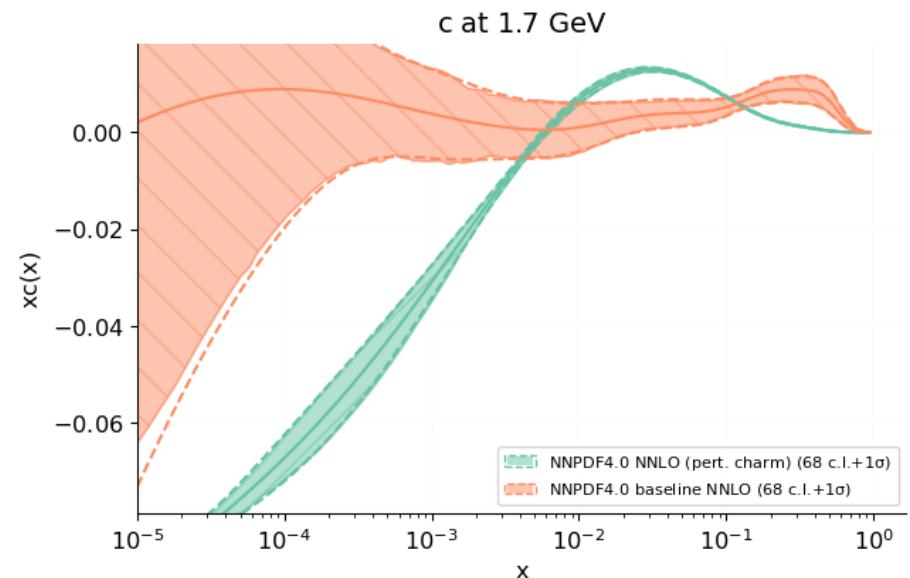
- IN $N_f = 3$ SCHEME CHARM PDF VANISHES
- IN $N_f = 4$ SCHEME, CHARM DETERMINED BY PERTURBATIVE MATCHING
- STARTING AT NNLO (TWO LOOPS) DOES NOT VANISH AT ANY SCALE

PERTURBATIVE CHARM PDF, $n_f = 4$ SCHEME, $Q=1.7$ GeV

NLO



NNLO



WHAT IS INTRINSIC CHARM?

- **DEFINE** CHARM PDF AS OME:

$$\langle p | \bar{c} \gamma^{\mu_1} D^{\mu_2} \dots D^{\mu_n} c | p \rangle = A_c^n p^{\mu_1} \dots p^{\mu_n} - \text{traces}$$

$$A_c^n = \int_0^1 dx x^{n-1} c(x)$$

- DO NOT FACTOR CHARM MASS SINGULARITIES INTO OME
- \Rightarrow **CHOOSE** $n_f = 3$ SCHEME
- **CHARM PDF PURELY INTRINSIC**, SCALE-INDEPENDENT

INTRINSIC CHARM IS CHARM IN THE $N_F = 3$ (DECOUPLING) SCHEME

HOW CAN ONE MEASURE INTRINSIC CHARM? (ALMOST) LIKE ANY OTHER PDF

- DETERMINE PDFs FROM DATA
- GO TO $n_f = 3$ SCHEME
- LOOK AT RESULT

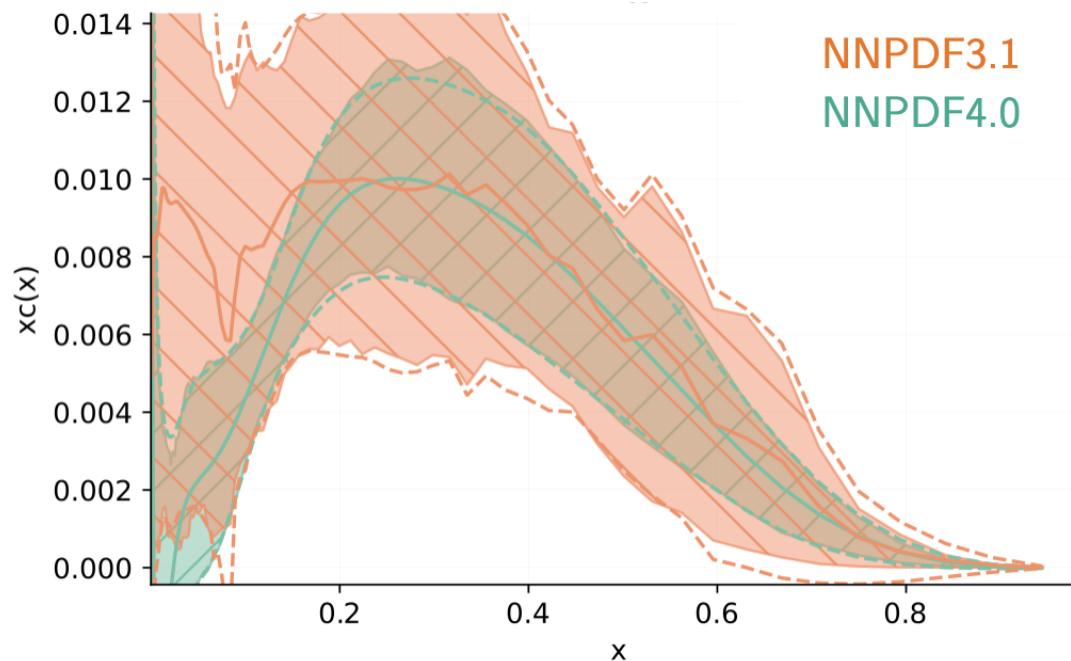
TWO POSSIBILITIES

- PARAMETRIZE PDFS IN $n_f = 3$ SCHEME AND MATCH UP FOR FITTING
- PARAMETRIZE PDFS IN $n_f = 4$ SCHEME AND MATCH DOWN FOR DETERMINING IC
- LARGE N³LO CORRECTIONS TO MATCHING (Blümlein, Ablinger et al.)
⇒ LARGE MHOU AT NNLO

DISCOVERY OF INTRINSIC CHARM

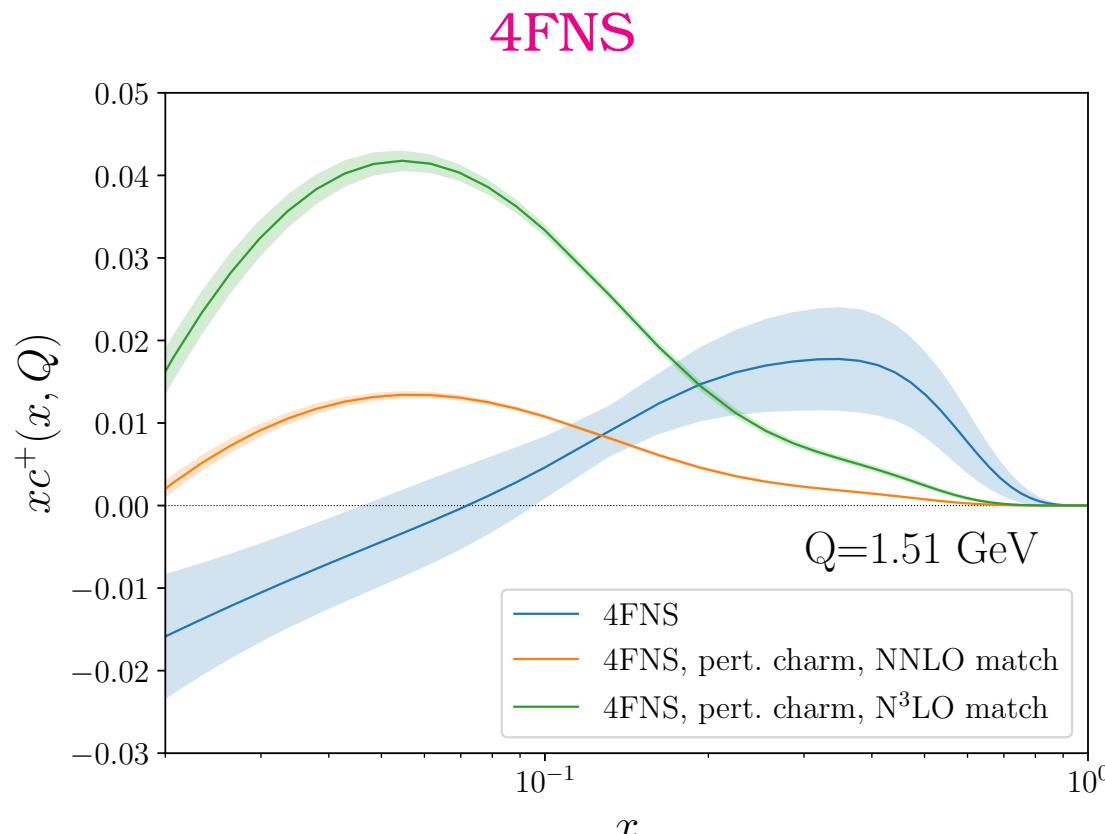
THE CHARM PDF ($n_f = 4$ SCHEME) NNPDF4.0 vs. NNPDF3.1

- NNPDF CHARM PDF \Rightarrow DETERMINED FROM THE DATA ALONG WITH ALL OTHER PDFs:
 - MORE REALISTIC UNCERTAINTIES
 - INDEPENDENT OF MATCHING CONDITIONS:
 - * STABLE UPON VARIATION OF m_c
 - * INSENSITIVE TO MHO CORRECTIONS
- NNPDF4.0 AND NNPDF3.1 FULL AGREEMENT
- NNPDF4.0 SIGNIFICANTLY SMALLER UNCERTAINTIES THANKS TO ML METHODOLOGY



THE CHARM PDF: FITTED VS PERTURBATIVE

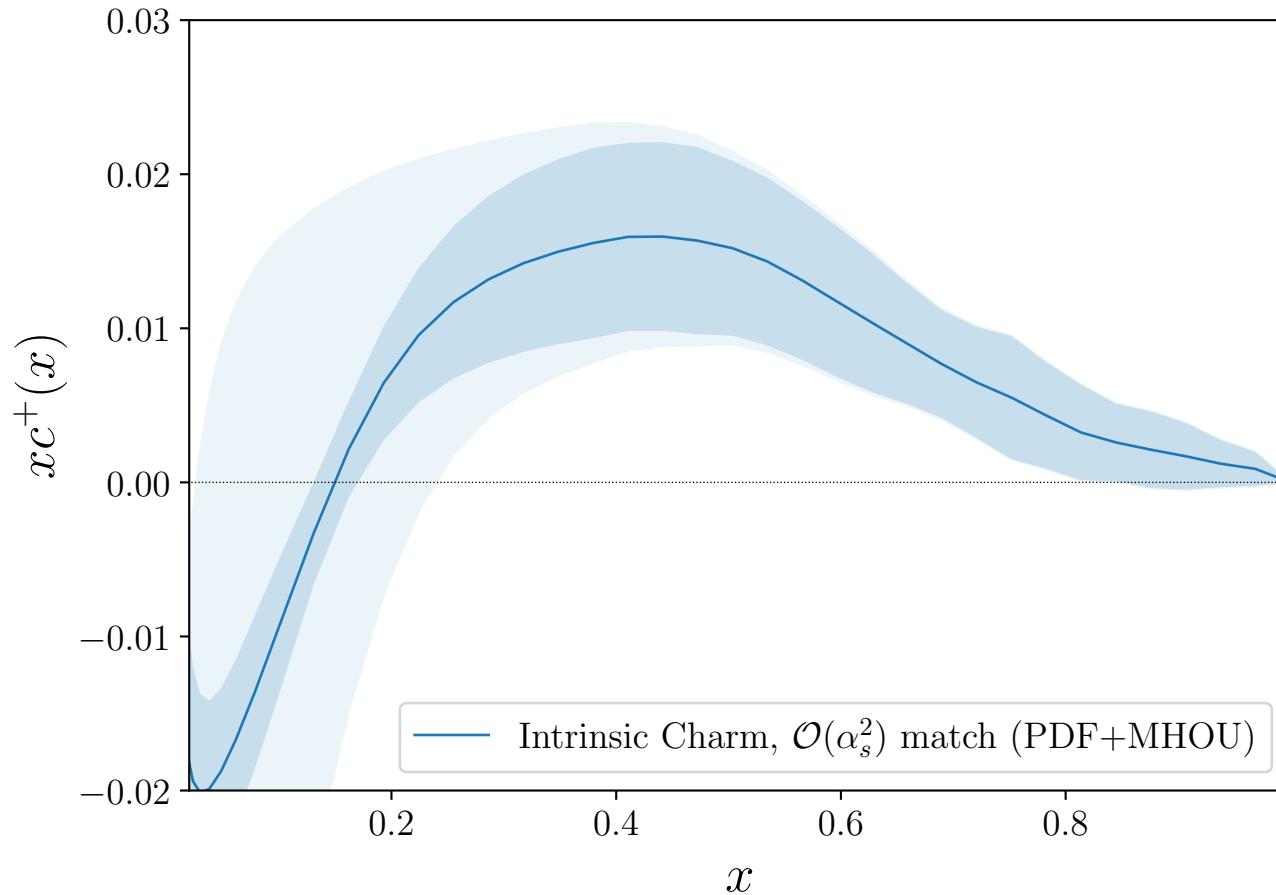
- NNPDF CHARM PDF \Rightarrow DETERMINED FROM THE DATA ALONG WITH ALL OTHER PDFs:
 - MORE REALISTIC UNCERTAINTIES
 - INDEPENDENT OF MATCHING CONDITIONS:
 - * STABLE UPON VARIATION OF m_c
 - * INSENSITIVE TO MHO CORRECTIONS
- RESULT DIFFERS SIGNIFICANTLY FROM PERTURBATIVE CHARM EVEN ACCOUNTING FOR MHOU
- INTRINSIC-LIKE, VALENCE-LIKE BUMP AT LARGE x



INTRINSIC CHARM

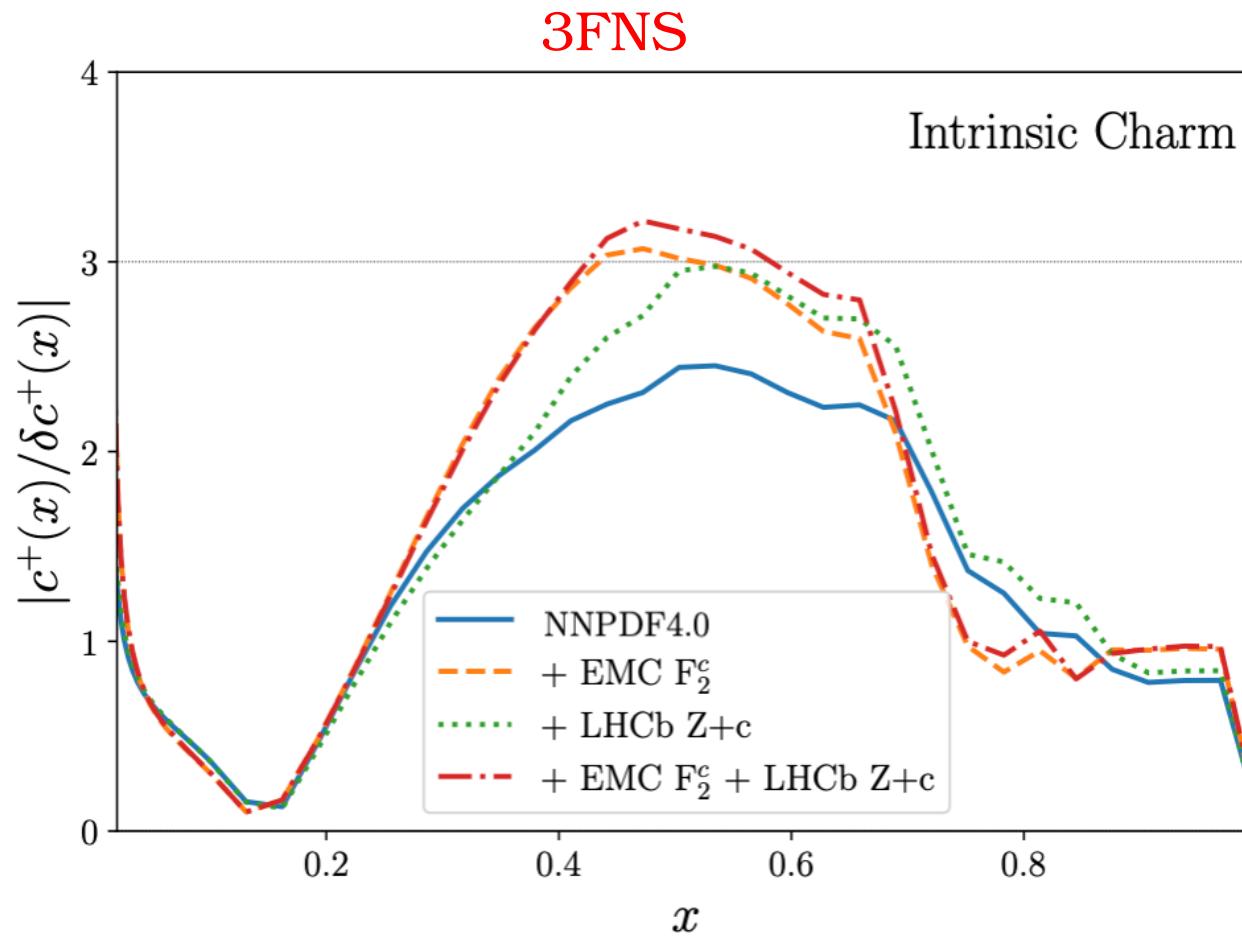
- MHOU ESTIMATED FROM $N^3\text{LO}$ - NNLO MATCHING DIFFERENCE
 - LARGE UNCERTAINTY AT SMALL x
 - NEGLIGIBLE UNCERTAINTY IN VALENCE REGION
- COMPATIBLE WITH ZERO AT SMALL x
- CLEAR EVIDENCE FOR INTRINSIC VALENCE PEAK

3FNS



INTRINSIC CHARM PUBLISHED EVIDENCE

- EVIDENCE INCREASED UPON INCLUSION OF EMC (1983) F_2^c & LHCb (2021) $Z + c$
- NOT INCLUDED IN DEFAULT BECAUSE OF POSSIBLE EXPT/TH ISSUES
- PERFECT MUTUAL CONSISTENCY



MORE THAN 3σ EVIDENCE

VALENCE CHARM

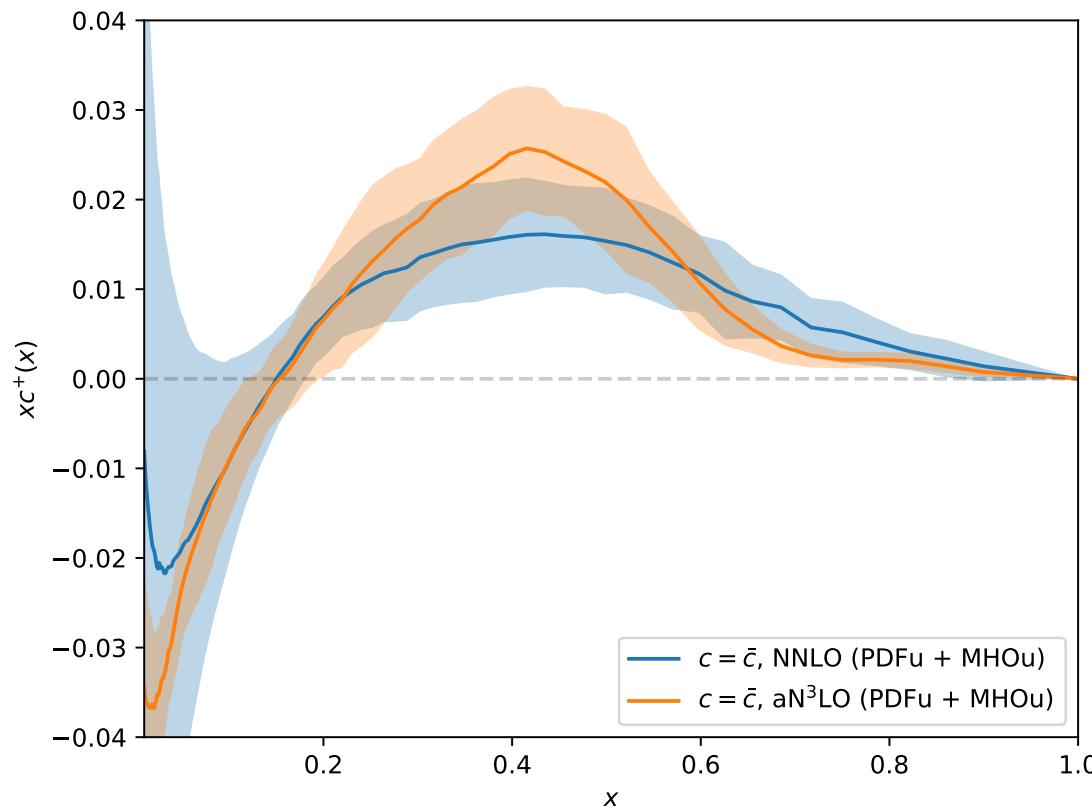
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- IS THE MHOU
ESTIMATE RELIABLE?
APPROXIMATE N³LO
MATCHING?
- IS IT
REALLY “VALENCE”
- IS IT A
HIGHER TWIST EFFECT?
- NNPDF4.0 WITH MHOUS;
NNPDF4.0 N³LO
IMPROVED N³LO MATCHING
(Blümlein, Ablinger et al., 2023)
- INDEPENDENTLY PARAMETRIZED
 c, \bar{c}
- PDFS WITH VARIED
KINEMATIC CUTS

CHARM AT AN³LO

- IMPROVED N³LO MATCHING (Blümlein, Ablinger et al., 2023) \Rightarrow SOMEWHAT REDUCED INSTABILITY
- (APPROXIMATE) N³LO PDFs \Rightarrow “ TRUE” MHOU
- MHOU (THEORY COVMAT FROM SCALE VARIATION) INCLUDED IN N³LO RESULTS

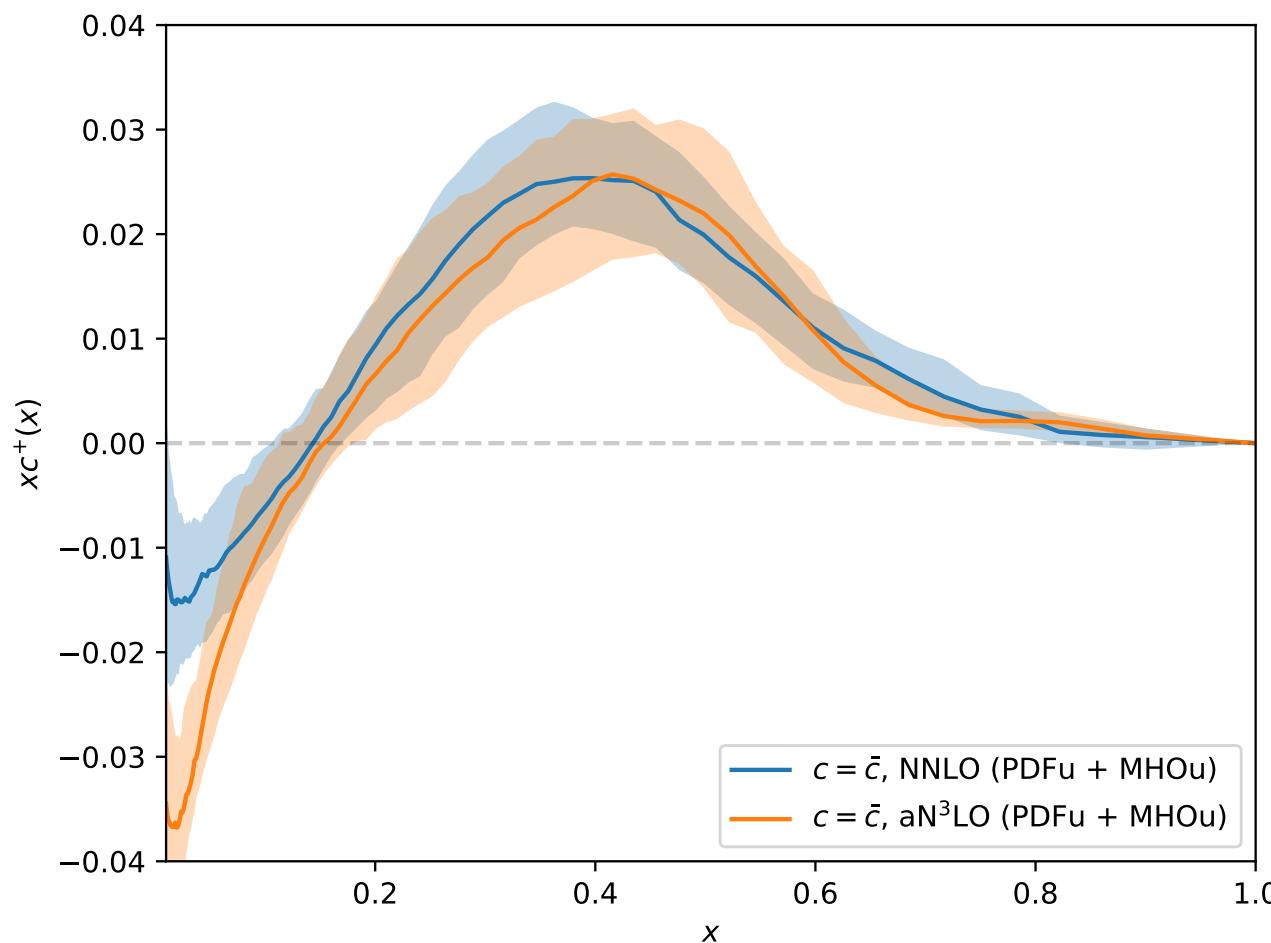
3FNS



MHOUS FROM SCALE VARIATION

- MHOU INCLUDED \Rightarrow NNLO CENTRAL VALUE **VERY CLOSE** TO AN3LO!
- MHOU ALMOST UNCHANGED FROM NNLO TO AN3LO \Rightarrow **RELIABLE** IN VALENCE REGION
- SIGNIFICANT **UNCERTAINTY FROM INVERSE** MATCHING FOR $x \lesssim 0.1$

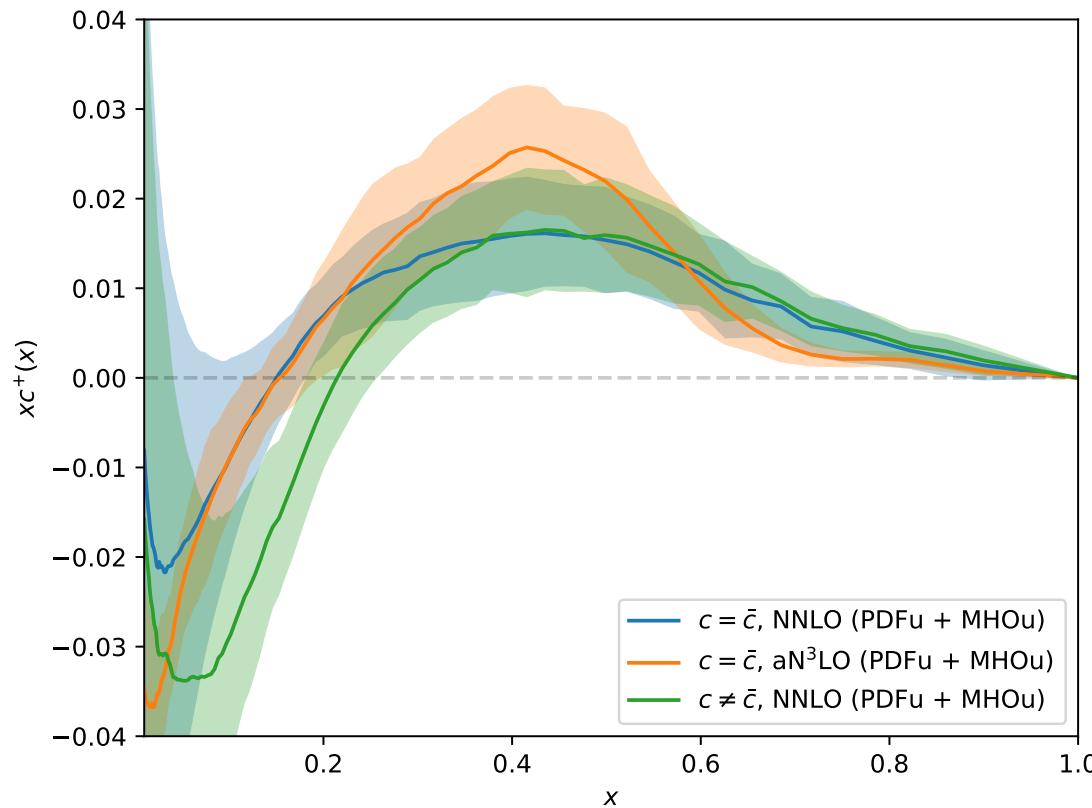
3FNS



A VALENCE CHARM PDF?

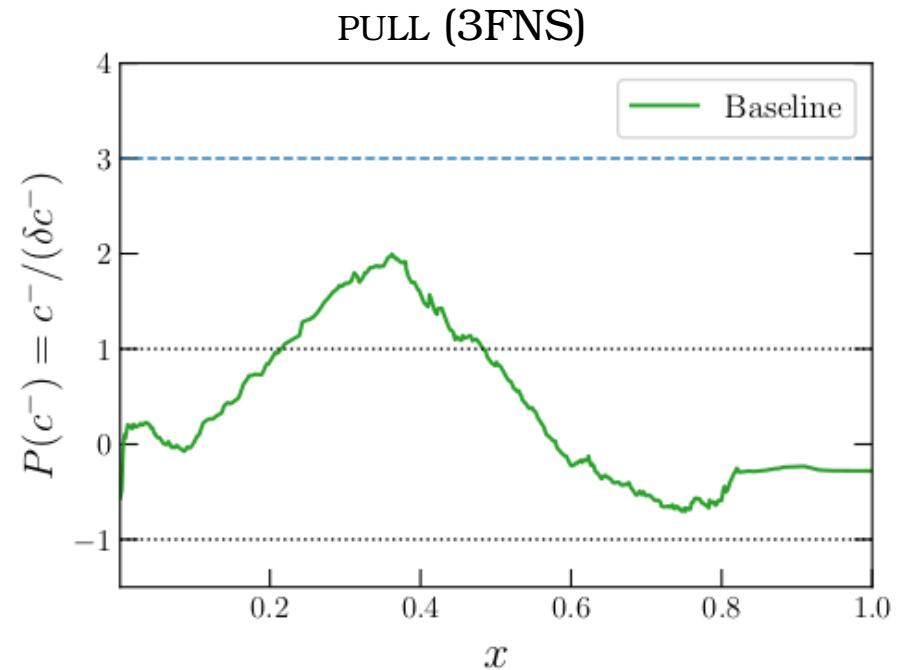
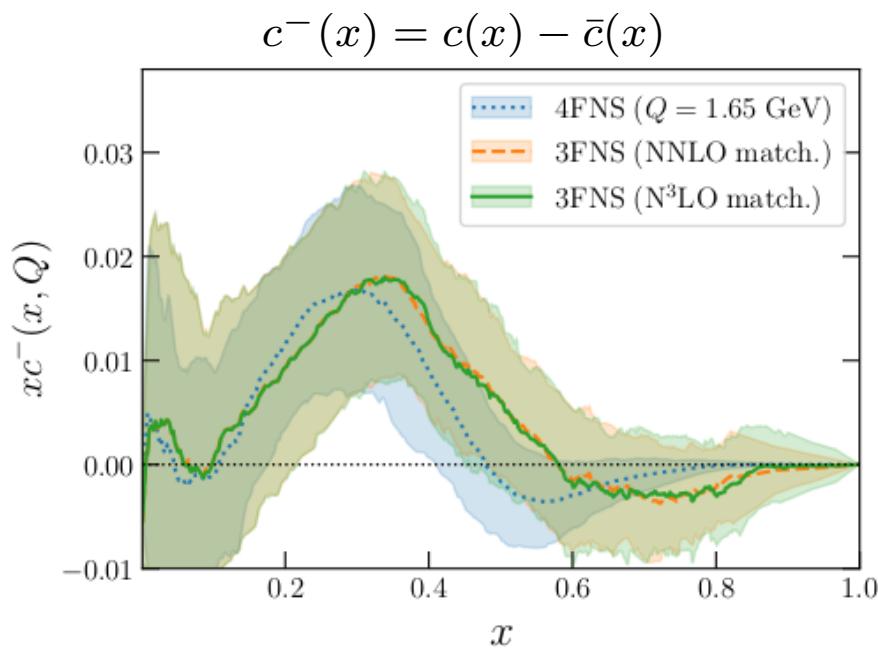
- INDEPENDENT PARAMETRIZATION FOR “SEA” $c^+ = c + \bar{c}$ AND
“VALENCE” $c^- = c - \bar{c}$ PDFS
- TOTAL CHARM UNCHANGED

3FNS



VALENCE CHARM

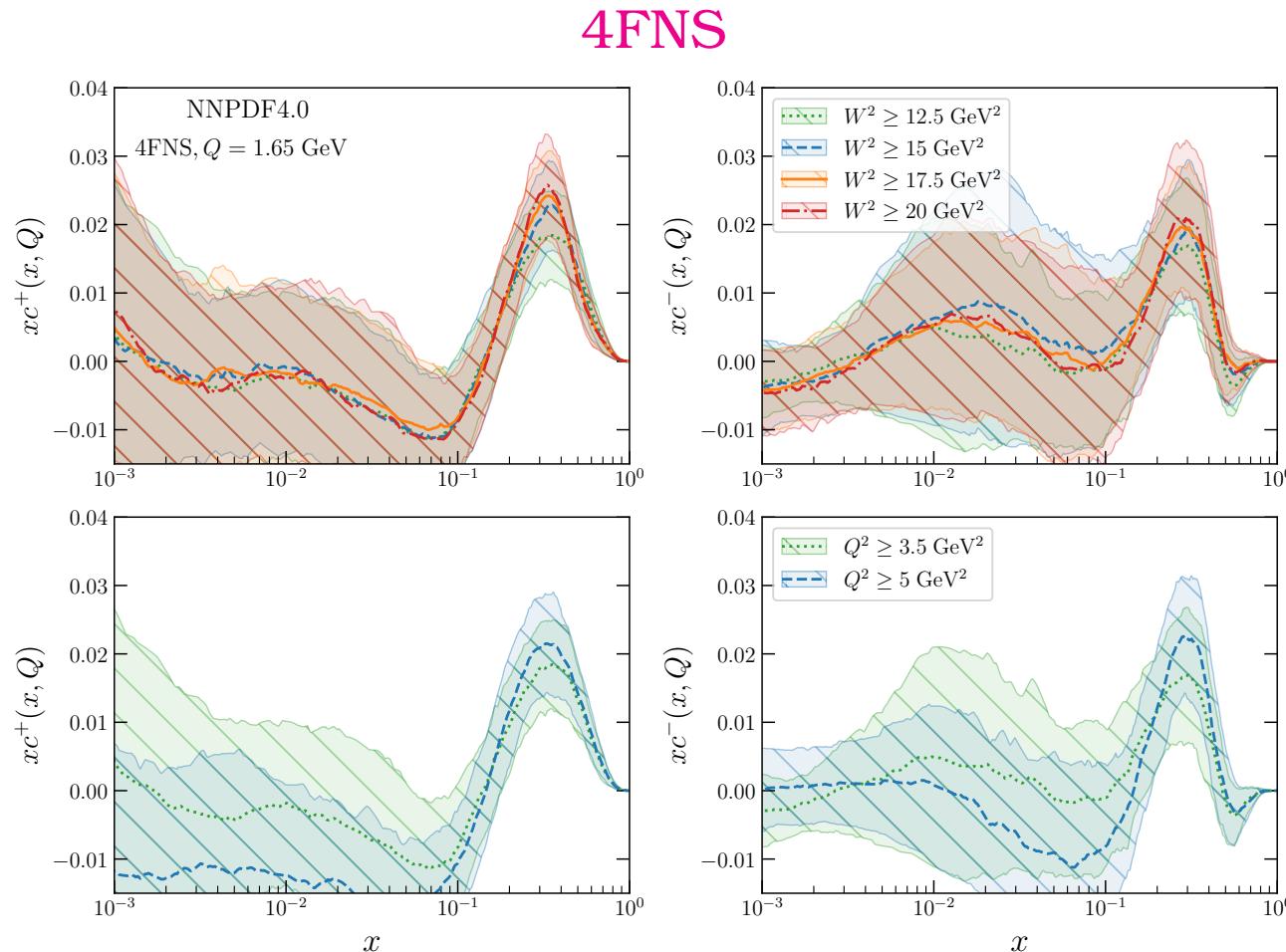
- $n_f = 4$ VALENCE PDF FROM PERTURBATIVE MATCHING VANISHES UP TO NNLO
- NONVANISHING VALENCE GENERATED BY PERTURBATIVE EVOLUTION AT NNLO, BY MATCHING AT $N^3\text{LO}$



- NONVANISHING VALENCE CHARM PDF IN VALENCE REGION
- MATCHING TO $n_f = 3$ PERTURBATIVELY STABLE FOR VALENCE

HIGHER TWIST?

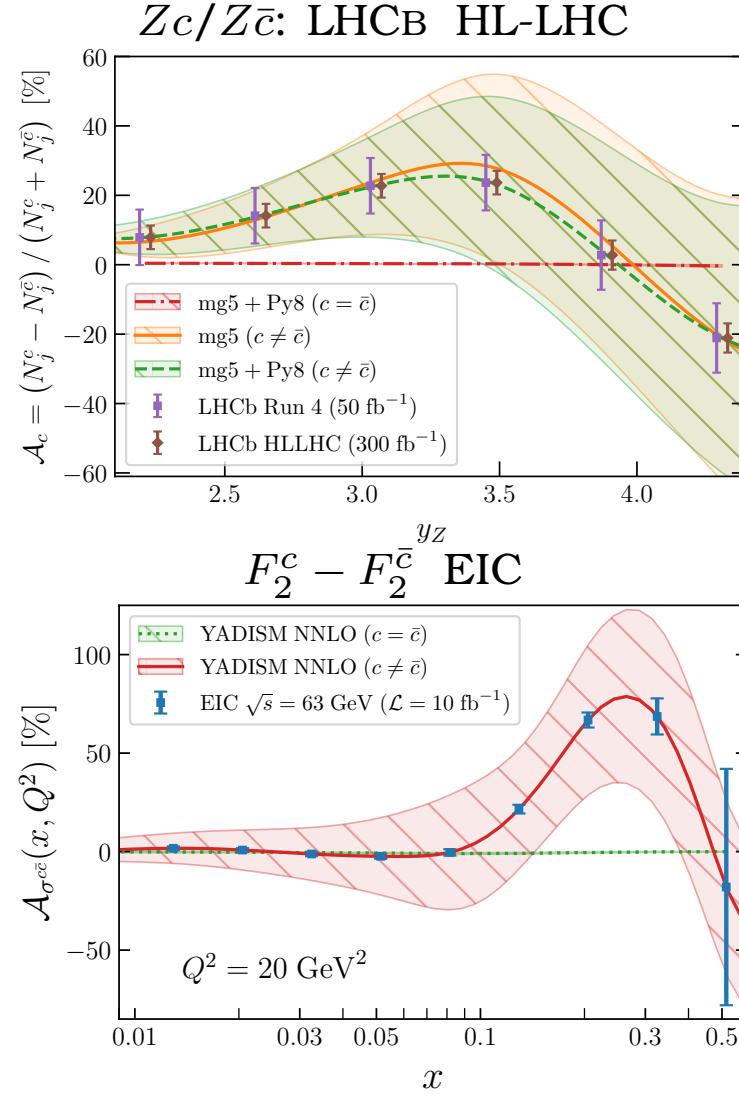
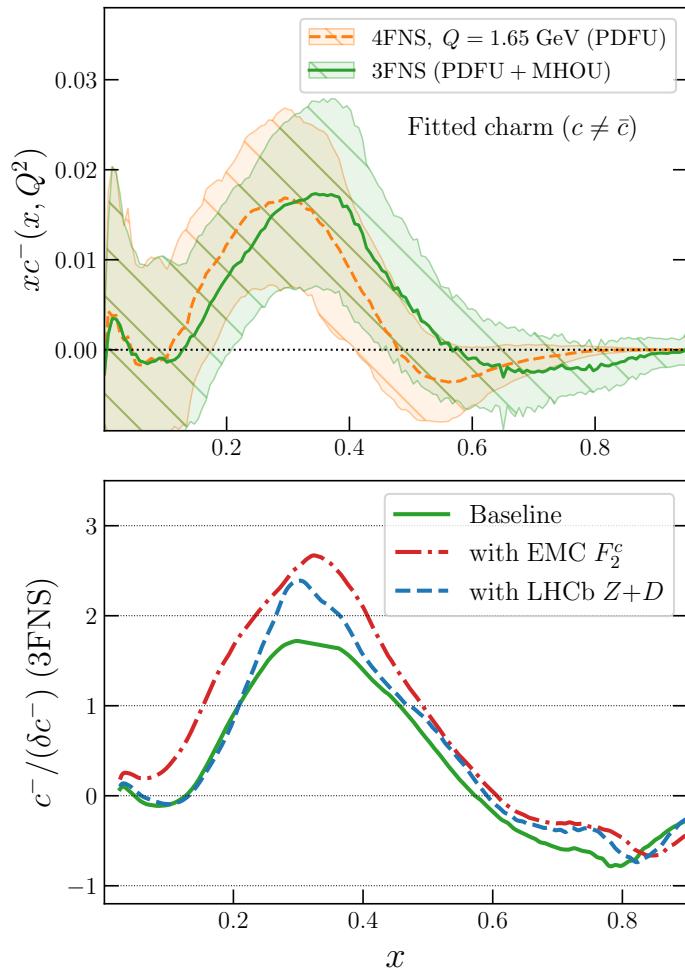
- BOTH SEA AND VALENCE CHARM INSENSITIVE TO RAISED CUTS IN Q^2 & W^2
- N³LO & MHOU PDFs SHOWN PREVIOUSLY \Rightarrow DOUBLED Q^2 CUT



VALENCE PROTON STRUCTURE

MORE DATA FOR VALENCE CHARM

THE EMC AND LHCb DATA

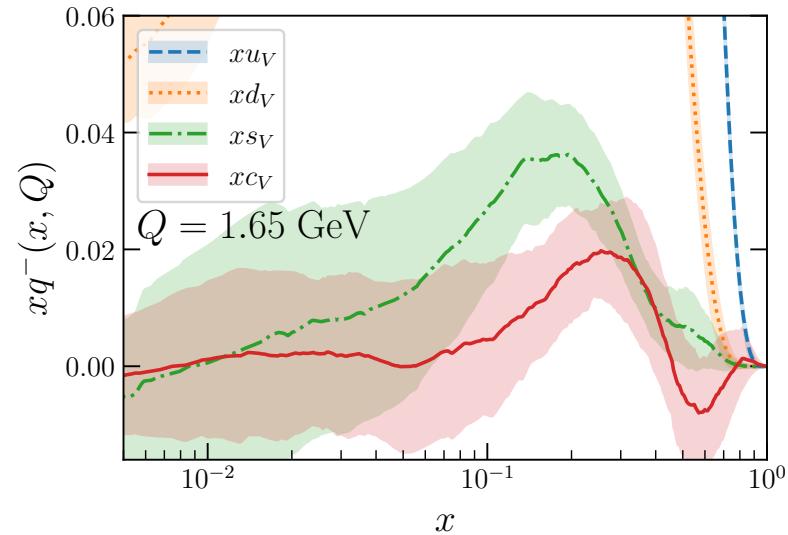
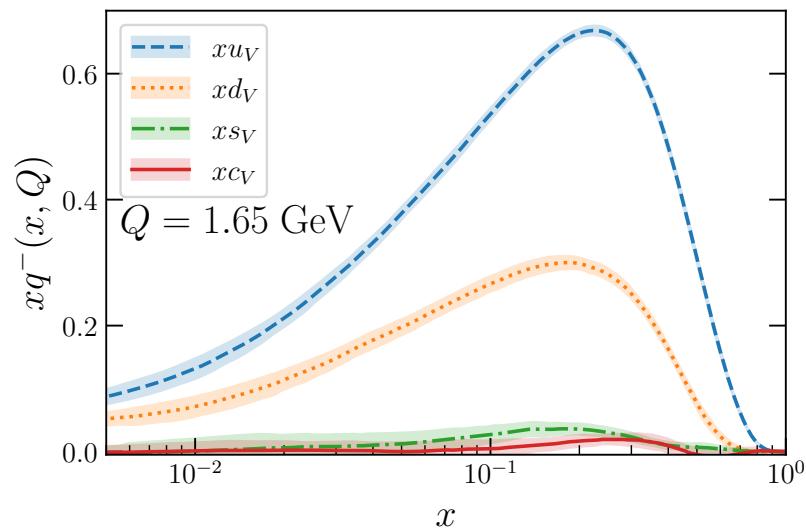


- LHCb (2021) & EMC (1983) DATA SLIGHTLY INCREASE VALENCE SIGNIFICANCE
- Z_c ASYMMETRY LHCb HL-LHC & F_2^c EIC \Rightarrow DISCOVERY

THE VALENCE PDFS

- SCALING OF SHAPE WITH MASS?
- WHAT ABOUT THE B QUARK?

4FNS



SUMMARY

MOTIVATION: RELIABLE PDFs

- FITTED CHARM FOR INDEPEDEENCE OF m_c & MATCHING
- MHOUs FROM COVMAT FOR ACCURATE CENTRAL VALUES
- AN³LO FOR RELIABLE UNCERTAINTIES
- RAISED CUTS FOR PERTURBATIVITY

RESULTS: THE VALENCE STRUCTURE

- VALENCELIKE PEAK FOR TOTAL CHARM AT 3σ
- 1-2 σ VALENCE CHARM PDF IN VALENCE REGION
- INTRINSIC CHARM SEA COMPATIBLE WITH ZERO WITHIN LARGE UNCERTAINTIES FOR LARGE $x \lesssim 0.1$

TO DO

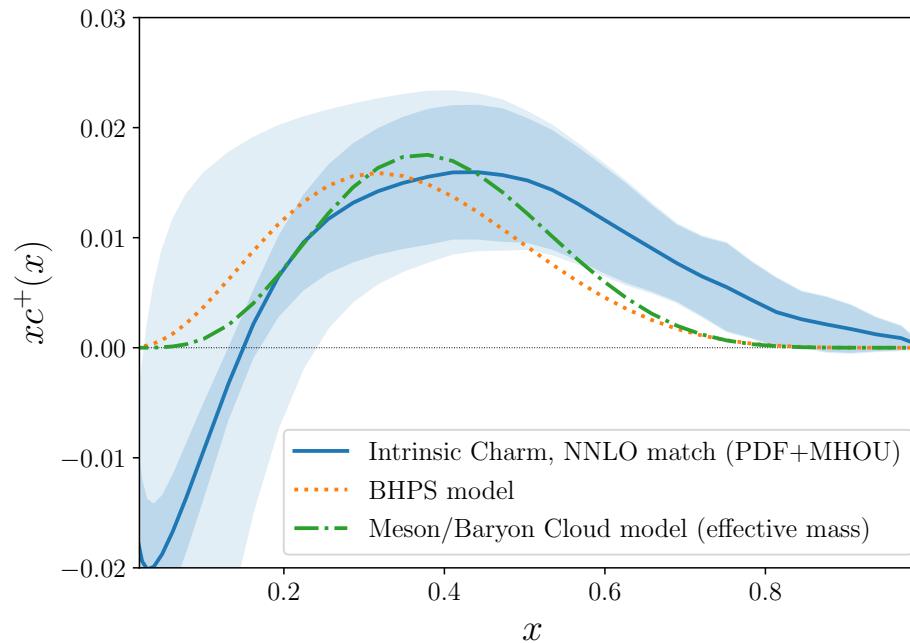
- BETTER CHARMED JET DEFINITIONS \Rightarrow NNLO
- MORE DATA \Rightarrow FIVE σ EVIDENCE
- $c - \bar{c}$ ASYMMETRY PHENOMENOLOGY

EXTRAS

MODELS

- SHAPE OF INTRINSIC CHARM PREDICTED BY MODELS
- FOCK-SPACE WAVE FUNCTION (Brosky, Hoyer, Peterson, Sakai, 1980)
- MESON CLOUD (Hobbs, Londergan, Melnitchouk, 2014)

NNPDF4.0 INTRINSIC CHARM VS. MODELS

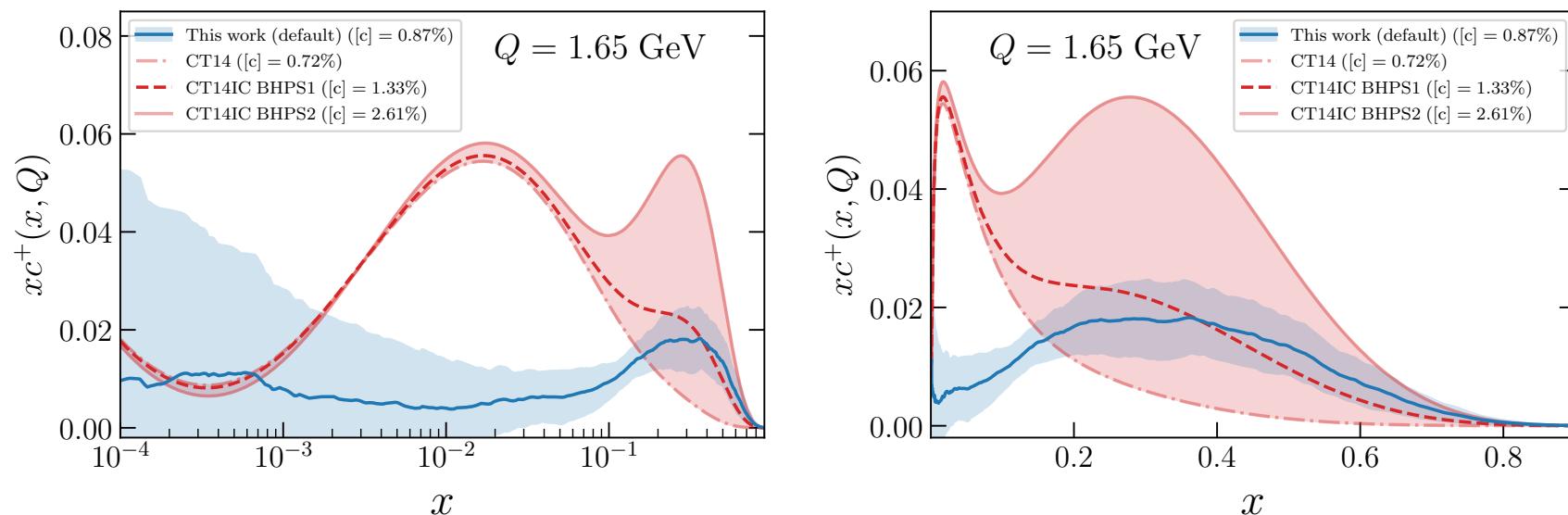


QUALITATIVE AGREEMENT

MODEL FITS

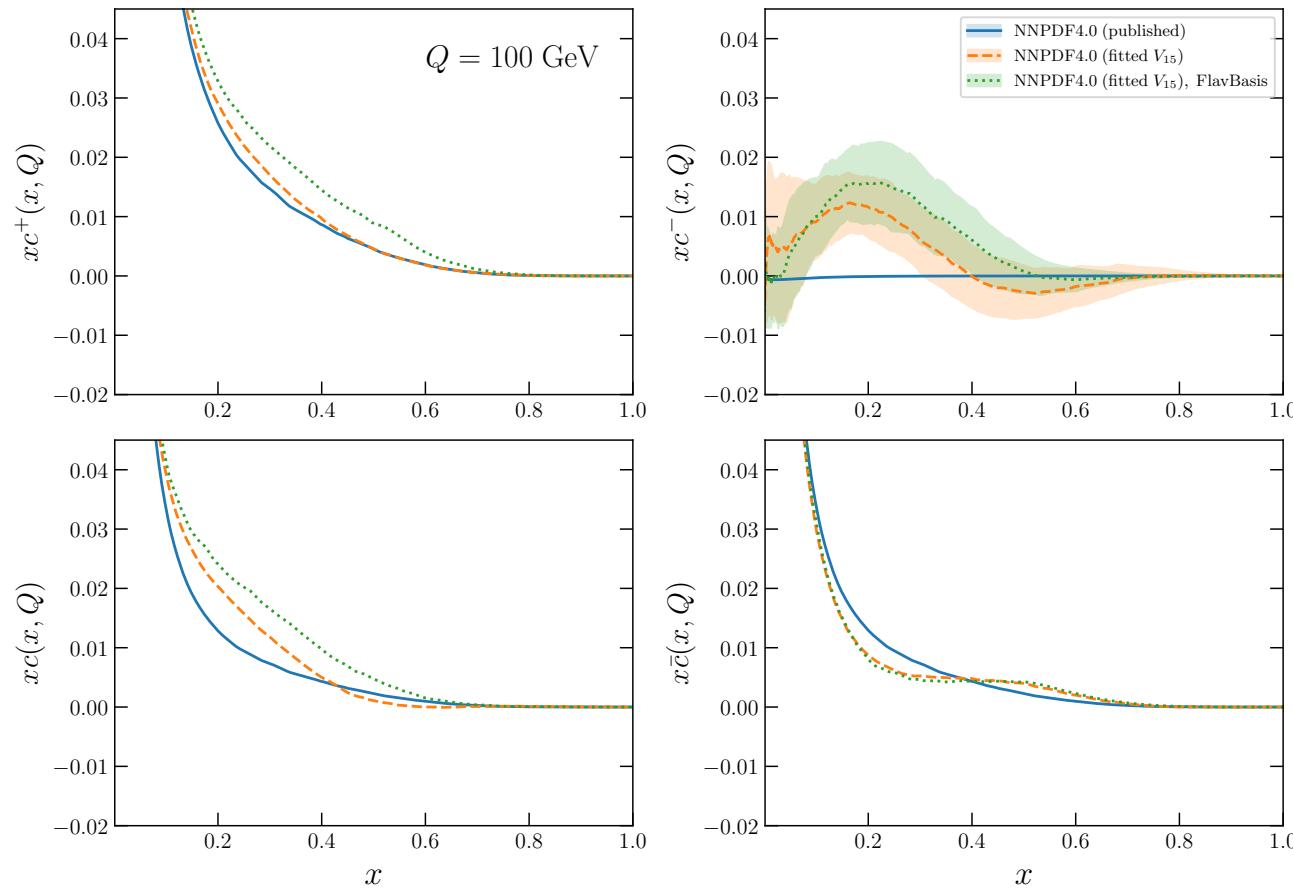
- CT FITTED BPHS NORMALIZATION USING S-ACOT (PROBLEMATIC)
- LOW $Q_0 = 1.3$ GEV
- BEST FIT $\langle c \rangle \sim 1\%$ (CT14) OR $\langle c \rangle \sim 0.5\%$ (CT18)

NNPDF4.0 INTRINSIC CHARM VS. CT14 FIT



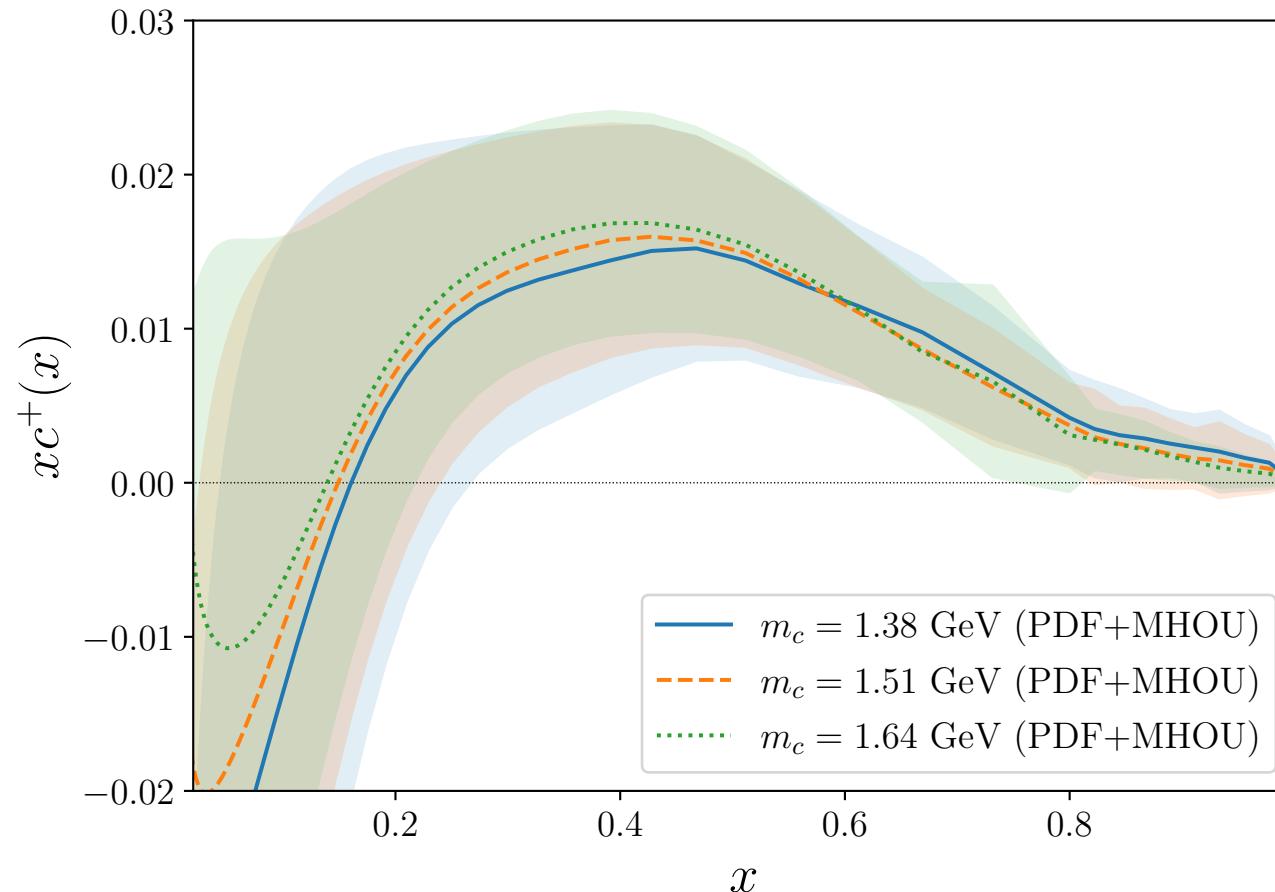
- GOOD AGREEMENT W. NNPDF AT LARGE x FOR SIMILAR NORM.
- HUGE PERTURBATIVE BUMP AT SMALL x

STABILITY: PDF BASIS



- NEGIGIBLE DEPENDENCE ON THE CHOICE OF BASIS

STABILITY: CHARM MASS



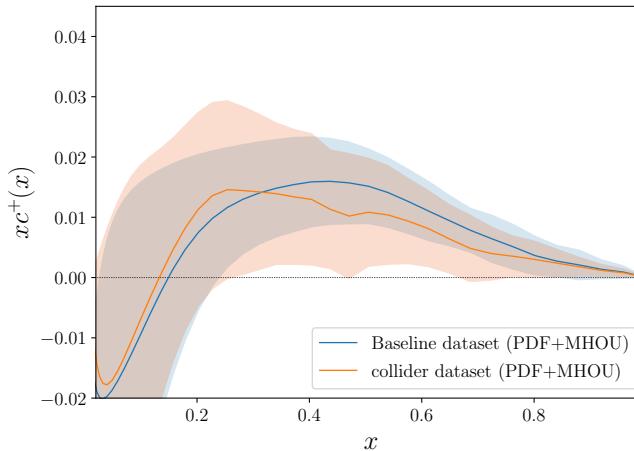
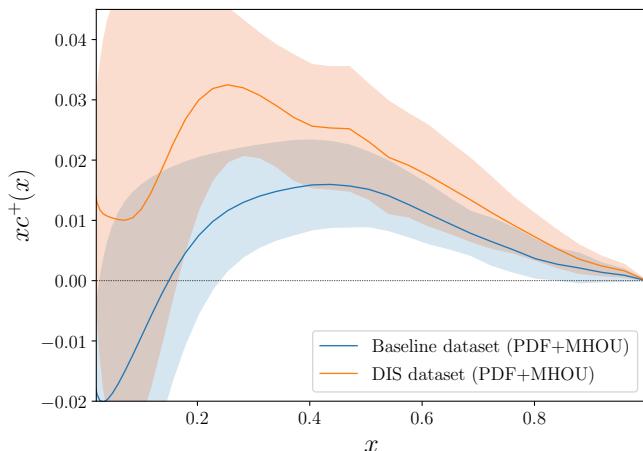
- NEGIGIBLE DEPENDENCE ON m_c (UNLIKE PERTURBATIVE CHARM)

WHICH DATA DRIVE THE ANSWER?:

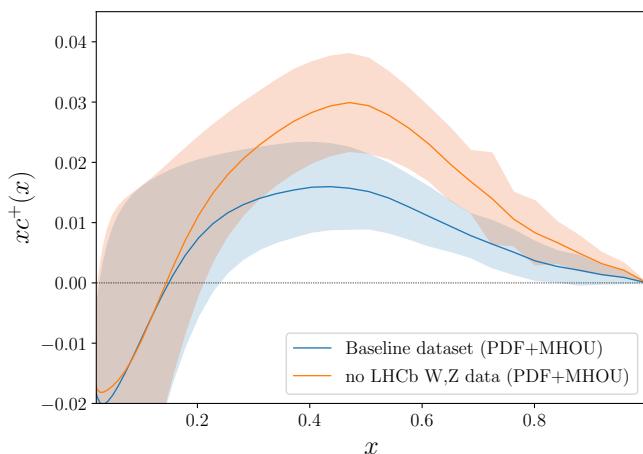
DATA SUBSETS $n_F = 3$

DIS ONLY

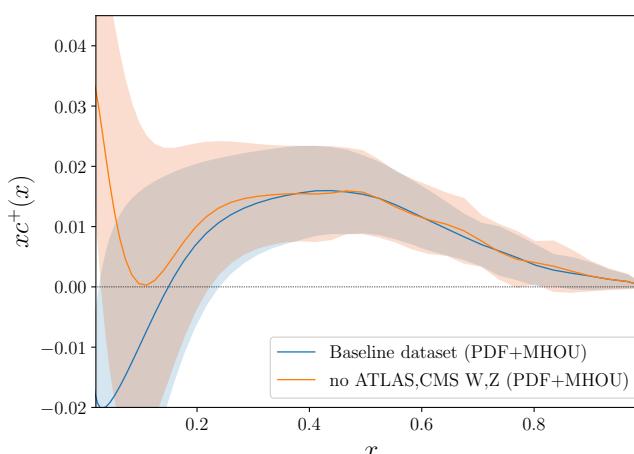
COLLIDER ONLY



NO LHCb

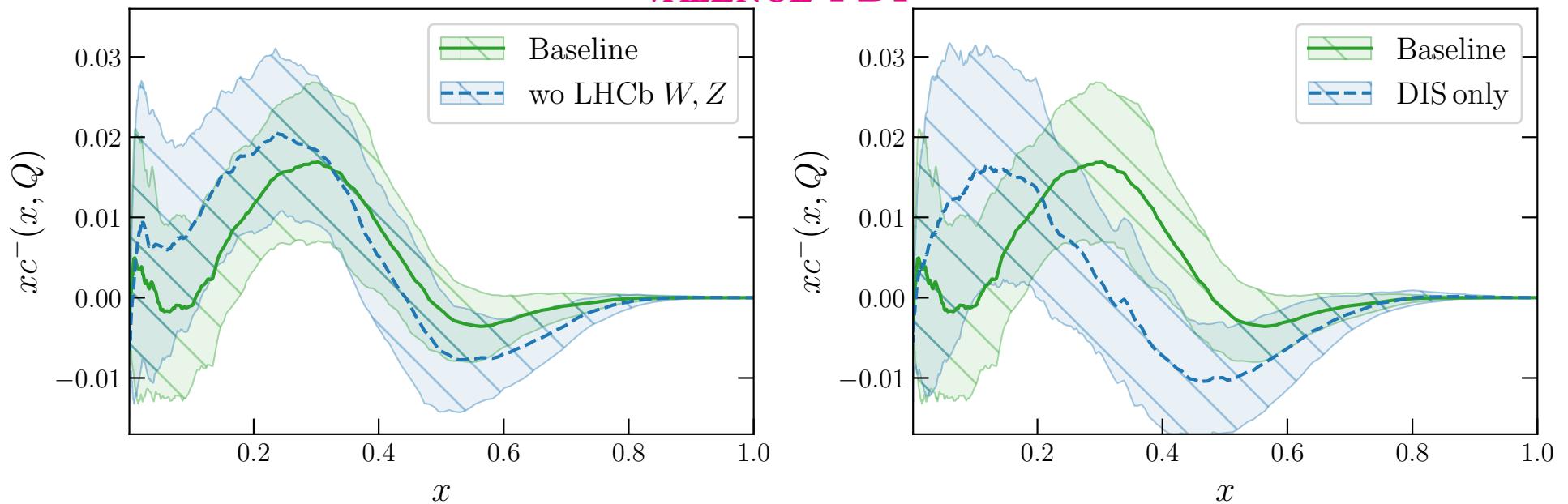


NO ATLAS/CMS DY



- ALL DATASETS IN AGREEMENT
- COLLIDER DATA MORE IMPORTANT THAN DIS DATA FOR PRECISION
- LHCb W, Z SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

WHICH DATA DRIVE THE ANSWER?: VALENCE PDF

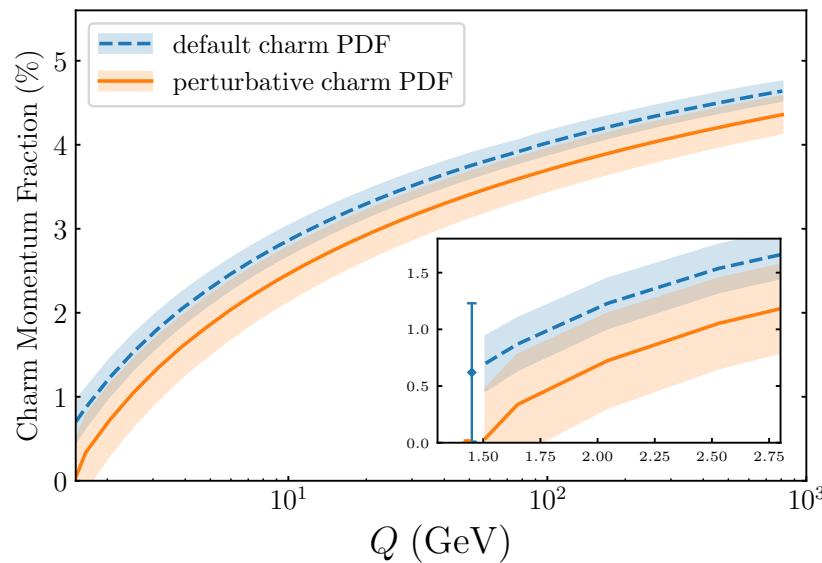


- LHCb W, Z NO IMPACT
- DIS AND COLLIDER EQUALLY IMPORTANT FOR PRECISION

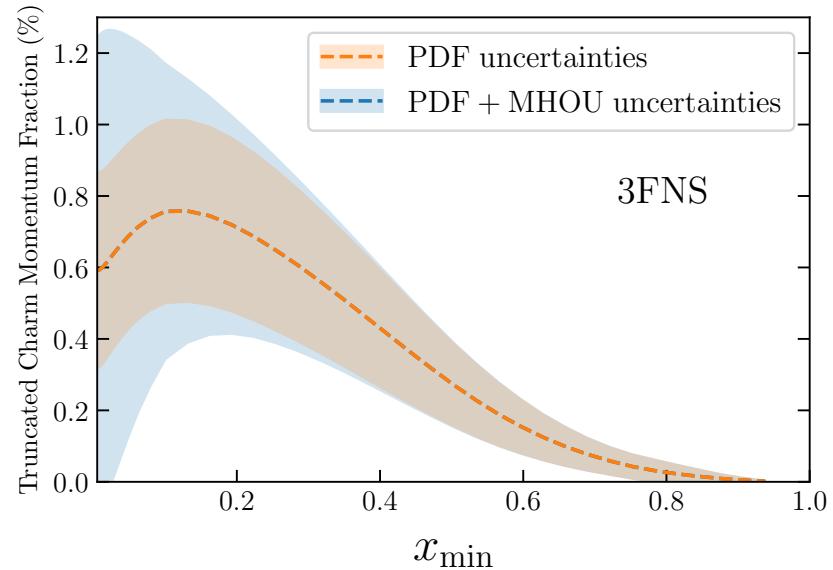
THE CHARM MOMENTUM FRACTION

- $n_f = 4$, $Q = 1.65$ GeV: FITTED $\langle c \rangle = 0.87 \pm 0.23_{\text{pdf}}\%$ vs.
PERTURBATIVE $\langle c \rangle = 0.346 \pm 0.005_{\text{pdf}} \pm 0.44_{\text{mhou}}\%$
- $n_f = 3$, FITTED $\langle c \rangle = 0.62 \pm 0.28_{\text{pdf}} \pm 0.54_{\text{mhou}}\% \%$ vs.
PERTURBATIVE $\langle c \rangle = 0\%$

$n_f = 4$: FITTED VS. PERTURBATIVE



$n_f = 3$: MOMENTUM INTEGRAL

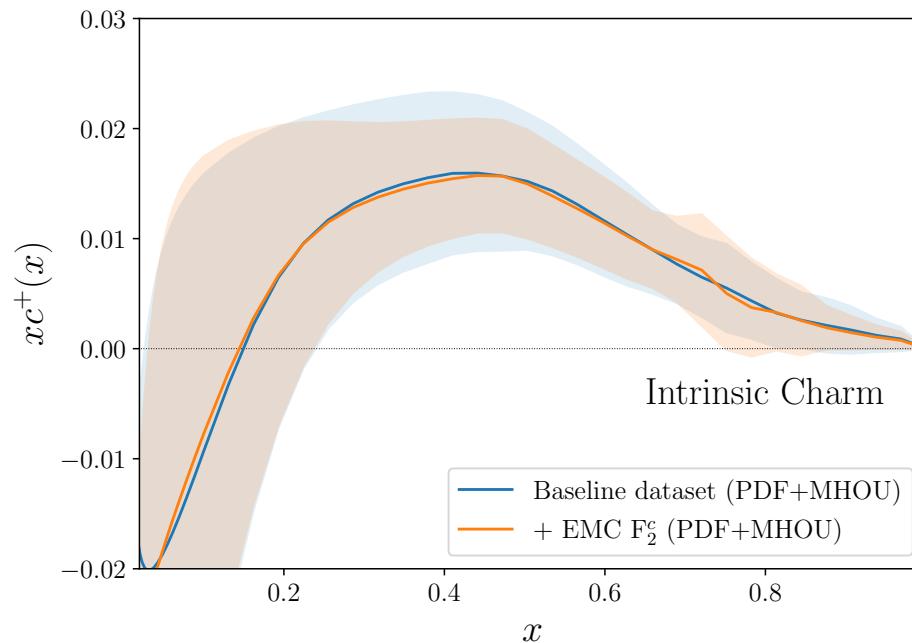


- $n_f = 4$ MOMENTUM FRACTION DETERMINED TO GOOD ACCURACY
- LARGE MHOU AT SMALL $x \Rightarrow$ TOTAL INTRINSIC MOMENTUM FRACTION COMPATIBLE WITH ZERO

MORE DATA EMC 1983

- DIRECT MEASUREMENT OF THE CHARM STRUCTURE FUNCTION F_2^c
- EVIDENCE FOR INTRINSIC CHARM CLAIMED, BUT EXPERIMENT DISPUTED
- NOT INCLUDED IN DEFAULT NNPDF4.0

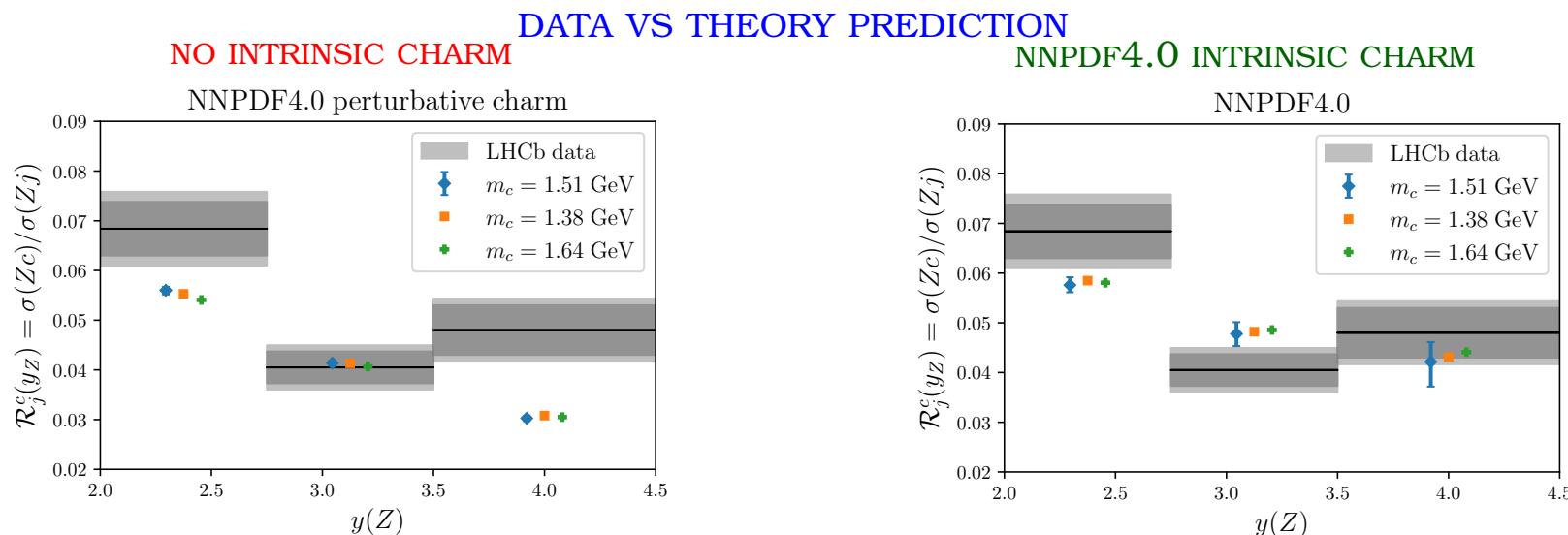
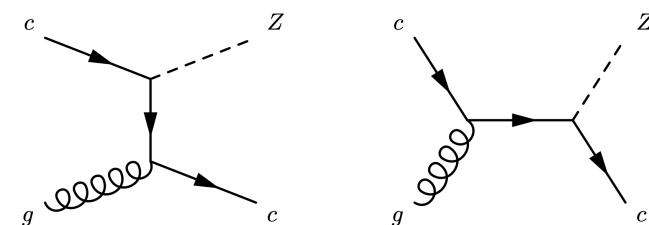
INTRINSIC CHARM WITH EMC DATA INCLUDED



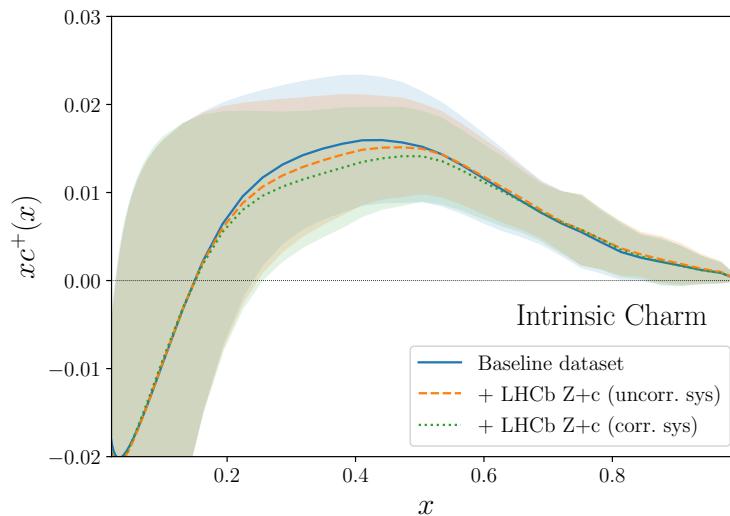
COMPLETE CONSISTENCY!

MORE DATA LHCb 2021

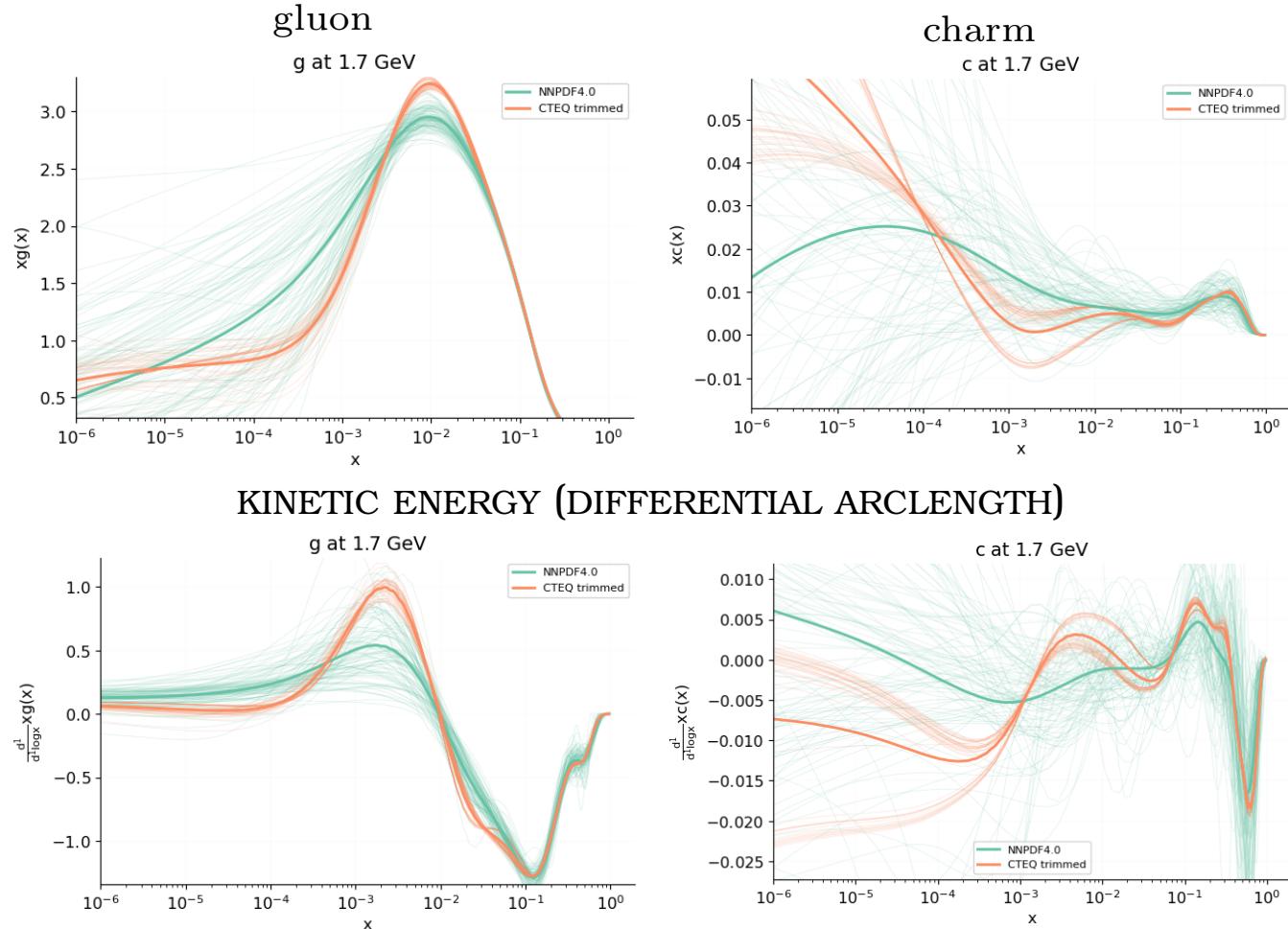
MEASUREMENT OF $Z + \text{CHARM}$ PRODUCTION



INTRINSIC CHARM WITH LHCb DATA INCLUDED: COMPLETE CONSISTENCY



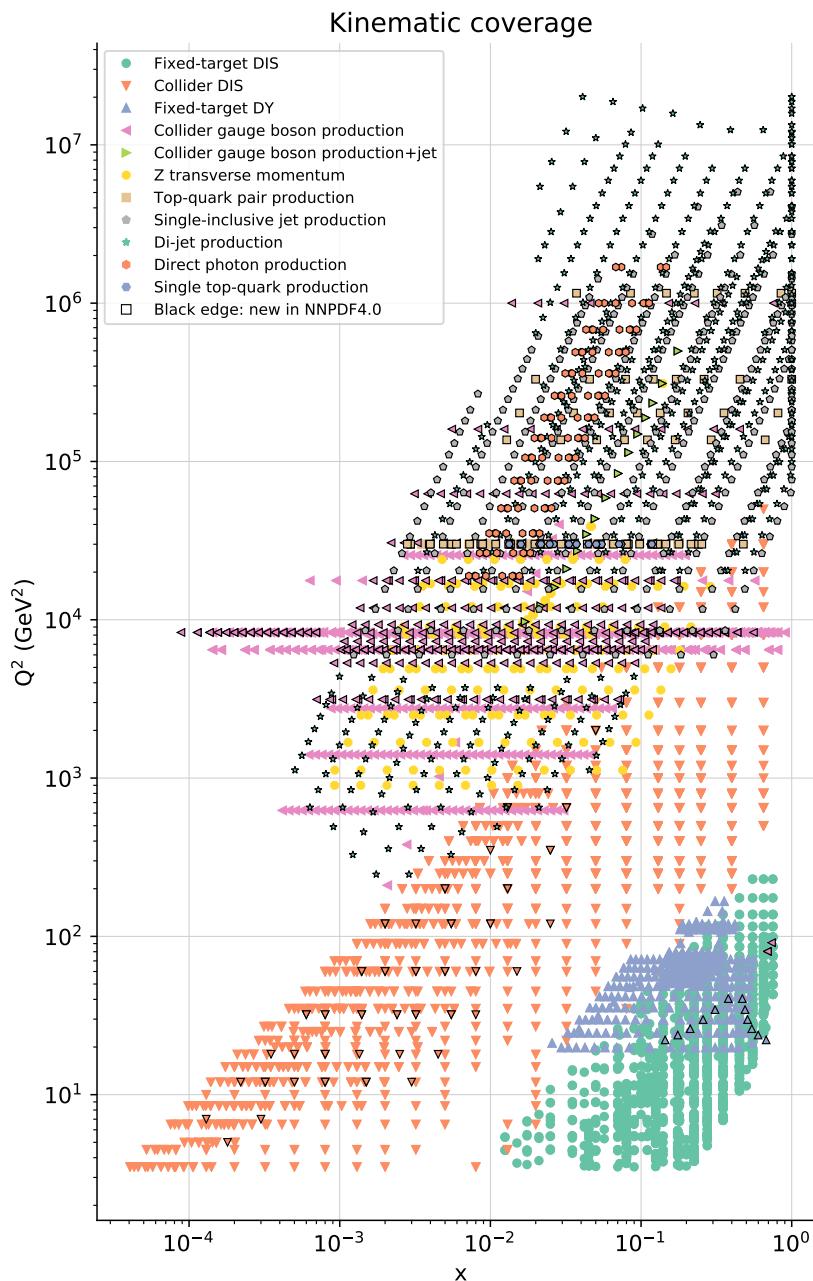
“HOPSCOTCH” OVERLEARNT PDFS PDFs



- HS OVERLEARNT BY CONSTRUCTION
- CAN BE REPRODUCED IN NNPDF4.0 BY FORCING OVERLEARNING

PDF DETERMINATION: NNPDF4.0

DATA



ABOUT 4000 DATAPOINTS

- COMPARED TO NNPDF3.1/PDF4LHC21 ABOUT **50 NEW DATASETS & 400 EXTRA DATAPOINTS**
- FULL DIS AND FT DY DATASET
 - AS IN **NNPDF3.1**: FINAL HERA, NMC, BCDMS, CHORUS, NuTeV
 - NOW ALSO **NOMAD NEUTRINO**
 - **SEAQUEST** DY
- FULL 7 TeV AND 8 TeV DATASET & EXTENSIVE USE OF **13 TeV** DATA:
 - W , Z PRODUCTION: RAPIDITY DISTRIBUTIONS, ASYMMETRIES, $Z p_T$ DISTRIBUTIONS
 - TOP PAIR PRODUCTION: ALL AVAILABLE DISTRIBUTIONS
 - SINGLE-INCLUSIVE JETS
- SEVERAL **NEW PROCESSES**:
 - PROMPT PHOTON
 - SINGLE TOP
 - DIJETS
 - HERA JETS

THE LARGEST DATASET LHC DATA

LHCb

Data set	NNPDF4.0	NNPDF3.1	ABMP16	CT18	MSHT20
LHCb Z 940 pb	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
LHCb $Z \rightarrow ee$ 2 fb	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
LHCb $W, Z \rightarrow \mu$ 7 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
LHCb $W, Z \rightarrow \mu$ 8 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
LHCb $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu, ee$ 13 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗

ATLAS

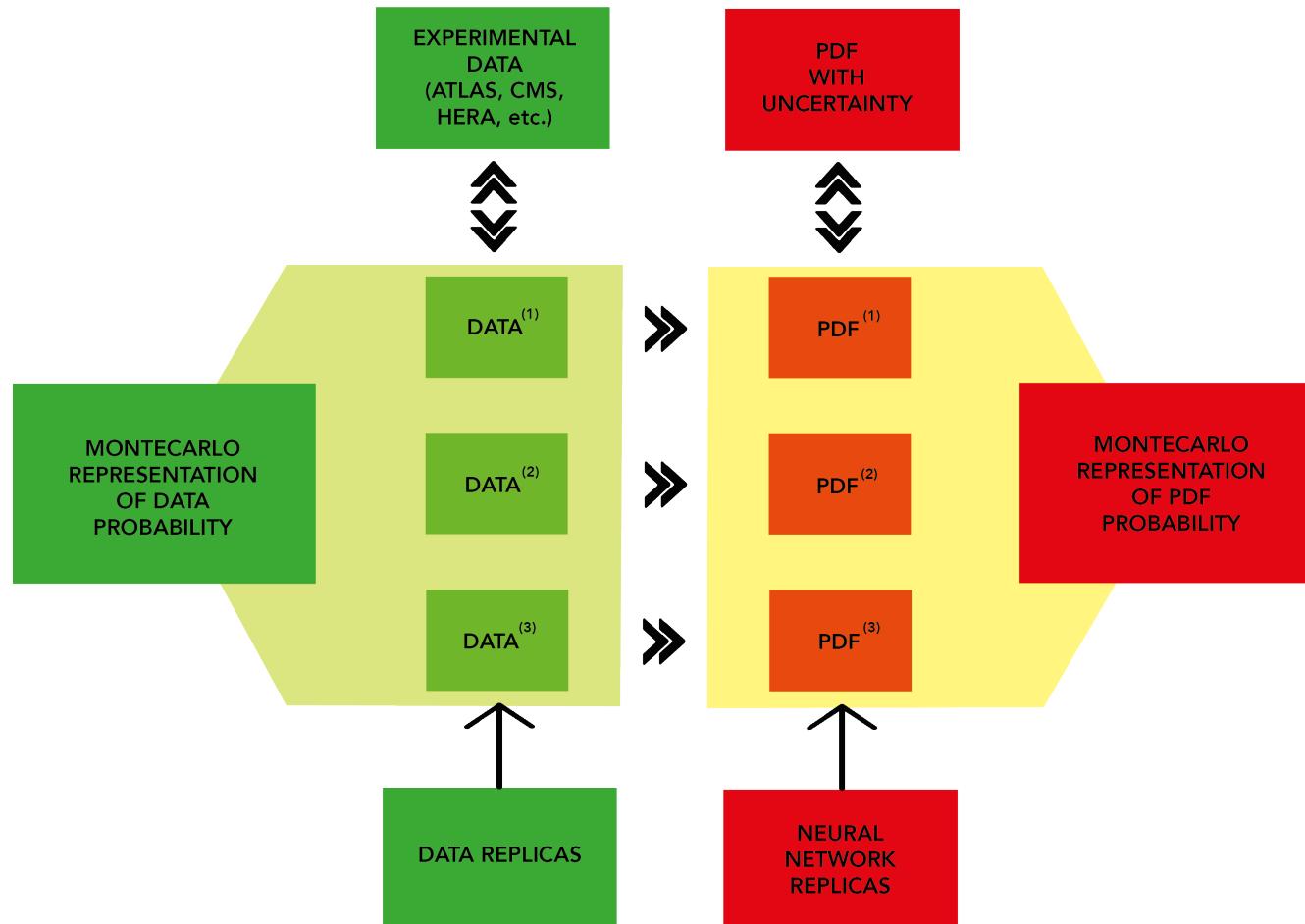
Data set	NNPDF4.0	NNPDF3.1	ABMP16	CT18	MSHT20
ATLAS W, Z 7 TeV (2010)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ATLAS W, Z 7 TeV (2011)	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
ATLAS low-mass DY 7 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
ATLAS high-mass DY 7 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
ATLAS W 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
ATLAS DY 2D 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
ATLAS high-mass DY 2D 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
ATLAS $\sigma_{W,Z}$ 13 TeV	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
ATLAS W^+ +jet 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
ATLAS Z p_T 8 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
ATLAS σ_{tt}^{tot} 7, 8 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
ATLAS σ_{tt}^{tot} 13 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
ATLAS $t\bar{t}$ lepton+jets 8 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
ATLAS $t\bar{t}$ dilepton 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
ATLAS single-inclusive jets 7 TeV, R=0.6	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓
ATLAS single-inclusive jets 8 TeV, R=0.6	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
ATLAS dijets 7 TeV, R=0.6	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
ATLAS direct photon production 13 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
ATLAS single top R_t 7, 8, 13 TeV	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
ATLAS single top diff. 7, 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
ATLAS single top diff. 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗

CMS

Data set	NNPDF4.0	NNPDF3.1	ABMP16	CT18	MSHT20
CMS W electron asymmetry 7 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
CMS W muon asymmetry 7 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
CMS Drell-Yan 2D 7 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
CMS W rapidity 8 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CMS Z p_T 8 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
CMS $W + c$ 7 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
CMS $W + c$ 13 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
CMS single-inclusive jets 2.76 TeV	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
CMS single-inclusive jets 7 TeV	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓
CMS dijets 7 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
CMS single-inclusive jets 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
CMS 3D dijets 8 TeV	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
CMS σ_{tt}^{tot} 5 TeV	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
CMS σ_{tt}^{tot} 7, 8 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
CMS σ_{tt}^{tot} 13 TeV	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
CMS $t\bar{t}$ lepton+jets 8 TeV	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
CMS $t\bar{t}$ 2D dilepton 8 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
CMS $t\bar{t}$ lepton+jet 13 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
CMS $t\bar{t}$ dilepton 13 TeV	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
CMS single top $\sigma_t + \sigma_{\bar{t}}$ 7 TeV	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗
CMS single top R_t 8, 13 TeV	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗

THE NNPDF METHODOLOGY

REPLICA SAMPLE OF FUNCTIONS \Leftrightarrow PROBABILITY DENSITY IN FUNCTION SPACE
KNOWLEDGE OF LIKELIHOOD SHAPE (FUNCTIONAL FORM) NOT NECESSARY



FINAL PDF SET: $f_i^{(a)}(x, \mu)$;

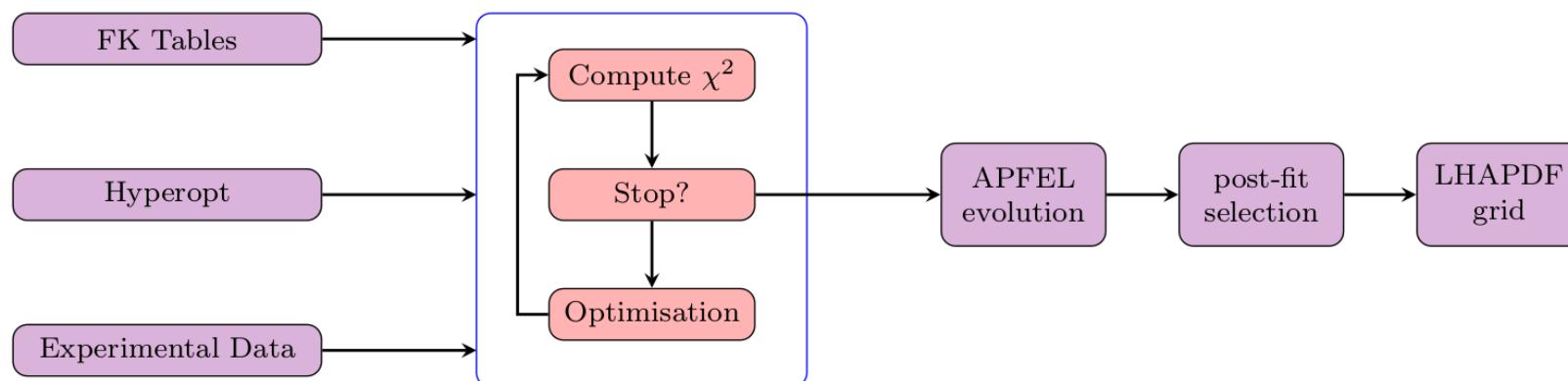
i = up, antiup, down, antidown, strange, antistrange, charm, gluon; $j = 1, 2, \dots N_{\text{rep}}$

THE NNPDF CODE STRUCTURE

- MODULAR PYTHON-BASED CODE
- HIGH DEGREE PARALLELIZATION & HARDWARE ACCELERATION

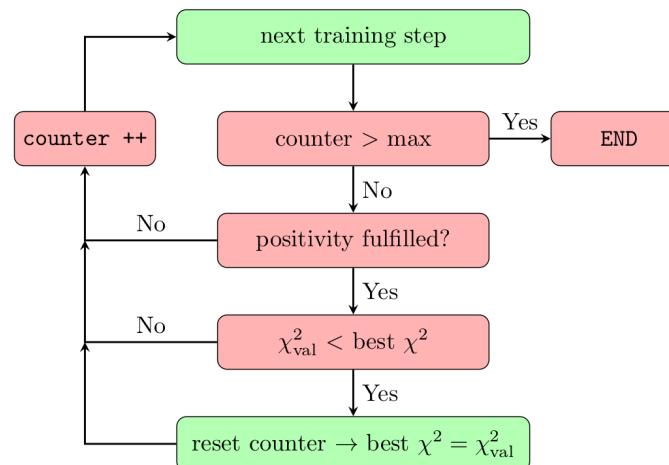
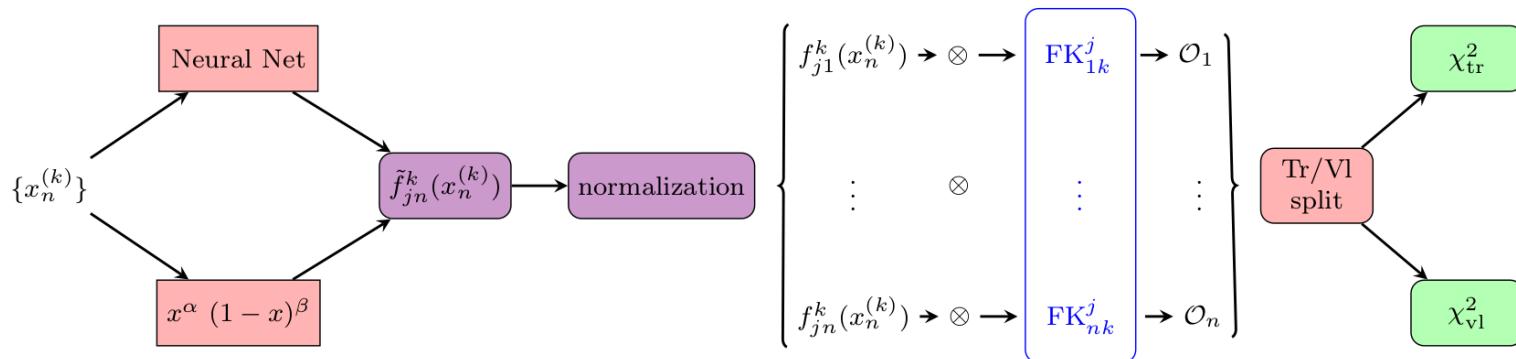
AVERAGE FITTING TIME PER REPLICA AND USE OF RESOURCES
SAME DATASET FOR OLD AND NEW METHODOLOGIES IN CPU AND GPU
CPU: INTEL(R) CORE(TM) i7-4770 AT 3.40GHz; GPU: NVIDIA TITAN V

	NNPDF31 CODEBASE	NNPDF40 CODEBASE IN CPU	NNPDF40 CODEBASE IN GPU
TIME	15.2 H.	38 \pm 5 MIN.	6.6 MIN.
RAM USE	1.5 GB	6.1 GB	NA



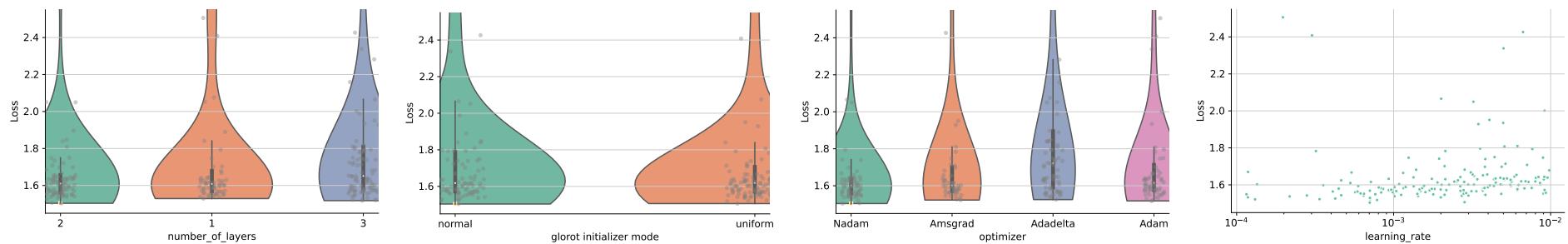
MINIMIZATION AND CROSS-VALIDATION

- DATA REPLICAS \Rightarrow PDF REPLICAS
- EACH PDF REPLICA: PREPROCESSED NEURAL NET
- NEURAL NET \Rightarrow OBSERVABLES
- RANDOM TRAINING-VALIDATION SPLIT, χ^2 TO TRAINING DATA REPLICAS MINIMIZED
- TRAINING STOPS IF VALIDATION χ^2 GROWS FOR A WHILE (PATIENCE)
- LOWEST VALIDATION χ^2 \Rightarrow OPTIMAL FIT

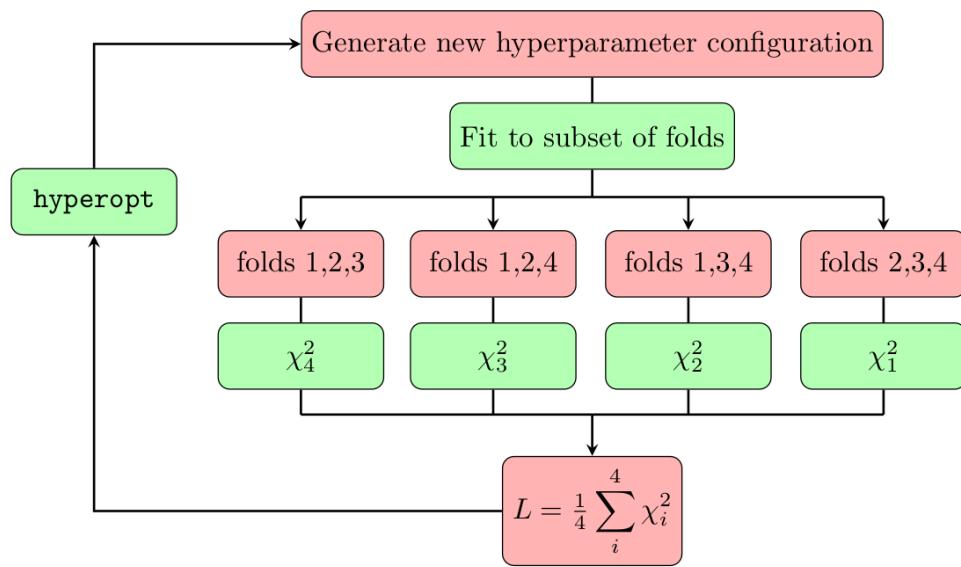


HYPEROPTIMIZATION

- PARAMETRIZATION AND MINIMIZATION **PARAMETERS VARIED**
- SCAN OF PARAMETER SPACE
- BAYESIAN UPDATING LEADS TO **BEST METHODOLOGY**



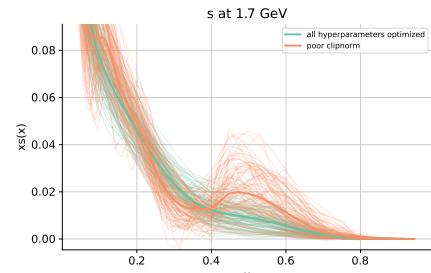
K-FOLDING



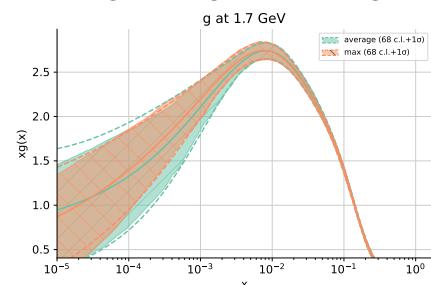
- HYPEROPTIMIZATION \Rightarrow OVERFITTING (χ^2 TOO GOOD)
- CHECK GENERALIZATION POWER: *K*-FOLDING
 - DIVIDE DATA IN FOLDS
 - EXCLUDE ONE FOLD IN TURN FROM FIT
 - OPTIMIZE ON THE χ^2 OF THE EXCLUDED FOLDS
 - BEST AVERAGE OR BEST WORST

Fold 1		
CHORUS σ_{CC}^p	HERA I+II inc NC e^+p 920 GeV	BCDMS p
LHCb Z 940 pb	ATLAS W, Z 7 TeV 2010	CMS Z pt 8 TeV (p_T^Z, y_{ll})
DY E605 σ_{DY}^p	CMS Drell-Yan 2D 7 TeV 2011	CMS 3D dijets 8 TeV
ATLAS single- $t\bar{t}$ y (normalised)	ATLAS single top R_t 7 TeV	CMS $t\bar{t}$ rapidity $y_{t\bar{t}}$
CMS single top R_t 8 TeV		
Fold 2		
HERA I+II inc CC e^-p	HERA I+II inc NC e^+p 460 GeV	HERA comb. σ_{bb}^{tot}
NMC p	NuTeV σ_c^p	LHCb $Z \rightarrow ee$ 2 fb
CMS W asymmetry 840 pb	ATLAS Z pt 8 TeV (p_T^Z, M_{ll})	D0 $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ asymmetry
DY E886 σ_{DY}^p	ATLAS direct photon 13 TeV	ATLAS dijets 7 TeV, R=0.6
ATLAS single antitop y (normalised)	CMS σ_{tt}^{tot}	CMS single top $\sigma_t + \sigma_{\bar{t}}$ 7 TeV
Fold 3		
HERA I+II inc CC e^+p	HERA I+II inc NC e^+p 575 GeV	NMC d/p
NuTeV σ_c^p	LHCb $Z \rightarrow \mu\tau$ 7 TeV	LHCb $Z \rightarrow ee$
ATLAS W, Z 7 TeV 2011 Central selection	ATLAS $W^+ +$ jet 8 TeV	ATLAS HM DY 7 TeV
CMS W asymmetry 4.7 fb	DY E666 $\sigma_{DY}^d/\sigma_{DY}^p$	CDF Z rapidity (new)
ATLAS σ_{tt}^{tot}	ATLAS single top y_t (normalised)	CMS σ_{tt}^{tot} 5 TeV
CMS $t\bar{t}$ double diff. ($m_{t\bar{t}}, y_t$)		
Fold 4		
CHORUS σ_{CC}^p	HERA I+II inc NC e^+p 820 GeV	LHCb $W, Z \rightarrow \mu\tau$ 8 TeV
LHCb $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	ATLAS W, Z 7 TeV 2011 Fwd	ATLAS $W^- +$ jet 8 TeV
ATLAS low-mass DY 2011	ATLAS Z pt 8 TeV (p_T^Z, y_{ll})	CMS W rapidity 8 TeV
D0 Z rapidity	CMS dijets 7 TeV	ATLAS single top R_t 13 TeV (normalised)
ATLAS single top R_t 13 TeV	CMS single top R_t 13 TeV	

NO K-FOLDING



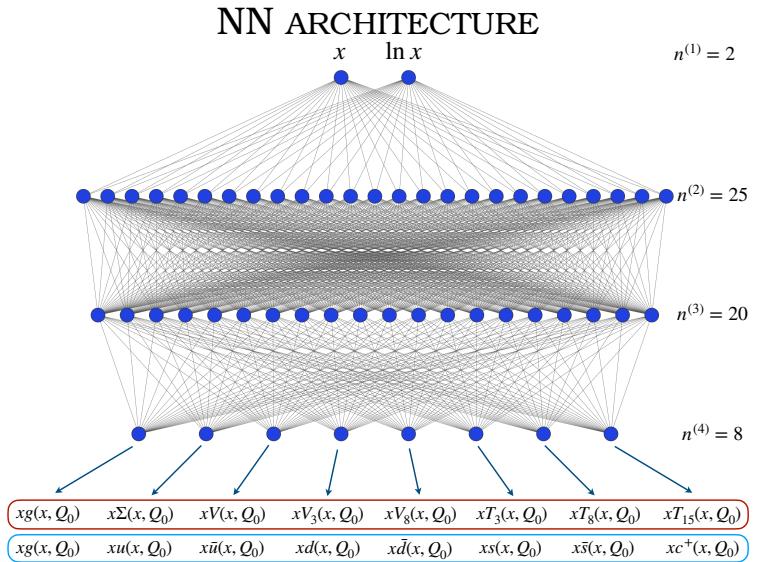
K-FOLDING VARIATION



THE ML METHODOLOGY

HYPEROPTIMIZED PARAMETERS

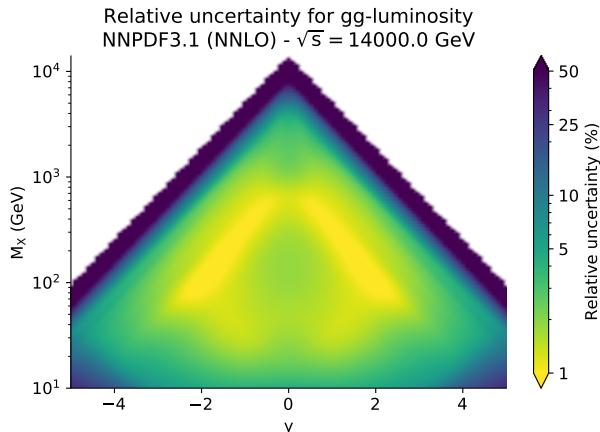
Parameter	NNPDF4.0	L as in Eq. (3.21)	Flavour basis Eq. (3.2)
Architecture	25-20-8	70-50-8	7-26-27-8
Activation function	hyperbolic tangent	hyperbolic tangent	sigmoid
Initializer	glorot_normal	glorot_uniform	glorot_normal
Optimizer	Nadam	Adadelta	Nadam
Clipnorm	6.0×10^{-6}	5.2×10^{-2}	2.3×10^{-5}
Learning rate	2.6×10^{-3}	2.5×10^{-1}	2.6×10^{-3}
Maximum # epochs	17×10^3	45×10^3	45×10^3
Stopping patience	10% of max epochs	12% of max epochs	16% of max epochs
Initial positivity $\Lambda^{(\text{pos})}$	185	106	2
Initial integrability $\Lambda^{(\text{int})}$	10	10	10



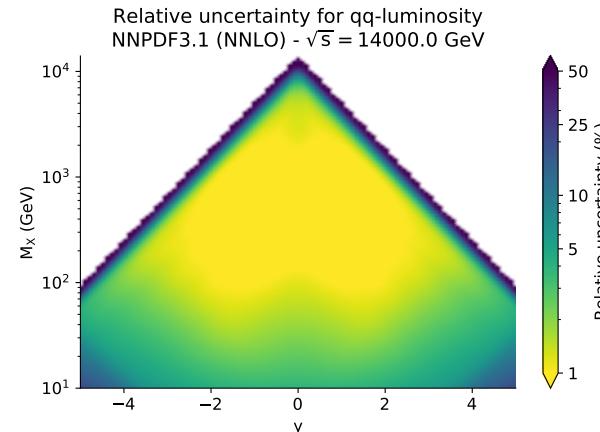
- HYPEROPT ADAPTS TO EXTERNAL CHOICES (E.G. PARAMETRIZATION BASIS)
- SIMILAR RESULTS CAN BE OBTAINED WITH RATHER DIFFERENT SETTINGS
- ~ 800 FREE PARAMETERS

UNCERTAINTIES: FROM NNPDF3.1...

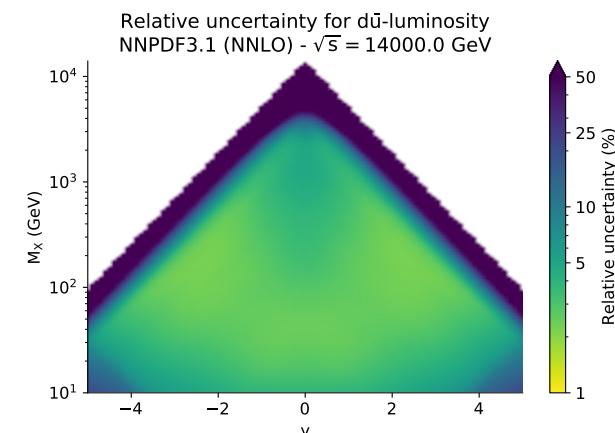
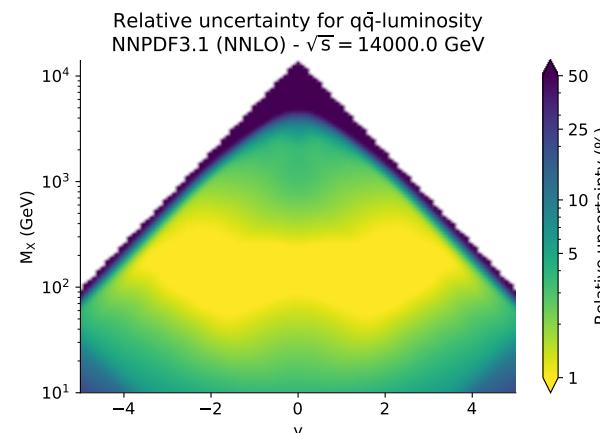
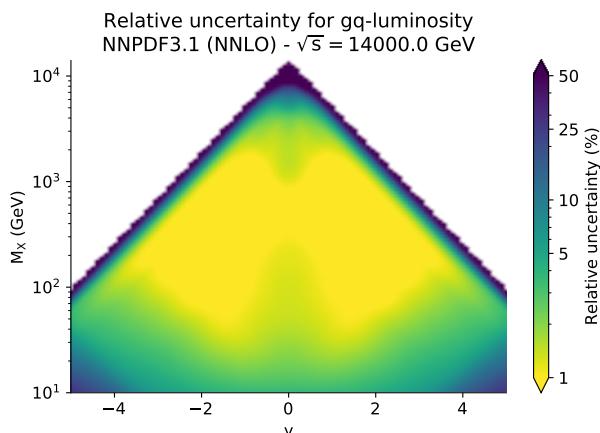
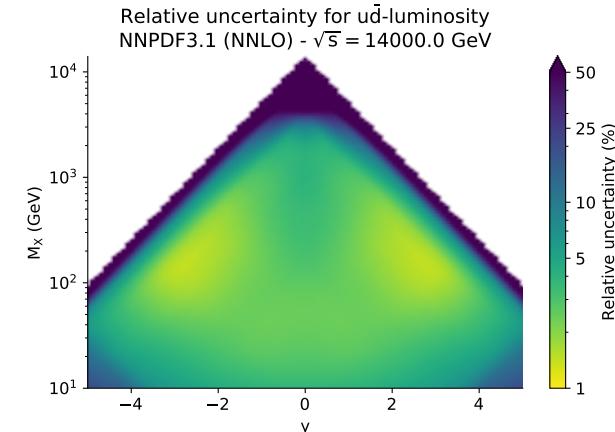
GLUON



SINGLET



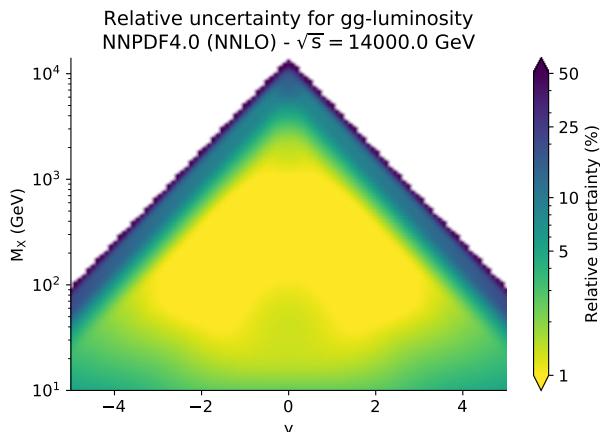
FLAVORS



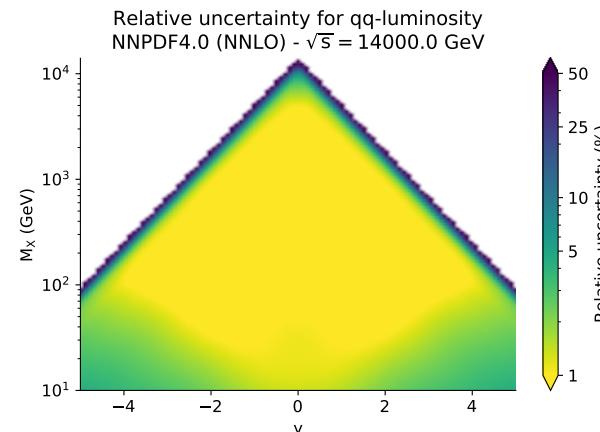
- TYPICAL UNCERTAINTIES IN DATA REGION: SINGLET $\sim 3\%$, NONSINGLET $\sim 5\%$
- DATA REGION: $10^2 \lesssim M_X \lesssim 10^3$ TeV, $-2 \lesssim y \lesssim 2$

UNCERTAINTIES: ...TO NNPDF4.0

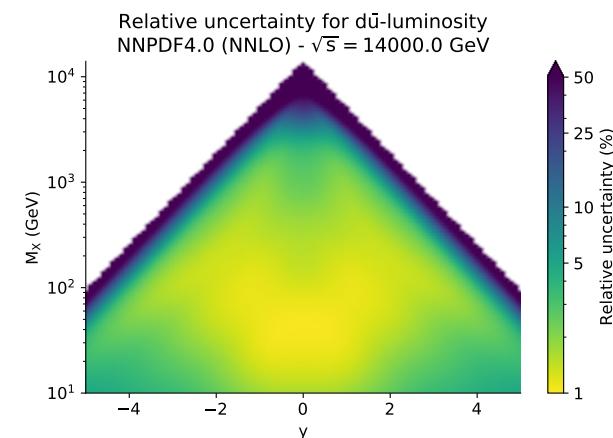
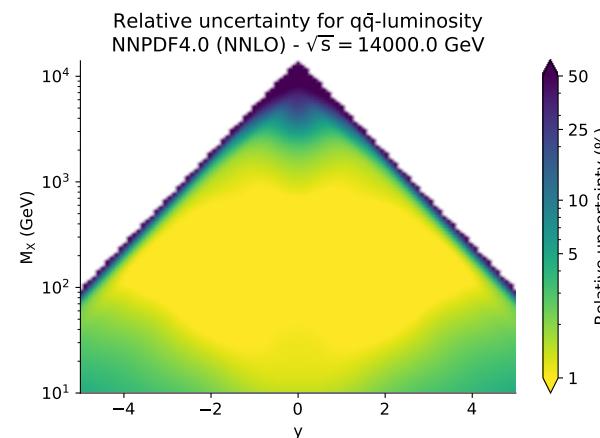
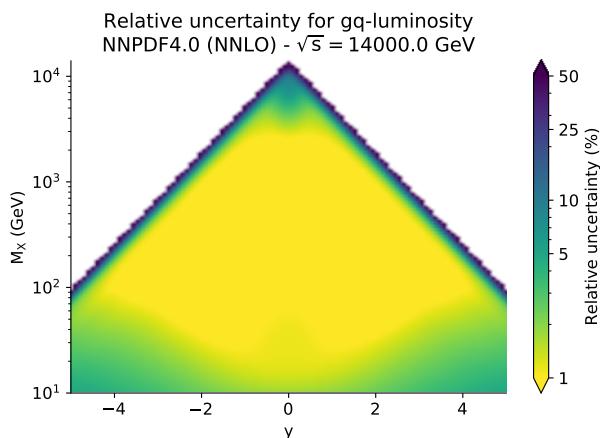
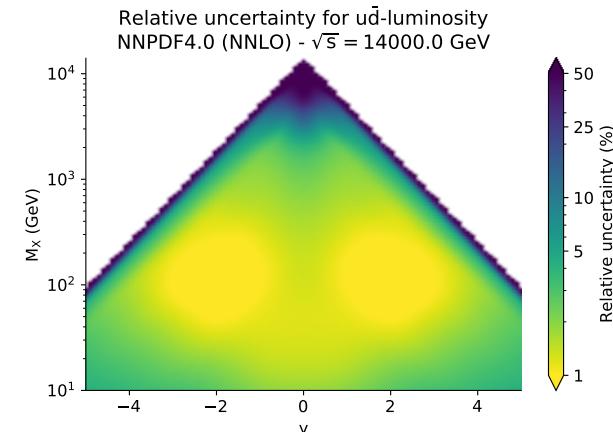
GLUON



SINGLET



FLAVORS



- **TYPICAL UNCERTAINTIES IN DATA REGION:** SINGLET $\sim 1\%$, NONSINGLET $\sim 2 - 3\%$
- **DATA REGION:** $10 \lesssim M_X \lesssim 3 \cdot 10^3$ TeV, $-4 \lesssim y \lesssim 4$